

Data manipulation Language (DML)

Query	Usage
<pre>INSERT INTO <i>table_name</i> (<i>column1</i>, <i>column2</i>, <i>column3</i>, ...) VALUES (<i>value1</i>, <i>value2</i>, <i>value3</i>, ...);</pre>	Insert new records in a table.
<pre>UPDATE <i>table_name</i> SET <i>column1</i> = <i>value1</i>, <i>column2</i> = <i>value2</i>, ... WHERE <i>condition</i>;</pre>	modify the existing records in a table.
<pre>DELETE FROM <i>table_name</i> WHERE <i>condition</i>;</pre>	Delete existing records in a table.

Note:** Be careful when deleting records in a table! Notice the `WHERE` clause in the `DELETE` statement. The `WHERE` clause specifies which record(s) should be deleted. If you omit the `WHERE` clause, all records in the table will be deleted!**

SAME THING FOR UPDATE