#### **How To Add New Panels**

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### **Table of Contents**

1.	Introduction	Ţ
2.	Sample Panel	7
3.	Detailed Steps	9



# **Chapter 1. Introduction**

Three content creation tools, World Editor Model Editor and Particle Editor, use a custom tear-off panel system developed by BigWorld. This system allows for easy creating of new panels from C++ which can then be docked, teared off and resized by the user. For more information, please see the Content Tools Reference Guide's section *Panel System*.



## **Chapter 2. Sample Panel**

We have included a barebones panel template example in the World Editor Visual Studio project that can be used either in World Editor, Model Editor or Particle Editor. It is implemented in the file src/tools/worldeditor/gui/pages/page\_my\_panel.cpp and its corresponding header file. The code is well documented, and includes comments about how to convert that template into an actual panel in the tool.



### **Chapter 3. Detailed Steps**

It is always best to start by looking at one of the other panels, or from the self-explanatory sample panel template described above, but it is also important to know the detailed steps involved in the process.

First, you start from either a CDialog or a CFormView. A CDialog is simpler and won't show scrollbars if the tab is resized too small. CDialog classes are great if you make your dialog's controls to expand / shrink with the panel. A CDialog based example would be PageOptionsHistogram, in src/tools/bigbang/page\_options\_histogram.?pp. A CFormView creates scrollbars as needed, so it's great for when you want to keep your controls the same size and position inside the dialog, and show scrollbars if the tab is smaller than a certain size. An example of this would be PageOptionsWeather, in src/tools/bigbang/page\_options\_weather.?pp. It is probably possible to inherit from other MFC classes, but those are the two we use.

Whatever MFC base class you use, you also need to inherit from GUITABS::Content, which is the base class that allows the GUITABS Manager to handle tab/panel docking/floating of your dialog. GUITABS::Content is pure virtual, but there are some macros that were written afterwards that implement all its methods with reasonable default implementations. These macros are defined in src/lib/guitabs/content.hpp, and are well documented there. For example, PageOptionsWeather uses the IMPLEMENT\_BASIC\_CONTENT macro at the beginning of the class' declaration.

You also need to declare a factory for your dialog. Again, some handy macros found in src/lib/gui-tabs/content\_factory.hpp will be sufficient in most cases. Note that there's a special macro for CDi-alog derived panels, called IMPLEMENT\_CDIALOG\_CONTENT\_FACTORY.

Once you have done all this, you are ready to go. All it's left is to register the factory, and to create a the panel manually in case a previous layout.xml file doesn't exist. Both these things are done in the Panel-Manager class, which for World Editor is in src/tools/bigbang/panel\_manager.?pp. In the method PanelManager::initPanels, the factories are registered. For example, the PageOptionsWeather factory is registered like this:

```
GUITABS::Manager::instance()->registerFactory(
new PageOptionsWeatherFactory() );
```

You must also manually insert the panel inside PanelManager::loadDefaultPanels like this:

Last, there's a map that we build manually to keep track of the panels currently supported in the tool. This is handy for when a new panel is added, the tool will detect that it's missing in the layout.xml file, and will reload the default panel layout which should bring up the new panel (because you add it there with insertPanel() as described above). This is done in the PanelManager constructor, so simply add your panel there. Particle Editor has its own way of checking for missing dialogs as well, in PanelManager::finishLoad().

Once you do all this, the tool will take care of all the docking / floating of your panel, plus it will save your last panel layout to disk or load the default layout when it needs to (i.e. the user requests it by clicking on the appropriate menu item).

