一、简介

```
1.Canal,译意为水道/管道/沟渠,阿里开源的框架,主要用途是基于 MySQL 数据库增量日志解析,提供增量数据订阅和消费。
2.Canal的工作原理就是把自己伪装成MySQL slave,模拟MySQL slave的交互协议向MySQL Mater发送 dump协议,

MySQL master收到canal发送过来的dump请求,开始推送binary log给Canal,然后Canal解析binary log,再发送到存储目的地,比如MySQL,Kafka,Elastic Search等等。
```

```
Master

I am a slave

RocketMO

PULSAR

...
```

二、准备MySQL

```
1 //支持版本 5.1.x , 5.5.x , 5.6.x , 5.7.x , 8.0.x
2 1. 创建挂载目录
3 mkdir -vp /home/docker/mysql/{conf,data,logs}
5 2.挂载并启动容器
6 docker run --name mysql \
 7 -e TZ=Asia/Shanghai \
 8 -e MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=root \
      /home/docker/mysql/data:/var/lib/mysql \
     /home/docker/mysql/conf:/etc/mysql/mysql.conf.d \
     /home/docker/mysql/logs:/logs \
12 -p 3306:3306 \
13 -p 33060:33060 \
14 --privileged=true \
15 --restart=always \
16 -d mysql:5.7.21 \
17 --character-set-server=utf8mb4 \
18 --collation-server=utf8mb4_general_ci
19
20 3.配置mysqld.cnf
21 touch /home/docker/mysql/conf/mysqld.cnf
22 //写入配置
23 cat > /home/docker/mysql/conf/mysqld.cnf << EOF</pre>
24 [mysqld]
25 log-bin=mysql-bin
26 binlog-format=row
27 server_id=3306
28 log_timestamps=SYSTEM
29 default-time-zone='+8:00'
30 EOF
31 //重启容器生效
32 docker restart mysql;
34 4.创建一个用户并授权
35 docker exec -it mysql bash
36 > mysql -uroot -proot;
37 //如果执行报已经存在该用户 drop user canal@'%'; flush privileges;
38 > create user canal identified by 'canal';
     grant SELECT, REPLICATION SLAVE, REPLICATION CLIENT on *.* to 'canal'@'%';
40 > flush privileges;
41
42 5. 检查状态
43 //是否为ON,为OFF重启容器
44 > show variables like 'log_bin';
45 //查看binlog, 记录这两个参数 mysql-bin.000001 | 154
46 > show master status;
47
```

三、搭建 Canal 服务端

数据库初始化脚本

```
? create_canal_admi....sql 3.91KB
```

```
1 //创建网桥,避免容器ip变化
2 docker network create --subnet=172.172.0.0/24 docker-canal
```

```
3 //docker network ls 查看
4 //docker network rm docker-canal 删除
1 /**
* 配置说明: /home/admin/canal-server/conf/example/instance.properties
* example 为实例名称,一个canal服务可以对应多个实例
   * 在Mysql中使用 select password('123456') 生成密码密文 *6BB4837EB74329105EE4568DDA7DC67ED2CA2AD9
   * 参数说明如下:
6 */
7 # 指定外部数据库地址
8 canal.instance.master.address=10.207.0.169:3306
9 # binlog日志名称(可省略)
10 canal.instance.master.journal.name=mysql-bin.000001
    mysql主库链接时起始的binlog偏移量(可省略)
12 canal.instance.master.position=154
    在MySQL服务器授权的账号密码
14 canal.instance.dbUsername=root
15 canal.instance.dbPassword=root
16 # 字符集
17 canal.instance.connectionCharset = UTF-8
18 canal.instance.enableDruid=false
    监听所有表,也可以写具体的表名用逗号隔开
20 canal.instance.filter.regex=.*\\..*
    数据解析表的黑名单,多个表用逗号隔开
22 canal.instance.filter.black.regex=mysql\\.slave_.*
    MQ绑定的路由key名称
24 canal.mq.topic=canal_key
25
26 /*
   * 配置说明: /home/admin/canal-server/conf/canal.properties
   * 参数说明如下:
29 */
    canal配置
31 canal.ip = 绑定本机不然随机选取一个本地IP
32 canal.register.ip = zk地址
33 canal.port = 服务端口,默认11111
34 canal.metrics.pull.port = 11112
    canal-admin页面管理配置
36 canal.admin.manager = 10.207.0.167:8089
37 canal.admin.port = 11110
38 canal.admin.user = admin
39 canal.admin.passwd = 6BB4837EB74329105EE4568DDA7DC67ED2CA2AD9
40 canal.admin.register.auto = true
41 canal.admin.register.cluster = 集群名称
42 canal.admin.register.name = server名称
                                 指定实例名称,可在/conf目录下新建其他实例目录
43 canal.destinations = example
                                 指定连接类型: tcp(代码监听), kafka, rocketMQ, rabbitMQ, pulsarMQ
44 canal.serverMode = rabbitMQ
45 rabbitmq.host = 10.207.0.164
                                 MQ地址
46 rabbitmq.virtual.host = /SFJC
                                 虚拟主机
47 rabbitmq.exchange = canal.exchange 交换机名称
48 rabbitmq.username = guest
49 rabbitmq.password = guest
50 rabbitmq.deliveryMode = 2
                                 投递模式,2-持久化
53 1.启动服务并复制挂载文件
54 docker run --name canal-server -p 11111:1111 -d canal/canal-server
55 mkdir -vp /home/docker/canal/server/{conf/example,logs}
56 //docker exec -it canal-server bash
57 docker cp canal-server:/home/admin/canal-server/conf/canal.properties /home/docker/canal/server/conf/
docker cp canal-server:/home/admin/canal-server/conf/example/instance.properties /home/docker/canal/server/conf/example/
60 2.修改配置文件
61 [canal.properties]
62 canal.serverMode = rabbitMQ
63 rabbitmq.host = 10.207.0.164
64 rabbitmq.virtual.host = /SFJC
65 rabbitmq.exchange = canal.exchange
66 rabbitmq.username = guest
67 rabbitmq.password = guest
68 rabbitmq.deliveryMode = 2
69
   【instance.properties】
71 canal.instance.master.address=10.207.0.169:3306
72 canal.instance.dbUsername=root
73 canal.instance.dbPassword=root
74 canal.mq.topic=canal.key
75
76 3.登录rabbitMQ并设置
77 > http://10.207.0.164:15672/
    新增虚拟主机 /SFJC 新增队列 canal queue 新增交换机 canal exchange
    绑定队列与交换机 路由键为 canal.key
81 4.移除容器,重新挂载启动
82 docker stop canal-server; docker rm canal-server
```

```
docker run --name canal-server \

docker run --name canal-server \

10 -p 11111:11111 \

11 -p 11112:11112 \

12 -p 1900:9100 \

13 -v /home/docker/canal/server/conf/canal.properties:/home/admin/canal-server/conf/canal.properties \

14 -v /home/docker/canal/server/conf/example/instance.properties:/home/admin/canal-server/conf/example/instance.properties \

15 -v /home/docker/canal/server/logs/:/home/admin/canal-server/logs/ \

16 --privileged=true \

17 --restart=always \

18 --net docker-canal --ip 172.172.0.2 \

19 --net docker-canal-server
```

```
2022-06-06 10:31:58.070 [Thread-6] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalStarter - ## stop the canal server
2022-06-06 10:31:58.265 [Thread-6] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalController - ## stop the canal server[172.17.0.2(172.17.0.2):1111]
2022-06-06 10:31:58.274 [Thread-6] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalStarter - ## canal server is down.
2022-06-06 10:32:00.770 [main] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalLauncher - ## set default uncaught exception handler
2022-06-06 10:32:00.785 [main] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalLauncher - ## load canal configurations
2022-06-06 10:32:00.986 [main] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalStarter - ## start the canal server.
2022-06-06 10:32:01.025 [main] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalController - ## start the canal server[172.17.0.2(172.17.0.2):1111]
2022-06-06 10:32:02.411 [main] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalStarter - ## the canal server is running now ......
[root@64936d248a5a canal]#
```

```
2022-06-06 10:32:02.406 [main] INFO c.a.otter.canal.instance.core.AbstractCanalInstance - subscribe filter change to .*\..*

2022-06-06 10:32:02.406 [main] WARN c.a.o.canal.parse.inbound.mysql.dbsync.LogEventConvert - --> init table filter : ^.*\..*$

2022-06-06 10:32:02.406 [main] INFO c.a.otter.canal.instance.core.AbstractCanalInstance - start successful....

2022-06-06 10:32:02.438 [destination = example , address = /10.207.0.169:3306 , EventParser] WARN c.a.o.c.p.inbound.mysql.rds.RdsBinlogEventParserProxy - prepare to find start position just last position

{"identity":{"slaveId":-1, "sourceAddress":{"address":10.207.0.169","port":3306}}, "postion":{"gtid":"","included":false,"journalName":"mysql-bin.000001", "position":31037, "serverId":3306, "timestamp":1654481957000}}

2022-06-06 10:32:02.844 [destination = example , address = /10.207.0.169:3306 , EventParser] WARN c.a.o.c.p.inbound.mysql.rds.RdsBinlogEventParserProxy - ---> find start position successfully, EntryPosition[included=false,journalName=mysql-bin.000001,position=31037,serverId=3306,gtid=,timestamp=1654481957000] cost : 481ms , the next step is binlog dump

[root@64936d248a5a example] # ls
```

```
2 > update t_order set count = 7 where order_no = '202205270004';
```

Overview								Message rates		
Virtual host	Name	Туре	Features	State	Ready	Unacked	Total	incoming	deliver / get	ack
/SFJC " "	canal.queue	classic	DArgs	idle	1	0	1	0.00/s	0.00/s	0.00/s
/SFJC	queue.receipt	classic	D Args	idle.	. 3	. 0	3.			

```
Message 1

The server reported 0 messages remaining.

Exchange
Routing
Key
Redelivered
Properties
Payload
583 bytes
Encoding:
String

**Total and a string of the server reported of messages remaining.

**Get消息

**Getříle

*
```

格式化校验

1 5.数据库修改一条数据

```
1 * {
 2.*
       "data": [{
         "id": "4",
 3
 4
         "order_no": "202205270004",
         "amount": "1000".
                                                       新值
 6.
         "count": "7",
          "addr": "广州市番禺区星海学院",
 8
         "phone": null,
 9
         "create_date": "2022-06-01 16:52:09"
10
11
       "database": "sf_mall",
12.
       "es": 1654482521000,
13
       "id": 1,
14
       "isDdl": false,
15 🕏
       "mysqlType": {
16
         "id": "int(11)",
17
         "order no": "varchar(20)",
18
         "amount": "decimal(10,0)",
19
         "count": "int(11)",
20-
         "addr": "varchar(80)",
21
         "phone": "varchar(20)",
22.
          "create date": "datetime"
23
24
       "old": [{
                                     旧值
25
          "count": "6"
26
       }],
```

```
1 6.再修改一条数据
2 > update t_order set count = 5 where order_no = '202205270004';
```

Overview						Messages				Message rates			
Virtual host	Name	Туре	Fea	tures	State	Ready	Unacked	Total	j	incoming	deliver / get	ack	
/SFJC	canal.queue	classic	Đ	Args	idle	2	0	2	2	0.00/s	0.00/s	0.00/s	
/SFJC	queue.receipt	classic	D	Args	idle	. 3	0	3	3.				

四、客户端连接

```
1 1.依赖
2 <!-- canal -->
3 <dependency>
```

```
<groupId>com.alibaba.otter
      <artifactId>canal.client</artifactId>
      <version>1.1.4
7 </dependency</pre>
8
9 2.工具类
import com.alibaba.otter.canal.client.CanalConnector;
import com.alibaba.otter.canal.client.CanalConnectors;
12 import com.alibaba.otter.canal.protocol.CanalEntry;
import com.alibaba.otter.canal.protocol.Message;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.InitializingBean;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Component;
16
17 import java.net.InetSocketAddress;
18 import java.util.List;
20 import static com.alibaba.otter.canal.protocol.CanalEntry.*;
21
22 /*
      canal 拦截 mysql binlog
24 */
26 public class CannalClient implements InitializingBean {
27
      private final static int BATCH_SIZE = 1000;
28
29
      @Override
30
      public void afterPropertiesSet() throws Exception {
31
32
          // 创建链接
          CanalConnector connector = CanalConnectors.newSingleConnector(new InetSocketAddress("10.207.0.167", 11111), "example", "canal");
33
          try {
34
              //打开连接
35
              connector.connect();
36
              //订阅数据库表,全部表
37
              connector.subscribe(".*\\..*");
38
              //回滚到未进行ack的地方,下次fetch的时候,可以从最后一个没有ack的地方开始拿
39
              connector.rollback();
40
              while (true) {
41
                  // 获取指定数量的数据
42
                  Message message = connector.getWithoutAck(BATCH_SIZE);
43
44
45
                  //获取批量ID
                  long batchId = message.getId();
                  //获取批量的数量
47
                  int size = message.getEntries().size();
                  //如果没有数据
49
50
                  if (batchId == -1 || size == 0) {
51
                     try {
                         //线程休眠2秒
52
                         Thread.sleep(2000);
53
                     } catch (InterruptedException e) {
54
                         e.printStackTrace();
55
56
                  } else {
57
                     //如果有数据,处理数据
58
                     printEntry(message.getEntries());
59
60
                  //进行 batch id 的确认。确认之后,小于等于此 batchId 的 Message 都会被确认。
61
                  connector.ack(batchId);
62
63
          } catch (Exception e) {
64
              e.printStackTrace();
65
          } finally {
66
              connector.disconnect();
67
68
69
70
      /**
71
       * 打印canal server解析binlog获得的实体类信息
72
       */
73
74
      private static void printEntry(List<Entry> entrys) {
          for (Entry entry : entrys) {
75
              if (entry.getEntryType() == EntryType.TRANSACTIONBEGIN || entry.getEntryType() == EntryType.TRANSACTIONEND) {
76
                  //开启/关闭事务的实体类型, 跳过
77
                  continue;
78
79
              //RowChange对象,包含了一行数据变化的所有特征
80
              //比如isDdl 是否是ddl变更操作 sql 具体的ddl sql beforeColumns afterColumns 变更前后的数据字段等等
81
82
              RowChange rowChage;
              try {
83
                  rowChage = RowChange.parseFrom(entry.getStoreValue());
84
              } catch (Exception e) {
85
                  throw new RuntimeException("ERROR ## parser of eromanga-event has an error , data:" + entry.toString(), e);
86
87
              //获取操作类型: insert/update/delete类型
88
              EventType eventType = rowChage.getEventType();
```

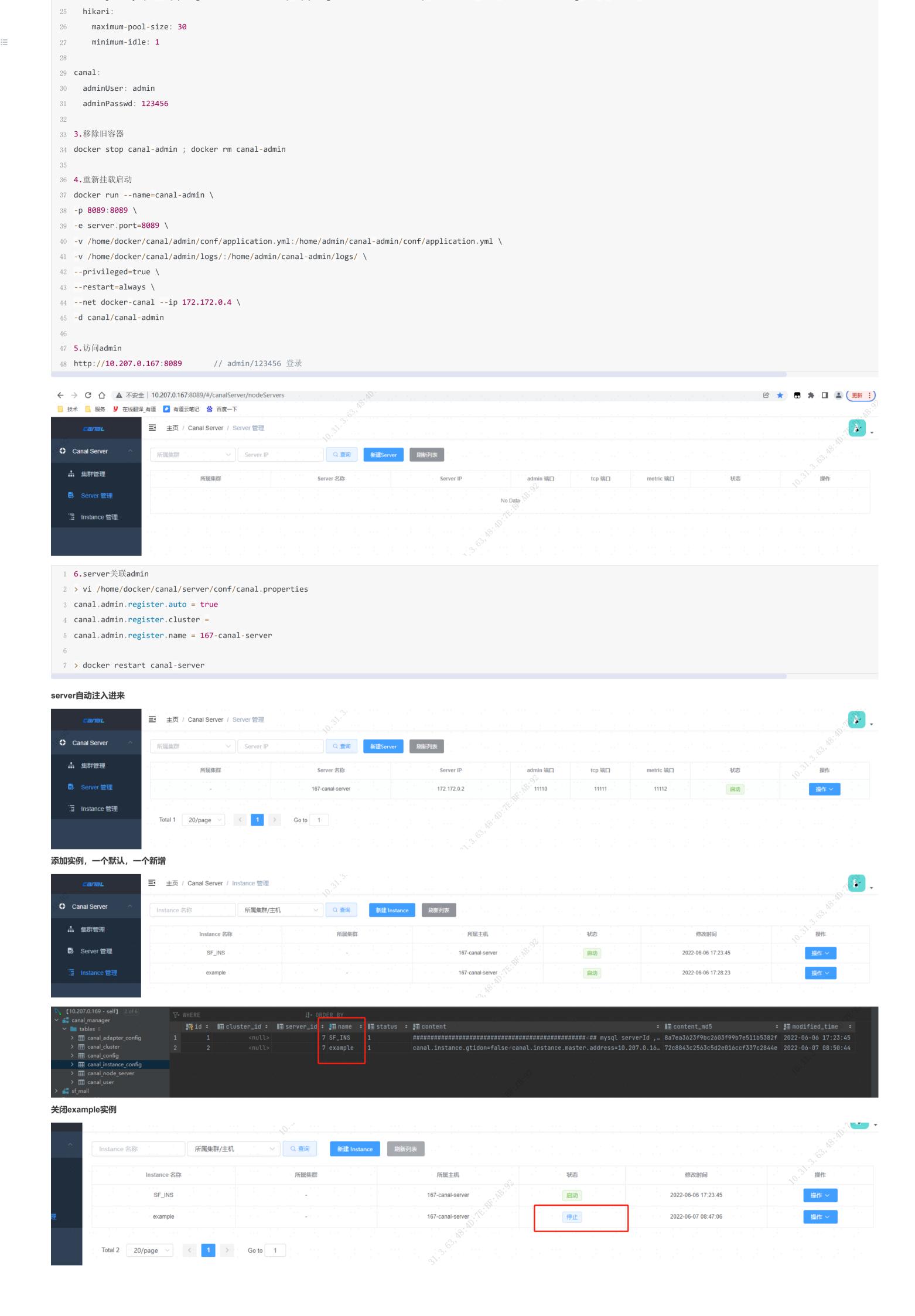
```
//打印Header信息
 90
 91
               System.out.println();
               System.out.println(String.format("> binlog及偏移量[%s:%s] , 库/表[%s,%s] , 操作类型[%s]",
 92
 93
                       entry.getHeader().getLogfileName(), entry.getHeader().getLogfileOffset(),
                       entry.getHeader().getSchemaName(), entry.getHeader().getTableName(),
 94
                       eventType));
 95
               //判断是否是DDL语句
 96
               if (rowChage.getIsDdl()) {
 97
                   System.out.println("> DDL sql: " + rowChage.getSql());
 99
               //获取RowChange对象里的每一行数据,打印出来
100
               for (CanalEntry.RowData rowData : rowChage.getRowDatasList()) {
101
                   //删除语句
102
                   if (eventType == EventType.DELETE) {
103
                       printColumn(rowData.getBeforeColumnsList());
104
                   } else if (eventType == EventType.INSERT) {
105
                       printColumn(rowData.getAfterColumnsList());
106
                   } else {
107
                       //变更前的数据
108
                       System.out.println(">> 变更前数据");
109
                       printColumn(rowData.getBeforeColumnsList());
110
                       //变更后的数据
111
                       System.out.println(">> 变更后数据");
112
                       printColumn(rowData.getAfterColumnsList());
113
114
115
116
117
118
        private static void printColumn(List<Column> columns) {
119
120
           for (Column column : columns) {
               System.out.println(column.getName() + " : " + column.getValue() + " update=" + column.getUpdated());
121
122
123
124 }
126 3.测试
127 //将 canal.properties 中的 canal.serverMode = rabbitMQ 改为 canal.serverMode = tcp 后重启服务,不然代码层面监听会报异常
     update t_order set count = 4 where order_no = '202205270004';
129
```

```
> binlog及偏移量[mysql-bin.000001:32078] ,库/表[sf_mall,t_order] ,操作类型[UPDATE]
>> 变更前数据
         update=false
order no: 202205270004
                         update=false
amount: 1000
               update=false
count : 5
           update=false
addr : 广州市番禺区星海学院
                          update=false
           update=false
phone :
create date : 2022-06-01 16:52:09
                                  update=false
>> 变更后数据
id: 4 update=false
order_no : 202205270004
                         update=false
amount : 1000 update=false
count : 4 update=true
addr : 广州市番禺区星海学院
                          update=false
           update=false
phone:
create_date : 2022-06-01 16:52:09
                                 update=false
```

五、Admin管理界面

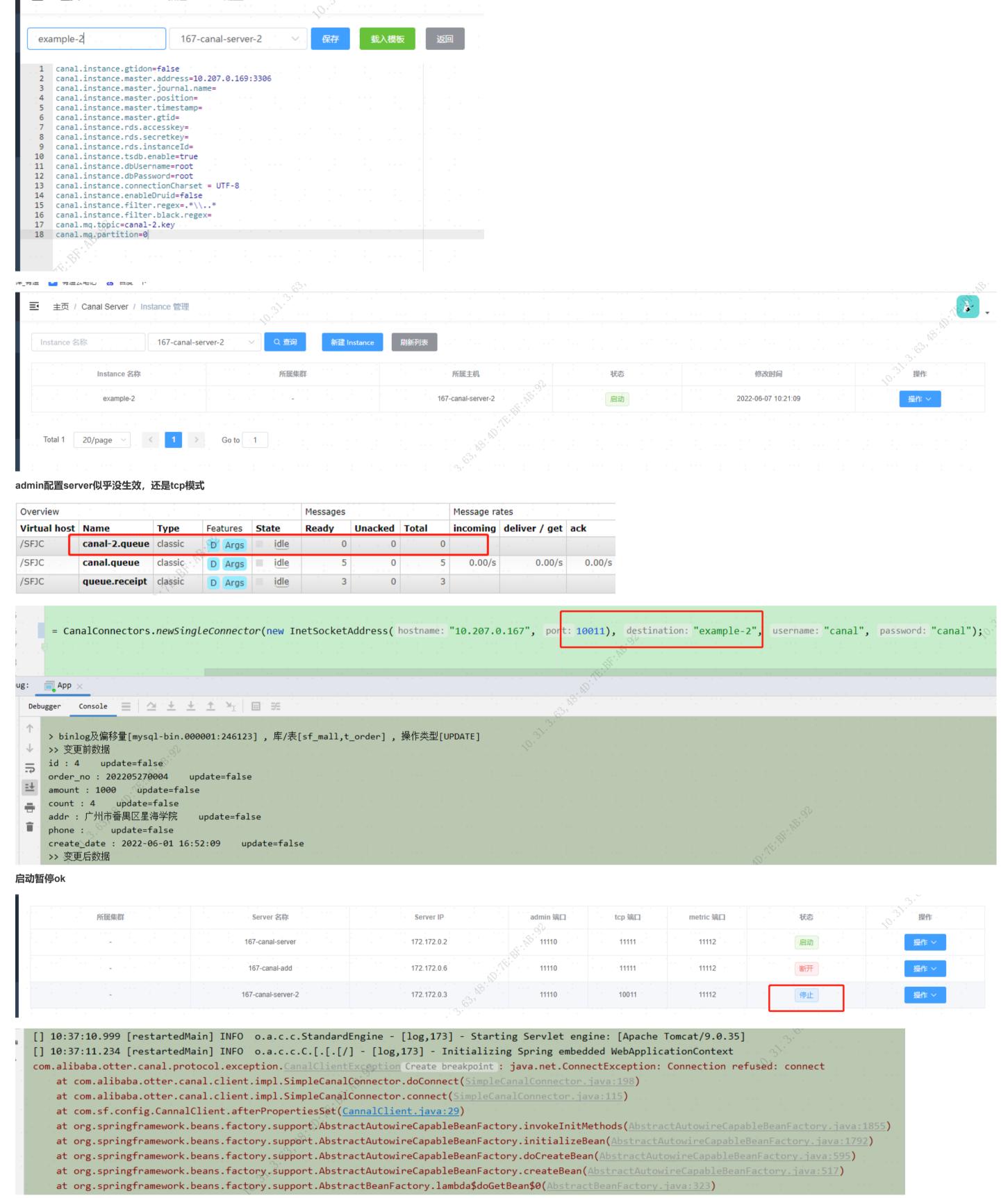
```
1 //登录密码不能少于6位,故改为123456 如果指定了数据库,以数据库里的canal_user表为准
2 //在Mysql中使用 select password('123456') 生成密码密文 *6BB4837EB74329105EE4568DDA7DC67ED2CA2AD9
3 1.启动服务并复制挂载文件
4 docker run --name=canal-admin -p 8089:8089 -d canal/canal-admin
5 mkdir -vp /home/docker/canal/admin/{conf,logs}
6 //docker exec -it canal-admin bash
7 docker cp canal-admin:/home/admin/canal-admin/conf/application.yml /home/docker/canal/admin/conf/
9 2.配置
11 server:
    port: 8089 # docker启动需要单独指定,否则不生效
13 spring:
    jackson:
      date-format: yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss
15
16
      time-zone: GMT+8
17
18 spring.datasource:
    address: 10.207.0.169:3306
    database: canal_manager
20
    username: root
    password: root
    driver-class-name: com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
```

url: jdbc:mysgl://\${spring.datasource.address}/\${spring.datasource.database}?useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8&useSSL=false

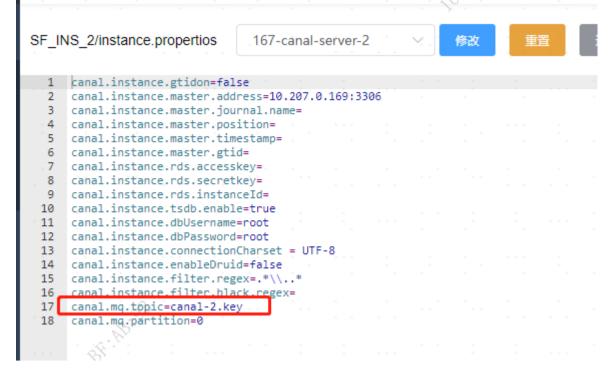


```
[] 08:47:29.995 [restartedMain] INFO com.sf.App - [logStarting,55] - Starting App on DESKTOP-8DJKDML with PID 7140 (D:\git\docker_springboot\target\classes started by FORMSSI in D:\git\docker_spring
   [] 08:47:30.011 [restartedMain] DEBUG com.sf.App - [logStarting,56] - Running with Spring Boot v2.3.0.RELEASE, Spring v5.2.6.RELEASE
   [] 08:47:30.011 [restartedMain] INFO com.sf.App - [logStartupProfileInfo,651] - No active profile set, falling back to default profiles: default
   [] 08:47:33.631 [restartedMain] INFO o.a.c.h.Http11NioProtocol - [log,173] - Initializing ProtocolHandler ["http-nio-8088"]
   [] 08:47:33.632 [restartedMain] INFO o.a.c.c.StandardService - [log,173] - Starting service [Tomcat]
   [] 08:47:33.632 [restartedMain] INFO o.a.c.c.StandardEngine - [log,173] - Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/9.0.35]
   [] 08:47:33.976 [restartedMain] INFO o.a.c.c.C.[.[.[/] - [log,173] - Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
   com.alibaba.otter.canal.protocol.exception.CanalClientException: failed to subscribe with reason: something goes wrong with channel:[id: 0x73831cf2, /10.31.3.63:50427 => /172.172.0.2:11111], excepti
       at com.alibaba.otter.canal.client.impl.SimpleCanalConnector.subscribe(SimpleCanalConnector.java:249)
       at com.sf.config.CannalClient.afterPropertiesSet(<u>CannalClient.java:31</u>)
       at org.springframework.beans.factory.support.AbstractAutowireCapableBeanFactory.invokeInitMethods(AbstractAutowireCapableBeanFactory.java:1855)
       at org.springframework.beans.factory.support.AbstractAutowireCapableBeanFactory.initializeBean(Abst
监听新增的SF_INS实例
  23
  24
         esSet() throws Exception {
  25
         ior = CanalConnectors.newSingleConnector(new InetSocketAddress( hostname: "10.207.0.167", port: 11111), destination: "SF_INS",
                                                                                                                                         username: "canal", password: "canal");
  26
  27
  28
                                                                                                                     admin界面上, 在server下添加的新实例
         ();
  29
 Debug:
        App App
     [] 09:19:35.485 [restartedMain] INFO o.a.c.c.StandardEngine - [log,173] - Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/9.0.35]
         [] 09:19:35.812 [restartedMain] INFO o.a.c.c.C.[.[.[/] - [log,173] - Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
 | ▶
         > binlog及偏移量[mysql-bin.000001:159554] ,库/表[sf_mall,t_order] ,操作类型[UPDATE]
 Ш
         >> 变更前数据
         id : 4 update=false
         order_no : 202205270004
                                 update=false
          amount : 1000 update=false
         count : 1 update=false
         addr : 广州市番禺区星海学院
                                   update=false
         phone :
                   update=false
 0
         create_date : 2022-06-01 16:52:09 update=false
         >> 变更后数据
六、多server容器
  1 1.新增server-2容器
  2 docker run --name canal-server-2 -p 10011:11111 --net docker-canal --ip 172.172.0.3 -d canal/canal-server
  3 //docker stop canal-server-2; docker rm canal-server-2
  4 //docker exec -it canal-server-2 bash
  5 //cd /home/admin/canal-server/conf
  6 //docker restart canal-server-2
  canal.metrics.pull.port = 11112
  # canal instance user/passwd
  # canal.user = canal
  # canal.passwd = E3619321C1A937C46A0D8BD1DAC39F93B27D4458
 # canal admin config
  canal.admin.manager = 10.207.0.167:8089
  canal.admin.port = 11110
  canal.admin.user = admin
  canal.admin.passwd = 6BB4837EB74329105EE4568DDA7DC67ED2CA2AD9
 # admin auto register
  canal.admin.register.auto = true
  canal.admin.register.cluster =
  canal.admin.register.name = 167-canal-server-2
  canal.zkServers =
  # flush data to zk
 主页 / Canal Server / Server 管理
    所属集群
                          Server IP
               所属集群
                                            Server 名称
                                                                           Server IP
                                                                                                 admin 端口
                                                                                                                 tcp 端口
                                                                                                                                                                          操作
                                                                                                                               metric 端口
                                                                                                                                                    状态
              server自动注入
                                           167-canal-server
                                                                          172.172.0.2
                                                                                                  11110
                                                                                                                  11111
                                                                                                                                 11112
                                                                                                                                                    启动
                                                                                                                                                                          操作 ~
                                            167-canal-add
                                                                          172.172.0.6
                                                                                                   11110
                                                                                                                  11111
                                                                                                                                 11112
                                                                                                                                                    断开
                                                                          172.172.0.3
                                          167-canal-server-2
                                                                                                   11110
                                                                                                                  11111
                                                                                                                                 11112
                                                                                                                                                    启动
              server2自动注入
                                                          页面直接添加, 无效
     T. 10 ...
  1 2.登录rabbitMQ并设置
  2 > 在虚拟主机/SFJC下 新增队列 canal-2.queue 新增交换机 canal-2.exchange
  3 > 绑定队列与交换机 路由键为 canal-2.key
  5 3.在admin管理界面配置server及实例,添加MQ信息
  162 rocketmq.tag =
  163
      #########
                                     165
                        RabbitMO
       167
      # tcp, kafka, rocketMQ, rabbitMQ
  168 canal.serverMode = rabbitMQ
      rabbitmq.host = /SFJC
   170 rabbitmq.virtual.host = 10.207.0.164
  171 rabbitmq.exchange = canal-2.exchange
  172 rabbitmq.username = guest
  173 rabbitmq.password = guest
  174 rabbitmq.deliveryMode = 2
```

[zero-test]



既然admin上修改canal.properties没用,那就去server容器改吧,然后在admin添加一个实例 SF_INS_2



Overview						Messages			Message rates			
Virtual host	Name	Туре	Features	State	Ready	Unacked	Total	incoming	deliver / get	ack		
/SFJC	canal-2.queue	classic	D Args	idle	3.	0	3	0.00/s				
/SFJC	canal.queue	classic	D Args	idle	, 11	0	11	0.00/s	0.00/s	0.00/s		
/SFJC	queue.receipt	classic	D Args	idle	3	0	3	,	, ,			

```
2022-06-07 11:07:03.627 [canal-instance-scan-0] INFO c.a.o.c.i.spring.support.PropertyPlaceholderConfigurer - Properties resource not found: class path resource [SF_INS_2/instance.properties] cannot be opened because it does not exist 2022-06-07 11:07:03.696 [canal-instance-scan-0] INFO c.a.o.c.i.spring.support.PropertyPlaceholderConfigurer - Properties resource not found: class path resource [SF_INS_2/instance.properties] cannot be opened because it does not exist 2022-06-07 11:07:03.759 [canal-instance-scan-0] INFO c.a.o.c.a.otter.canal.instance-WithSpring - start CannalInstance for 1.5F_INS_2 2 2022-06-07 11:07:03.760 [canal-instance-scan-0] WARN c.a.o.canal.parse.inbound.mysql.dbsync.LogEventConvert ---> init table filter: 2022-06-07 11:07:03.760 [canal-instance-scan-0] INFO c.a.otter.canal.instance-ore.AbstractCanalInstance - start successful.... 2022-06-07 11:07:03.777 [destination = SF_INS_2 address = /10.207.0.169:3306 [eventParser] WARN c.a.o.c.p.inbound.mysql.rds.RdsBinlogEventParserProxy - prepare to find start position, it will be long time for reset or first position 2022-06-07 11:07:03.777 [destination = SF_INS_2, address = /10.207.0.169:3306 [eventParser] WARN c.a.o.c.p.inbound.mysql.rds.RdsBinlogEventParserProxy - prepare to find start position just show master status 2022-06-07 11:07:04.102 [destination = SF_INS_2, address = /10.207.0.169:3306 [eventParser] WARN c.a.o.c.p.inbound.mysql.rds.RdsBinlogEventParserProxy - ----> find start position successfully, EntryPosition[included=false.journalName=mysql-bin.000001,position=280215,serverId=3306,gtid=,timestamp=1654571219000] cost: 325ms , the next step is binlog.dimp
```

七、Canal目录结构

```
└─ canal
   ├─ admin
       - conf
          └─ application.yml
       └─ logs
          ├─ admin
              <u>---- 2022-06-06</u>
                 └─ admin-2022-06-06-0.log.gz
           └─ admin.log

— server

       ├─ conf

── canal.properties

          └─ example
              └─ instance.properties
          ├─ canal
              ├─ 2022-06-06
              └── canal-2022-06-06-0.log.gz
             ├─ canal.log
              ├─ canal_stdout.log
              └─ rocketmq_client.log
           - example
              2022-06-06
              └─ meta-2022-06-06-0.log.gz
              - example.log
             └─ meta.log
            - SF_INS
              — 2022-06-06
                 └── SF INS-2022-06-06-0.log.gz
              - meta.log
              └── SF_INS.log
```

【最佳实践】

- 1. Server 可以单独启动,并配置实例
- 2. Server 配置 admin 相关参数,启动后自动注入到 admin 管理界面
- 3. Admin 新增 server 以及对自动注入的 server 修改配置都不会生效,新增实例配置没问题
- 4. Admin 查询 server 及实例状态、启动暂停都没问题
- 5. 如果对某个DB实例既要代码监听又要MQ监听,可以启动两个 server 在各自配置里指定 tcp 或 rabbitMQ 模式

【异常】:

```
问题:canal容器启动失败,配置文件属于挂载外部文件,容器内没有权限读取
```

原因: centos7 安全子系统 Selinux 禁止了一些安全权限,导致进行挂载目录时出现这个错误

解决:可以在 docker run 命令中加入 --privileged=true 设置, 给容器加上特定权限

问题: 启动canal, 报canal-admin密码错误

```
2022-05-31 15:19:06.842 [main] INFO com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalLauncher - ## load canal configurations
2022-05-31 15:19:07.323 [main] ERROR com.alibaba.otter.canal.deployer.CanalLauncher - ## Something goes wrong when starting up the canal Server:
com.alibaba.otter.canal.common.CanalException: load manager config failed.
Caused by: com.alibaba.otter.canal.common.CanalException: requestGet for canal config error: auth :admin is failed
```

问题:com.alibaba.otter.canal.protocol.exception.CanalClientException: java.net.ConnectException: Connection refused: connect

原因:MQ的连接需要将 canal.properties 中的 canal.serverMode = rabbitMQ,如需代码监听 改为 canal.serverMode = tcp

问题: Caused by: java.net.BindException: Cannot assign requested address

原因: canal.ip = 10.207.0.167 绑定本机真实ip,由于docker默认网络类型为bridge,不特殊指定的话,容器内部分配的ip为172.17.0.x

解决: docker创建网桥, 启动时固定容器ip, 参考docker