

# Zeru-Zhou-project9

March 21, 2022

## 1 Project 9 – Zeru Zhou

TA Help: NA

Collaboration: NA

- Get help from Dr. Ward's videos

### 1.1 Question 1

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
```

```
[2]: dat = pd.read_parquet("/depot/datamine/data/disney/total.parquet")
      dat.head()
```

```
[2]:
```

		datetime	SACTMIN	SPOSTMIN	ride_name	status
0	2015-01-01	08:27:58	NaN	NaN	pirates_of_caribbean	closed
1	2015-01-01	08:56:55	NaN	NaN	pirates_of_caribbean	closed
2	2015-01-01	08:57:38	NaN	NaN	pirates_of_caribbean	closed
3	2015-01-01	08:58:34	NaN	NaN	pirates_of_caribbean	closed
4	2015-01-01	09:24:55	NaN	NaN	pirates_of_caribbean	closed

```
[3]: dat['status'].isna().value_counts()
```

```
[3]: False      3443445
      Name: status, dtype: int64
```

```
[4]: dat.groupby("ride_name")['status'].count()
```

```
[4]: ride_name
      7_dwarfs_train      321631
      alien_saucers      129876
      dinosaur          252403
      expedition_everest  275274
      flight_of_passage   184818
      kilimanjaro_safaris  257785
      navi_river          182121
      pirates_of_caribbean 301946
      rock_n_rollercoaster 277509
```

slinky_dog	135946
soarin	274770
spaceship_earth	277248
splash_mountain	287948
toy_story_mania	284170

Name: status, dtype: int64

Number of rows for each rides are listed above.

## 1.2 Question 2

```
[5]: print(f"There are {dat['SPOSTMIN'].notna().sum()} rows that SPOSTMIN is not null")
```

There are 3146086 rows that SPOSTMIN is not null

```
[6]: print(f"There are {dat['SACTMIN'].notna().sum()} rows that SACTMIN is not null")
```

There are 96171 rows that SACTMIN is not null

```
[7]: def sort_combine(dat):
    # Find the time before and after
    dat['time_after'] = dat['datetime'].shift(-1)
    dat['time_before'] = dat['datetime'].shift(1)

    # Find the SPOSTMIN before and after value
    dat['SPOSTMIN_after'] = dat['SPOSTMIN'].shift(-1)
    dat['SPOSTMIN_before'] = dat['SPOSTMIN'].shift(1)

    # Find the time difference
    dat['time_diff_after'] = dat['datetime'] - dat['time_after']
    dat['time_diff_before'] = dat['datetime'] - dat['time_before']

    # Find the shortest time
    dat['Previous_is_shorter'] = dat['time_diff_after'].abs() < dat['time_diff_before'].abs()

    # Filter the NA value
    dat = dat.loc[dat['SACTMIN'].notna(), :]

    # Replace value
    dat.loc[dat['Previous_is_shorter'] == True, 'SPOSTMIN'] = dat['SPOSTMIN_before']
    dat.loc[dat['Previous_is_shorter'] != True, 'SPOSTMIN'] = dat['SPOSTMIN_after']

    # Time difference
```

```

    dat.loc[dat['Previous_is_shorter']==True, 'time_diff'] = dat.
    ↳loc[dat['Previous_is_shorter']==True, 'time_diff_before']
    dat.loc[dat['Previous_is_shorter']!=True, 'time_diff'] = dat.
    ↳loc[dat['Previous_is_shorter']!=True, 'time_diff_after']

    # Drop Variables
    dat = dat.drop(columns = ['time_after', 'time_before', 'SPOSTMIN_after',
    ↳'SPOSTMIN_before', 'time_diff_after', 'time_diff_before',
    ↳'Previous_is_shorter'])

    # Return data
    return(dat)

```

```

[8]: reduced = dat.groupby('ride_name').apply(sort_combine).reset_index(drop=True)
    reduced.head()

```

```

[8]:
      datetime  SACTMIN  SPOSTMIN  ride_name status \
0 2015-01-01 08:05:30    54.0    60.0 7_dwarfs_train  open
1 2015-01-01 08:22:16    55.0    60.0 7_dwarfs_train  open
2 2015-01-02 12:20:00   160.0   120.0 7_dwarfs_train  open
3 2015-01-02 21:49:47    65.0    60.0 7_dwarfs_train  open
4 2015-01-03 00:44:09    19.0    60.0 7_dwarfs_train  open

      time_diff
0   0 days 00:03:17
1 -1 days +23:59:04
2 -1 days +23:56:49
3 -1 days +23:58:35
4 -1 days +23:55:22

```

New dataframe and columns are created.

### 1.3 Question 3

```

[9]: reduced.shape

```

```

[9]: (96171, 6)

```

```

[10]: dat.shape

```

```

[10]: (3443445, 5)

```

```

[11]: 3443445-96171

```

```

[11]: 3347274

```

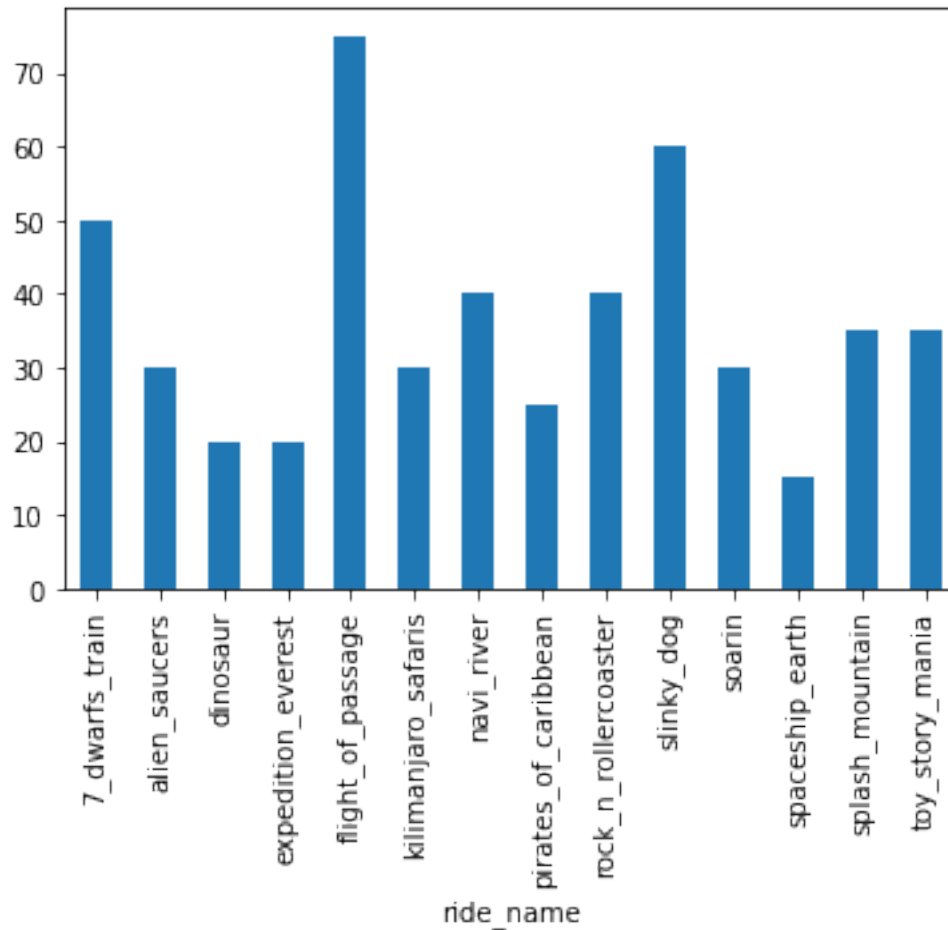
```
[12]: reduced.groupby('ride_name').median().sort_values('SACTMIN', ascending=True)
```

```
[12]:
```

	SACTMIN	SPOSTMIN
ride_name		
spaceship_earth	7.0	15.0
expedition_everest	13.0	20.0
pirates_of_caribbean	16.0	25.0
dinosaur	17.0	20.0
kilimanjaro_safaris	18.0	30.0
alien_saucers	21.0	30.0
soarin	22.0	30.0
splash_mountain	22.0	35.0
toy_story_mania	23.0	35.0
navi_river	24.0	40.0
rock_n_rollercoaster	26.0	40.0
7_dwarfs_train	31.0	50.0
slinky_dog	37.0	60.0
flight_of_passage	53.0	75.0

```
[13]: reduced.groupby('ride_name')['SPOSTMIN'].median().plot.bar()
```

```
[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='ride_name'>
```



Reduced dataframe is 3347274 rows less than the original one. The median is closer in compare to the original one. It is close enough to be able to draw compariations because we could see that the time differences are at most few minutes.

#### 1.4 Question 4

```
[20]: reduced = reduced.loc[reduced['time_diff'].abs() <= '0 days 01:00:00']
      reduced.shape
```

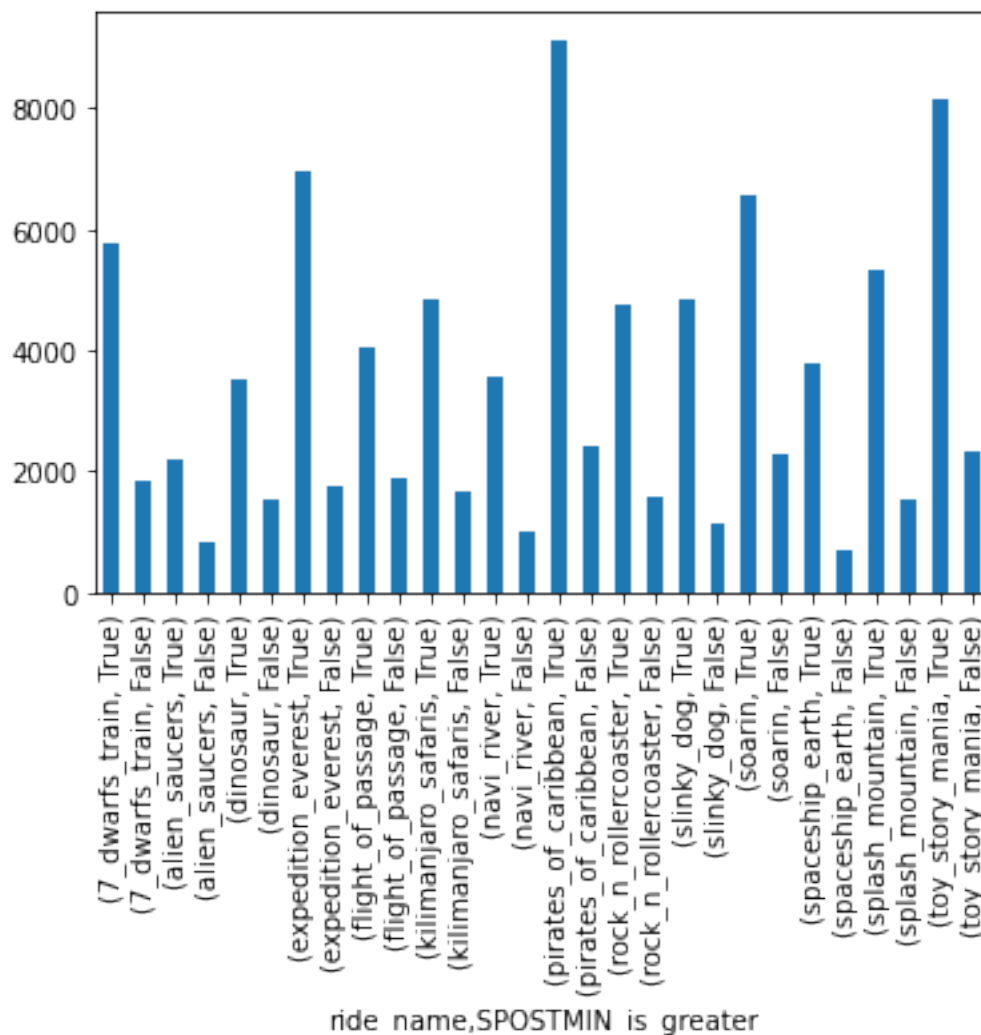
```
[20]: (95947, 6)
```

```
[21]: reduced['SPOSTMIN_is_greater']=reduced['SPOSTMIN']>reduced['SACTMIN']
```

```
[23]: Count = reduced.groupby('ride_name')['SPOSTMIN_is_greater'].value_counts()
```

```
[24]: Count.plot.bar()
```

```
[24]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='ride_name,SPOSTMIN_is_greater'>
```



Question: For different ride names, how many of rows are the SPOSTMIN greater than SACTMIN?  
Hypothesis: In most cases SPOSTMIN would be greater than SACTMIN. The graph is drawn above, and we found that indeed in most cases, SPOSTMINs are greater than SACTMINs.

## 1.5 Pledge

By submitting this work I hereby pledge that this is my own, personal work. I've acknowledged in the designated place at the top of this file all sources that I used to complete said work, including but not limited to: online resources, books, and electronic communications. I've noted all collaboration with fellow students and/or TA's. I did not copy or plagiarize another's work.

As a Boilermaker pursuing academic excellence, I pledge to be honest and true in all that I do. Accountable together – We are Purdue.