

PDE 数值解作业五:

$$1. U_{i+1,j+1} + U_{i+1,j-1} + U_{i-1,j+1} + U_{i-1,j-1} - 4U_{ij} - 2h^2 f_{ij}$$

$$= hU_x + hU_y + \frac{h^2}{2}U_{xx} + \frac{h^2}{2}U_{yy} + U_{xy} + \frac{h^3}{6}(U_{xxx} + 3U_{xxy} + 3U_{xyx} + U_{yyy})$$

$$+ hU_x - hU_y + \frac{h^2}{2}U_{xx} + \frac{h^2}{2}U_{yy} - U_{xy} + \frac{h^3}{6}(U_{xxx} - 3U_{xxy} + 3U_{xyx} - U_{yyy})$$

$$- hU_x + hU_y + \frac{h^2}{2}U_{xx} + \frac{h^2}{2}U_{yy} - U_{xy} + \frac{h^3}{6}(-U_{xxx} + 3U_{xxy} - 3U_{xyx} + U_{yyy})$$

$$- hU_x - hU_y + \frac{h^2}{2}U_{xx} + \frac{h^2}{2}U_{yy} + U_{xy} + \frac{h^3}{6}(-U_{xxx} - 3U_{xxy} - 3U_{xyx} - U_{yyy})$$

$$- 2h^2 f_{ij} + O(h^4) = O(h^4)$$

$$2. \frac{1}{2} r_i = (i + \frac{1}{2}) \Delta r, \theta_j = j \Delta \theta, (r_i, \theta_j) \frac{r_i + \frac{1}{2} U_{i+1,j} - (r_i \frac{1}{2} + r_{i-1} \frac{1}{2}) U_{ij} + r_{i-1} \frac{1}{2} U_{i-1,j}}{r_i (\Delta r)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{U_{i,j+1} - 2U_{ij} + U_{i,j-1}}{r_i (\Delta r)^2} = f_{ij}$$

$$\text{对应的边界条件和 } \frac{2}{(\Delta r)^2} (U_{0,j} - U_{0,j}) + \frac{4}{(\Delta r \Delta \theta)^2} (U_{0,j+1} - 2U_{0,j} + U_{0,j-1}) = f_{0,j}$$

为二阶差分格式

3. 若取极小常数, 且不为零, 则此时 $\exists i, s.t. U_{i-1}, U_{i+1}$ 中有一个比 U_i 大

$$\Rightarrow L_h U_i < - (a_i U_{i-1} - b_i U_i + c_i U_{i+1}) < 0 \text{ 矛盾. 反证法}$$

$$\text{考虑 } L_h v_i = |f_i|, v_0 = v_N = 0, \frac{1}{2} w_i^\pm = v_i \pm u_i$$

$$\text{则在 } i = 1, 2, \dots, N-1 \text{ 时, } |L_h u_i| = |f_i| \leq L_h v_i \Rightarrow L_h w_i^+ \geq 0$$

$$\text{又 } i = 0, N \text{ 时, } w_i^\pm = 0. \text{ 故 } w_i^\pm \geq 0$$

$$\text{故 } |u_i| \leq v_i, \text{ 又 } v_i \leq \frac{|f_i|}{d_i} \Rightarrow \max_i |u_i| \leq \max_i \frac{|f_i|}{d_i}$$