

4725.

$$P27.12: j(\varepsilon) := J(u + \varepsilon y) = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (u' + \varepsilon y')^2 dx - 2 \int_0^1 (u + \varepsilon y) dx - u(\omega) - \varepsilon y(\omega)$$

$$\Rightarrow j'(\varepsilon) = \int_0^1 y'^2 dx \cdot \varepsilon + \int_0^1 u'v' dx - 2 \int_0^1 y u dx - y(\omega)$$

$$\Rightarrow j'(\omega) = \int_0^1 u' y' dx - 2 \int_0^1 y u dx - y(\omega) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -u'(\omega) y(\omega) - \int_0^1 u'' y dx - 2 \int_0^1 y dx - y(\omega) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} u'' + 2 = 0 \\ u'(\omega) + 1 = 0 \\ u(1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow u = -x^2 + x + 2$$

$$P100.2. u) f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & (|x| < a) \\ 0 & (|x| > a) \end{cases}$$

$$\bar{f}(u) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\sin a \pi}{\lambda}$$

$$\bar{f}(u) = (x^2 f)_1 = i^2 \frac{d^2}{d\lambda^2} f_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left( \frac{a^2 \sin a \lambda}{\lambda} + \frac{2 \sin a \lambda}{\lambda^3} - 2a \cos \frac{a \lambda}{\lambda^2} \right)$$

$$12) f(u) = x g(u) = i \frac{d}{d\lambda} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{2a}{a^2 + \lambda^2} \right) = -2i \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{a \lambda}{(a^2 + \lambda^2)^2}$$

$$13) \bar{f}(\lambda) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\sin(\lambda + u) a}{\lambda + u}$$

$$14) \bar{f}(\lambda) = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2\pi} i} \left( \frac{1}{a^2 + (\lambda - \lambda_0)^2} - \frac{1}{a^2 + (\lambda + \lambda_0)^2} \right)$$

$$15). 16) \bar{f}(\lambda) (3)$$

$$17) f(u) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{a} e^{-a\lambda}$$

$$18) \bar{f}(u) = -\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{-a\lambda} \operatorname{sig}(u)$$

$$(9) \lambda > 0, \bar{f}(u) = \frac{1}{2a^3} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{-a\lambda} (1 + a\lambda)$$

$$\text{用 } f \text{ 为偶函数, 取 } \bar{f}(u) = \frac{1}{2a^3} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{-a\lambda} (1 + a|\lambda|)$$

$$4. (1) \begin{cases} \frac{d\bar{u}}{dt} + (a^2\lambda^2\bar{u} - ib\lambda\bar{u} - c\bar{u}) = \bar{f}(u, t) \\ \bar{u}(\lambda, 0) = \bar{\varphi}(\lambda) \end{cases}$$

其中  $\bar{u}(\lambda, t)$  为  $u(x, t)$  关于  $x$  的 Fourier 变换

$$\Rightarrow \bar{u}(\lambda, t) = \bar{\varphi} e^{(-a^2\lambda^2 + ib\lambda + c)t} + \int_0^t \bar{f}(\lambda, \tau) e^{(a^2\lambda^2 - ib\lambda - c)(t-\tau)} d\tau$$

对上两式演算

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \varphi(\xi) e^{(t - (x-\xi)^2 + b t)/4a^2 t} d\xi \\ + \frac{1}{2a\sqrt{\pi t}} \int_0^t \frac{1}{\sqrt{t-\tau}} d\tau \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\varphi(\xi)}{(x-\xi)^2 + y^2} d\xi$$

$$(2) u(x, y) = \frac{y}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\varphi(\xi)}{(x-\xi)^2 + y^2} d\xi$$