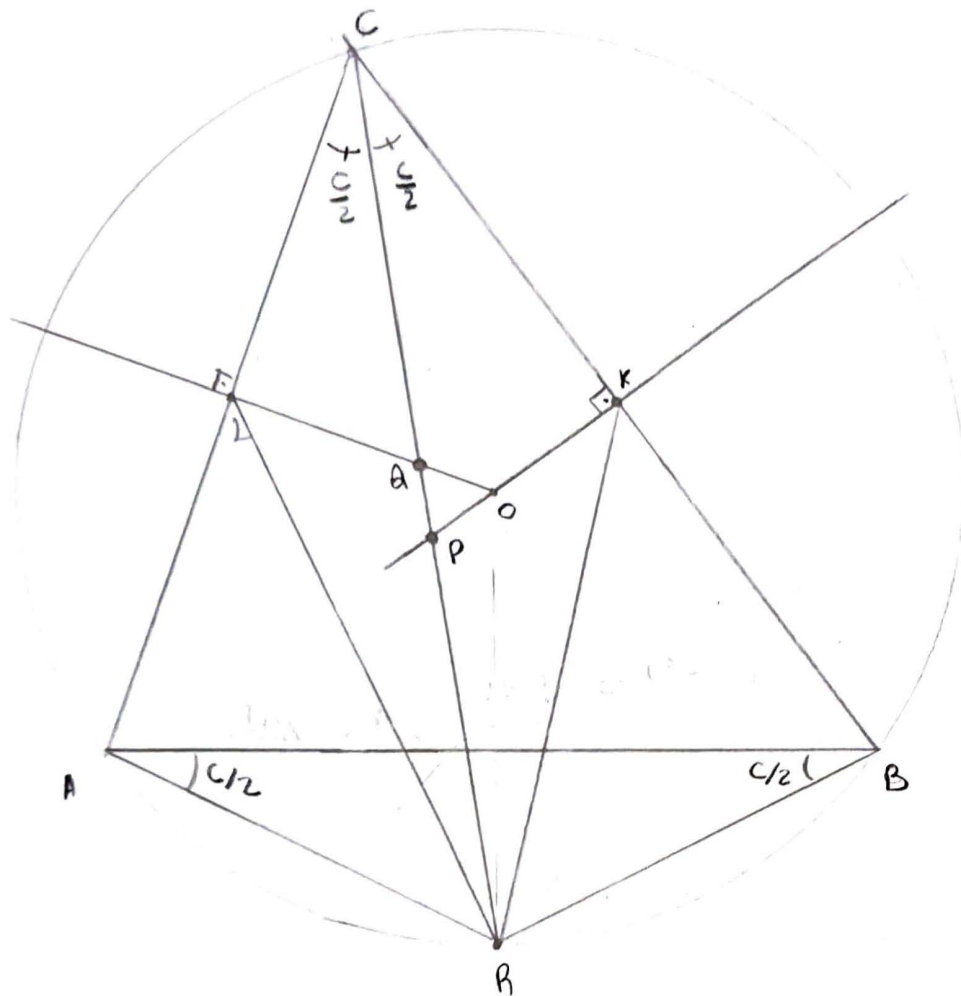


G1/2007 (IMO 2007/4)



$$\therefore \angle LQR = 90^\circ + \angle LCA = 90^\circ + \angle KCP = \angle KPR.$$

Thus, $[LAR] = [RPR] \Leftrightarrow \frac{LQ \cdot QR \cdot \sin(\angle LQR)}{2} = \frac{KP \cdot PR \cdot \sin(\angle KPR)}{2} \Leftrightarrow$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{L_A}{K_P} = \frac{P_R}{Q_R}$$

But, $\triangle CLQ \sim \triangle CRP \Rightarrow \frac{LQ}{RP} = \frac{CQ}{CP}$.

$$CP = R \cdot \frac{\sin A}{\cos C} ; CA = R \frac{\sin B}{\cos C}$$

$$CP + CA = \frac{R}{\cos C} (\sin A + \sin B) = \frac{R}{\cos C} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{A-B}{2}\right)$$

$$CP + CA = R \cdot \cos\left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right) = CR \Rightarrow CA = PR \text{ e } CP = AR. \Rightarrow \frac{LA}{KP} = \frac{CA}{CP} = \frac{PR}{AR}$$

