(a)

$$(0+1)^*111(0+1)^*10 + (0+1)^*1110$$

The string requires a suffix 10 and a substring 111. There two subcases

- 1. the substring 111 in string is separated from the suffix 10 of the string. The corresponding regular expression is (0+1)\*111(0+1)\*10. (0+1)\* is the expression for any string.
- 2. the last letter of substring 111 in string is the first letter in the suffix 10 of the string. The corresponding regular expression is  $(0+1)^*1110$

(b)

$$1*0*1*$$

If the string does not contain subsequence 010, it should not have any 0 appears after the string already have a subsequence of 01.

(c)

$$(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*1(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^* + (0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*1(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*1(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*$$

The regular expression  $(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*$  means any string where  $\ 1$  appears  $3n(n\in\mathbb{N}^+)$  times. To make number of  $\ 1$ s not be divisible by  $\ 3$ . The  $\ 1$  should appear either 3n+1 or 3n+2 times  $(n\in\mathbb{N}^+)$ . We insert extra  $\ 1$ s into the regular expression,  $(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*$ . This corresponds to  $(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*1(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*$  and  $(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*1(0^*10^*10^*)^*1(0^*10^*10^*10^*)^*$ , respectively.

(d)

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + \cdots + w_k$$

Treat each string  $w_i$  in L as a regular expression. The regular expression that define the L is the one that accept any string in L. The regular expression is thus the union of all the string in L.

(e)

Define  $h = \max_{1 \le i \le k} |w_i|$  as the maximum length of all the string in language L. Therefore, there are several cases to consider:

1. For  $l \leq h$ , we could pick a subset  $S_l \subseteq L$  that  $S_l = \{s: |s| = l\}$ . We could also have  $\Sigma^l$  (that is the set of all string with the length l). Define  $K_l = \Sigma^l \backslash S_l$ . Then  $K_l$  is all the string in the  $\bar{L}$  with length l, and the regular expression  $x_l = \sum_{s \in K_l} s$  (the  $\sum$  means regular expression union). For  $0 \leq i \leq h$ , the regular expression for all string in  $\bar{L}$  with length less than or equal to l is expressed by (call this regular expression l)

$$x = x_0 + x_i + \cdots + x_h$$

2. For any string s that |s|>h, It's in  $\bar{L}$ . It could be expressed as  $(0+1)^{h+1}(0+1)^*$ .  $(0+1)^{h+1}$  means  $(0+1)(0+1)\cdots(0+1)$  for h+1 times)

The resulting regular expression is just  $x + (0+1)^{h+1}(0+1)^*$ .