# 计算流体力学第二次作业

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### 1 数理算法原理

# 1.1 对于一阶导数 $rac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ 的差分格式

#### 1.1.1 采用两个网格点的一阶格式

利用泰勒展开式,对于  $u_{i+1}$ ,我们有:

$$u_{i+1} = u_i + \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + O(\Delta x^2)$$
 (1)

在等式两侧同时除以  $\Delta x$ , 我们可以得到:

$$\frac{u_{i+1} - u_i}{\Delta x} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + O(\Delta x) \tag{2}$$

由此可知,差分格式为:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{u_{i+1} - u_i}{\Delta x} \tag{3}$$

将右侧展开后观察阶数:

$$\frac{u_{i+1} - u_i}{\Delta x} = \frac{u_i + \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\Delta x^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + O(\Delta x^3) - u_i}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \frac{\Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\Delta x^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + O(\Delta x^3)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\Delta x}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + O(\Delta x^2)$$
(4)

由于截断误差为一阶,所以,该格式为一阶格式。

#### 1.1.2 采用四个网格点的三阶格式

采用待定系数法,我们采用四个网格点来构造差分格式,设这一格式为:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = a_1 u_{i-1} + a_2 u_i + a_3 u_{i+1} + a_4 u_{i+2} \tag{5}$$

将  $u_{i-1}$ 、、 $u_{i+1}$ 、 $u_{i+2}$  分别用泰勒展开式展开,得到:

$$u_{i-1} = u_i - \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4)$$

$$u_{i+1} = u_i + \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4)$$

$$u_{i+2} = u_i + 2\Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2(\Delta x)^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{4(\Delta x)^3}{3} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4)$$
(6)

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带入 (4) 式中, 得到:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = a_1 \left( u_i - \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4) \right) + a_2 u_i 
+ a_3 \left( u_i + \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4) \right) 
+ a_4 \left( u_i + 2\Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2(\Delta x)^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{4(\Delta x)^3}{3} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4) \right) 
= (a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4) u_i + (-a_1 + a_3 + 2a_4) \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \left( \frac{a_1}{2} + \frac{a_2}{2} + a_3 + 2a_4 \right) (\Delta x)^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} 
+ \left( -\frac{a_1}{6} + \frac{a_2}{6} + \frac{a_3}{6} + \frac{4a_4}{3} \right) (\Delta x)^3 \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^3)$$
(7)

比较两侧系数得到一下方程组:

$$\begin{cases} a_1 + a_2 + a_3 + a_4 &= 0\\ \Delta x (-a_1 + a_3 + 2a_4) &= 1\\ \frac{a_1}{2} + \frac{a_3}{2} + 2a_4 &= 0\\ -\frac{a_1}{6} + \frac{a_3}{6} + \frac{4a_4}{3} &= 0 \end{cases}$$
(8)

解得:

$$\begin{cases} a_1 &= -\frac{1}{3\Delta x} \\ a_2 &= -\frac{1}{2\Delta x} \\ a_3 &= \frac{1}{\Delta x} \\ a_4 &= -\frac{1}{6\Delta x} \end{cases}$$
(9)

因此,最终的四网格点差分格式为:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = \frac{-2u_{i-1} - 3u_i + 6u_{i+1} - u_{i+2}}{6\Delta x} \tag{10}$$

同理,将右侧展开后观察阶数可以得知该格式为三阶格式。

## 1.2 对于二阶导数 $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ 的差分格式

#### 1.2.1 采用三个网格点的一阶格式

利用泰勒展开式,对于  $u_{i+1}$ ,我们有:

$$u_{i+1} = u_i + \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\Delta x^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + O(\Delta x^3)$$
(11)

对于  $u_{i+2}$ ,我们有:

$$u_{i+2} = u_i + 2\Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2(\Delta x)^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + O(\Delta x^3)$$
(12)

利用 (10) 式和 (11) 式,消去  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ ,我们可以得到该差分公式:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{u_{i+2} - 2u_{i+1} + u_i}{(\Delta x)^2}$$
 (13)

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将右侧展开后观察阶数:

$$\frac{u_{i+2} - 2u_{i+1} + u_i}{(\Delta x)^2} = \frac{1}{(\Delta x)^2} \cdot \left[ (u_i + 2\Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + 2(\Delta x)^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{4(\Delta x)^3}{3} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4) \right] 
- 2(u_i + \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4) + u_i \right] 
= \frac{(\Delta x)^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + (\Delta x)^3 \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4)}{(\Delta x)^2} 
= \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + (\Delta x) \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^2)$$
(14)

因此,该格式为一阶格式。

#### 1.2.2 采用三个网格点的二阶格式

同理,首先设定差分格式为:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = b_1 u_{i-1} + b_2 u_i + b_3 u_{i+1} \tag{15}$$

对于  $u_{i-1}$ 、 $u_{i+1}$ ,我们有:

$$u_{i-1} = u_i - \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4)$$

$$u_{i+1} = u_i + \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4)$$
(16)

带入得到:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = b_1 \left( u_i - \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} - \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4) \right) 
+ b_2 u_i + b_3 \left( u_i + \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{(\Delta x)^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{(\Delta x)^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^4) \right) 
= (b_1 + b_2 + b_3) u_i + (-b_1 + b_3) \Delta x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + (\frac{b_1}{2} + \frac{b_3}{2}) (\Delta x)^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} 
+ (-\frac{b_1}{6} + \frac{b_3}{6}) (\Delta x)^3 \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^3} + O(\Delta x^2)$$
(17)

比较两侧系数得到以下方程组:

$$\begin{cases} b_1 + b_2 + b_3 &= 0\\ -b_1 + b_3 &= 0\\ (\Delta x)^2 (\frac{b_1}{2} + \frac{b_3}{2}) &= 1\\ -\frac{b_1}{6} + \frac{b_3}{6} &= 0 \end{cases}$$
(18)

解得:

$$\begin{cases}
b_1 &= \frac{1}{\Delta x^2} \\
b_2 &= -2\frac{1}{\Delta x^2} \\
b_3 &= \frac{1}{\Delta x^2}
\end{cases}$$
(19)

因此,最终的三网格点差分格式为:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{u_{i-1} - 2u_i + u_{i+1}}{\Delta x^2} \tag{20}$$

同理,将右侧展开后观察阶数可以得知该格式为二阶格式。

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- 3 结果讨论和物理解释