

Additional exercise 1:

Tv_img_interp.m

```
% tv_img_interp.m
% Total variation image interpolation.
% EE364a
% Defines m, n, Uorig, Known.

% Load original image.
Uorig = double(imread('tv_img_interp.png'));

[m, n] = size(Uorig);

% Create 50% mask of known pixels.
rand('state', 1029);
Known = rand(m,n) > 0.5;

%%%%% Put your solution code here

% Calculate and define U12 and Utv.

% Placeholder:
U12 = ones(m, n);
Utv = ones(m, n);

% Calculate U12
cvx_begin
    variables U12(m,n)
    U1 = U12(2:end,2:end) - U12(1:(end-1),2:end)
    U2 = U12(2:end,2:end) - U12(2:end,1:(end-1))
    minimize(norm([U1(:) ; U2(:)],2))
    subject to
        U12(Known) == Uorig(Known)
cvx_end

%Calculate Utv
cvx_begin
    variables Utv(m,n)
    U1 = Utv(2:end,2:end) - Utv(1:(end-1),2:end)
    U2 = Utv(2:end,2:end) - Utv(2:end,1:(end-1))
    minimize(norm([U1(:) ; U2(:)],1))
    subject to
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        Utv(Known) == Uorig(Known)
cvx_end

%%%%%%

% Graph everything.
figure(1); cla;
colormap gray;

subplot(221);
imagesc(Uorig)
title('Original image');
axis image;

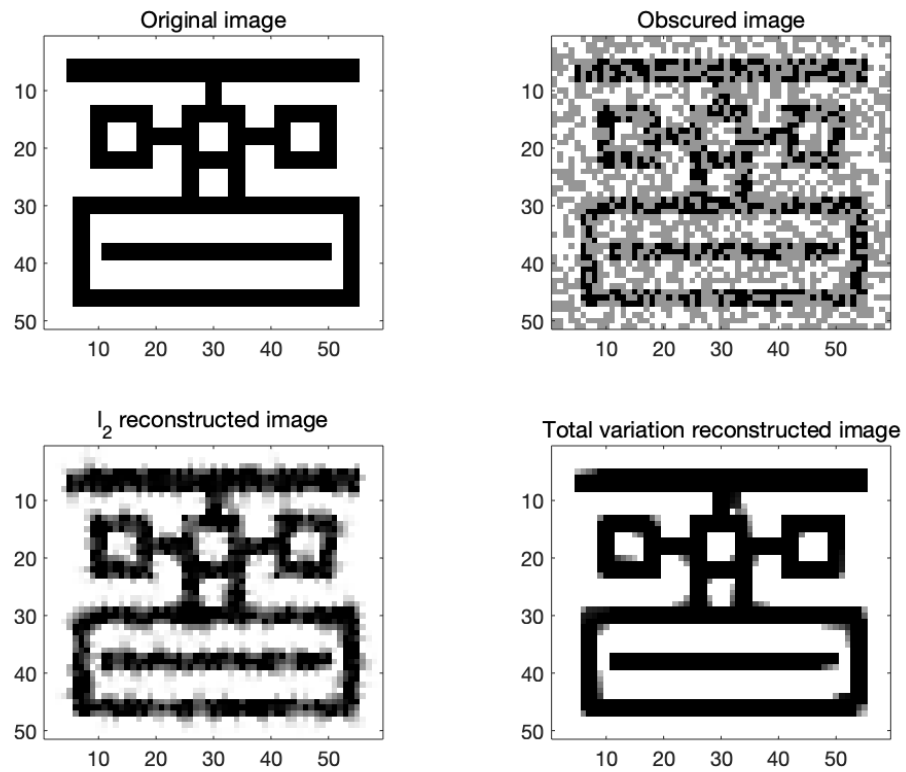
subplot(222);
imagesc(Known.*Uorig + 256-150*Known);
title('Obscured image');
axis image;

subplot(223);
imagesc(Ul2);
title('l_2 reconstructed image');
axis image;

subplot(224);
imagesc(Utv);
title('Total variation reconstructed image');
axis image;

```

The result is:



Additional Exercise 2:

```
plot(x,y,'k:','linewidth',2);
hold on;

for K = 2:5
    a = linspace(0,1,K);
    index = 0;
    % find x index lies in each section
    for i = 2:K
        temp = find(x<=a(i));
        index = [index,temp(end)];
    end
```

```

% cvx
cvx_begin
    variables alpha_fit(K-1) beta_fit(K-1)
    F = [];

    % define the vector of constraint 1 (convex)
    C1 = alpha_fit(2:K-1) - alpha_fit(1:K-2);

    % Calculate each piecewise function
    for i = 1:K-1
        f = alpha_fit(i) .* x((index(i)+1):index(i+1)) +
beta_fit(i);
        F = [F;f];
    end

    lhs = [];
    rhs = [];
    for i = 1:K-2
        lhs = [lhs;alpha_fit(i) * a(i+1) + beta_fit(i)];
        rhs = [rhs;alpha_fit(i+1) * a(i+1) + beta_fit(i+1)];
    end

    % define minimize function
    minimize(norm(F-y))
    subject to
        C1 >= 0;
        lhs == rhs;
cvx_end

if K==2
    plot(x,F,'y','linewidth',2)
elseif K==3
    plot(x,F,'r','linewidth',2)
elseif K==4
    plot(x,F,'g','linewidth',2)
else
    plot(x,F,'b','linewidth',2)
end

```

```

end
xlabel('x');
ylabel('y');
legend({'original' , 'affine fit','1 internal knot point' , '2
internal knot point3', ...
'3 internal knot points'}
, 'Location' , 'NorthWest');

```

The result is:

```

K = 0
alpha_fit =

```

```

    1.9110

```

```

beta_fit =

```

```

   -0.8725

```

```

K=1

```

```

alpha_fit =

```

```

   -0.2708

```

```

    4.0928

```

```

beta_fit =

```

```

   -0.3325

```

```

   -2.5143

```

```

K=2

```

```

alpha_fit =

```

```

   -1.8061

```

```

    2.6675

```

```

    4.2477

```

```

beta_fit =

```

-0.1026
-1.5938
-2.6473

K=3

alpha_fit =

-3.1558
2.1155
2.6762
4.8993

beta_fit =

0.0309
-1.2869
-1.5672
-3.2345

