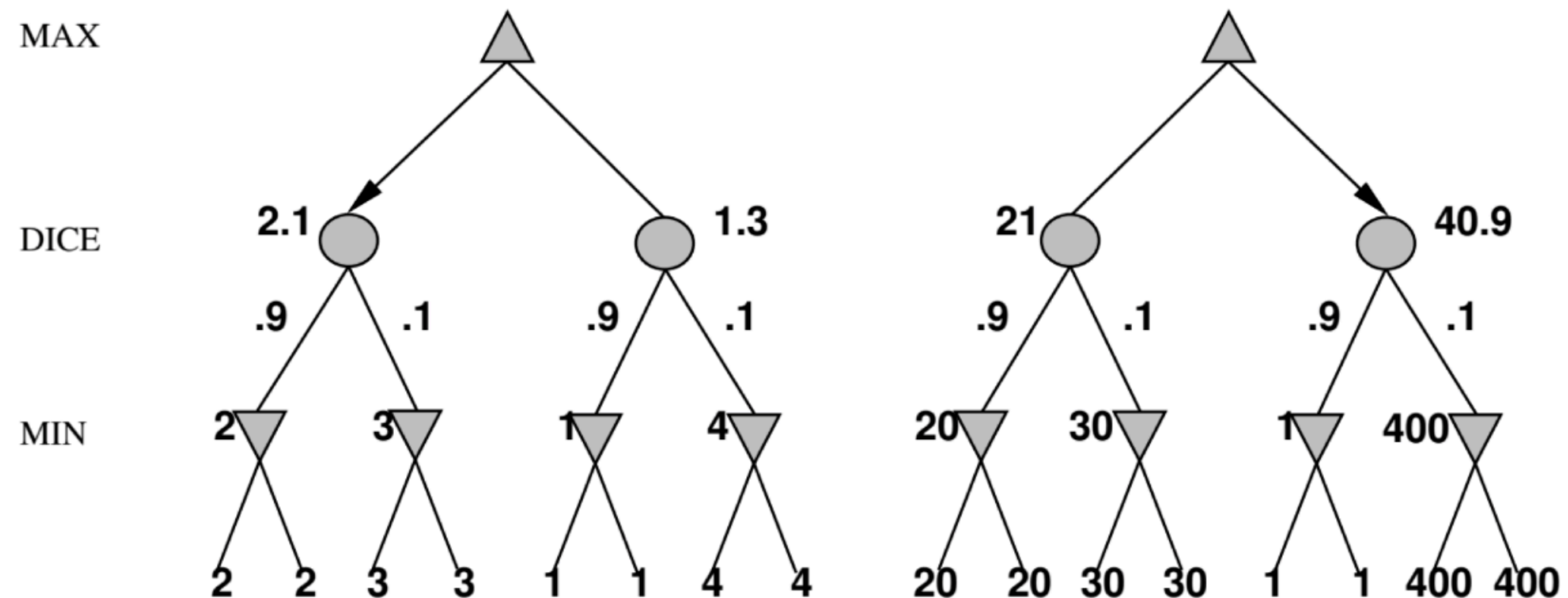


Meet with stochastic outcomes

- $\alpha - \beta$ pruning -> calculating the **expected** returned value
- EVAL function: need to be exact (or positive linear) to guarantee optimal



Other topics

- Imperfect information, Common sense, Risk minimization...
- Lecture slides provides detailed explanation (skipped)