

Problem 1

Suppose that Alice and Bob share the entangled states

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{|00\rangle + |11\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{|0_A\rangle |0_B\rangle + |1_A\rangle |1_B\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

(a)

Write down the density operator for this state

The density operator ρ is

$$\rho = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = \frac{1}{2}(|00\rangle\langle 00| + |00\rangle\langle 11| + |11\rangle\langle 00| + |11\rangle\langle 11|)$$

(b)

Compute the density matrix. Verify that $\text{Tr}(\rho) = 1$, and determine if this is a pure state.

Writing density operator in matrix form

$$\rho = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

We could see that the $\text{Tr}(\rho) = 1$, and that

$$\text{Tr}(\rho^2) = \frac{1}{4} \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = 1$$

which means that it's a pure state.

(c)

Find the density matrix that represents the reduced operator as seen by Alice

$$\rho_A = \text{Tr}_B(\rho) = \langle 0_B | \rho | 0_B \rangle + \langle 1_B | \rho | 1_B \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle 0_A | \rho | 0_A \rangle &= \frac{1}{2} (\langle 0_A | \langle 0_B | 0_B \rangle \langle 0_B | 0_B \rangle \langle 0_A | \\ &\quad + \langle 1_A | \langle 0_B | 1_B \rangle \langle 0_B | 0_B \rangle \langle 0_A | \\ &\quad + \langle 0_A | \langle 0_B | 0_B \rangle \langle 1_B | 0_B \rangle \langle 1_A | \\ &\quad + \langle 1_A | \langle 0_B | 1_B \rangle \langle 1_B | 0_B \rangle \langle 1_A | \\ &= \frac{1}{2} |0_A\rangle\langle 0_A| \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle 1_B | \rho | 1_B \rangle &= \frac{1}{2} (|0_A\rangle\langle 1_B|0_B\rangle\langle 0_B|1_B\rangle\langle 0_A| \\
&\quad + |1_A\rangle\langle 1_B|1_B\rangle\langle 0_B|1_B\rangle\langle 0_A| \\
&\quad + |0_A\rangle\langle 1_B|0_B\rangle\langle 1_B|1_B\rangle\langle 1_A| \\
&\quad + |1_A\rangle\langle 1_B|1_B\rangle\langle 1_B|1_B\rangle\langle 1_A| \\
&= \frac{1}{2} |1_A\rangle\langle 1_A| \\
\rho_A &= \frac{1}{2} (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1|)
\end{aligned}$$

(d)

Show that the reduced density operator as seen by Alice is a completely mixed state

we see that $\rho = \frac{1}{2}I$, and $\text{Tr}(\rho^2) = \frac{1}{4}\text{Tr}(I) = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{n}$, which means the reduced density operator for Alice is a completely mixed state.

Problem 2

Consider the following matrix

$$\rho = \begin{pmatrix} 2/5 & -i/8 \\ i/8 & 3/5 \end{pmatrix}$$

(a)

Show that this matrix is Hermitian

$$\rho^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 2/5 & -i/8 \\ -(-i/8) & 3/5 \end{pmatrix} = \rho$$

(b)

Verify that the eigenvalues are $\lambda_{1,2} = (20 \pm \sqrt{41})/40$

$$\begin{aligned}
\det(\rho - \lambda I) &= \begin{vmatrix} 2/5 - (20 \mp \sqrt{41})/40 & -i/8 \\ i/8 & 3/5 - (20 \mp \sqrt{41})/40 \end{vmatrix} \\
&= (2/5 - (20 \mp \sqrt{41})/40)(3/5 - (20 \mp \sqrt{41})/40) - \frac{1}{64} \\
&= 0
\end{aligned}$$

with some help from Mathematica

Simplify[(2/5 - (20 + Sqrt[41])/40) * (3/5 - (20 + Sqrt[41])/40) - 1/64]

0

Simplify[(2/5 - (20 - Sqrt[41])/40) * (3/5 - (20 - Sqrt[41])/40) - 1/64]

0

They are indeed eigenvalues.

(c)

Does this matrix represent a valid density matrix?

we could find that $\text{Tr}(\rho) = 1$, and ρ is Hermitian stated in (a), and ρ is positive operator since its eigenvalue $\lambda_{1,2} = (20 \pm \sqrt{41})/40$. Thus, ρ is a valid density matrix.

(d)

Show that the probability of finding the system in the $|0\rangle$ state is 0.4

$$\text{Pr}_0 = \langle 0 | \rho | 0 \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2/5 & -i/8 \\ i/8 & 3/5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 2/5 = 0.4$$

(e)

Compute the components of the Bloch vector, and show that this is a mixed state

$$\langle X \rangle = \text{Tr}(\rho X) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} -i/8 & 2/5 \\ 3/5 & i/8 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$\langle Y \rangle = \text{Tr}(\rho Y) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} 1/8 & 3i/5 \\ -2i/5 & 1/8 \end{pmatrix} = 2/8$$

$$\langle Z \rangle = \text{Tr}(\rho Z) = \text{Tr} \begin{pmatrix} 2/5 & i/8 \\ i/8 & -3/5 \end{pmatrix} = -1/5$$

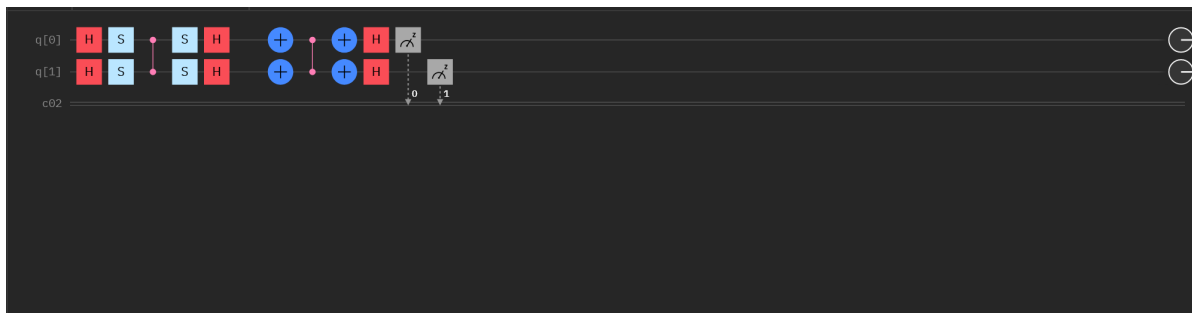
the Bloch vector is

$$\vec{S} = 0\hat{x} + 2/8\hat{y} - 1/5\hat{z}$$

$$|\vec{S}| = \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{25} < 1$$

thus this is a mixed states

Problem 3



This is the grover algorithm for finding $|00\rangle$