

ITEC1620: Object-Based Programming Assignment 1

Assignment instructions. Please READ CAREFULLY.

- a- The due date for this assignment is Oct. 11, 2022, at 11:59 pm (firm date). No LATE SUBMISSIONS are accepted.
- b- You need to submit your assignments to eClass. You should only submit .java or /txt files (NO OTHER FORMAT IS ACCEPTED). You need to use Eclipse IDE for the assignment. If you have any issues, please let your TA know; otherwise, you will not get any marks on the assignment if it is not submitted on eClass and by the due date.
- c- In each program, add at the beginning a comment with your name and student number.
- d- You need to add comments to your code to explain your solution steps in each question. Do not add unnecessary comments.
- e- For the below questions, YOU SHOULD NOT USE LOOPS (for, while....) OR CONDITIONALS (if..else,....), otherwise, you will lose one mark out of 5. The objective of this assignment to assess your understanding of primitive data types and expressions.

Questions

1- Write a Java code that asks the user to enter the integer (x, y) coordinates of two points that form a straight line, reads these coordinates, and calculate the slope (a) and the slope-intercept (b) that form the equation of the straight line as follows:

$$y = ax + b$$

 $a = (y_2 - y_1)/(x_2 - x_1)$
 $b = y_2 - a*x_2$

Then ask the user to enter the integer (x_A, y_A) coordinate of a point A, read this data, and calculate the distance from this point A to the above straight line:

Then you need to get the equation of the line that passes through A and is perpendicular to the original one as follows:

The slope of the perpendicular line (a_P) is the negative inverse of the slope of the original line:

$$a_P = -1/a$$

The slope-intercept (b_P) of the perpendicular line is calculated by replacing the coordinates of point A into the equation:



$$b_P = y_A - a_P x_A$$

Once you get the equation of the perpendicular line, you need to calculate the coordinates (x_i, y_i) of the intersection point between the original line and the perpendicular one as follows.

$$x_I = \frac{b_P - b}{a - a_P}$$
$$y_I = ax_I + b$$

Lastly, get the distance as follows:

$$distance = \sqrt{(x_A - x_I)^2 + (y_A - y_I)^2}$$

When printing the slope and the slope-intercept values, DON'T ENTER THEM MANUALLY (otherwise marks will be deducted).

The output should be as follows

```
Enter the x coordinate of point 1: 3
Enter the y coordinate of point 1: 7
Enter the x coordinate of point 2: 5
Enter the y coordinate of point 2: 11

The slope of the line is: 2.0
The slope intercept of the line is: 1.0

The line equation is: y = 2.0x + 1.0!!

Here is the line equation with integer format: y = 2x + 1!!

Enter the x coordinate of point A: 1
Enter the y coordinate of point A: 1

The slope of the perpendicular line is: -0.5
The slope intercept of the perpendicular line is: 1.5

The corrdinates of the intersection point are x = 0.2 and y = 1.4

The distance from point A to the line is: 0.8944271909999159!!
```

2- Write a Java program that prints the following output. Note that the numbers shown in the output should not be hardcoded (should not be written manually when printing), you should declare an integer variable, ask the user to give you lab and bonus marks, and then calculate the total and print the numbers accordingly. You should also use "escape sequences" as well when printing out these drawings. The student info should be entered by the user. Make sure to have the spaces in your code, otherwise, marks will be deducted. DON'T ENTER/WRITE THE STUDENT NAMES/MARKS/TOTAL MARK MANUALLY (OTHERWISE MARKS WILL BE DEDUCTED).



The output is as follows.

```
Let's do some printing :)
****
***
Enter info
Enter students names:
William
MaryLin
Enter students lab marks:
75
Enter students bonus marks:
John
                   3
                           37
William
           45
75
Ann
MaryLin
                   2
                           47
\ 'Enjoy the term!' \\\\\
```

3- Write a Java code that asks the user to enter the radius *r* of a sphere, reads it, and calculate the volume and area of the sphere as follows:

$$Area = 4\pi r^2$$

$$Volume = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

For this question, you should use Math function for doing the "power" and " π ". When printing the volume and the area values, DON'T ENTER THEM MANUALLY (otherwise marks will be deducted). Only print 2 numbers after the decimal points.

The output should be as follows

```
Enter the radius of the sphere: 10

The area of the sphere is: 1256.64

The volume of the sphere is: 4188.79
```

Good luck!