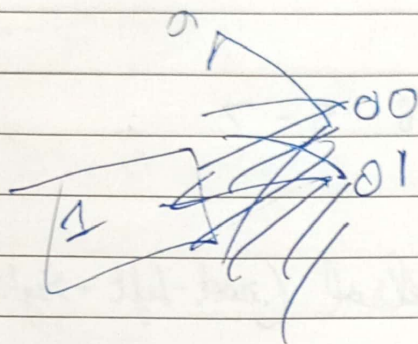


# DAA.

Unit 3: →

Numericals: → Flow shop scheduling  
Knapsack with dynamic  
Optimal binary search tree.  
Washi & Floyd

Theory: → Travelling salesman problem  
(find the shortest route).



Syllabus: → DAA

\* Unit 1: Asymptotic notations (10 Marks)

Theory: → various types of time complexities. (5m)

Numericals: → Finding time complexity of codes (5m)  
(any code can come)

\* Unit 2: → (14 Marks)

~~Theory~~ Divide & conquer, greedy method, merge sort, quick sort, etc.

✓ Theory: → Features of (Divide & conquer & greedy or difference between them.

Algorithm: → Prism algorithm (Pseudo code & example)  
Kruskals  
Knapsack with greedy.

\* Unit 3: → Knapsack with dynamic programming approach (13 marks)

Theory: → Features of dynamic programming  
Theory of optimality.

Unit 4: → (5 marks)

Theory: → Back tracking & Branch & Bound.  
(Features / Difference / definition)

N-Queens problem.

Codetantra for back tracking  
graph covering  
Hamilton

Codetantra for Hamilton program

no need :→ knapsack

Unit 5: → (3M)

→ What are different categories of algorithms. or difference.

~~All~~ Theory :→ NP Hard & NP complete (example)

No need :→ Heap sort.

ESE :→ (Practical)

linear search	} Full
Binary	
Merge	
Quick	

remaining → parts / partials  
can break and ask