placeholder Variables

Xiyu Zhai, Liao Zhang, Yonghao Jin

Latex is so lame. Cite shit Author [2023]here.

1 Introduction

Husky is one of the most sophisticated programming languages on earth, designed during my best years. Thus, it's too exhausting to explain it in one short document. We shall first write a couple of essays addressing specific aspects and then combine them together.

In this paper, we shall describe the placeholder variables in the Husky programming language, which are the basis of Husky's novel high-level syntax and semantics.

A placeholder variable is defined by the keyword var. For example,

```
Husky Code

static var INPUT_ID: InputId;
```

The additional keyword static indicates that this placeholder is meant for runtime calculation. We also have type var for type placeholder variables, and compterm var for computable term variables and term var for arbitrary term variables.

The intended usage of placeholder variables is inspired by natural language. Consider the following:

```
Example

Let x be an integer. We say x is positive if x > 0. Then if x = 1, x is positive. Let y = x + 1, then y|_{x=0} = 1.
```

In above, x is not a variable like in Python or Rust. It's a contextual placeholder that can be used to construct a term (including both value and proposition) depending on it, with the dependency automatically tracked. It's actually quite similar to TensorFlow's placeholder variables, designed for compilation purposes, but much more general.

TODO: Ask Liao Zhang whether this mechanism has true support from certain prover languages like Coq or Lean.

The intended purpose is to have a richer semantics for expressing values that depends on a set of placeholders together with strong type safety.

2 Related Work

2.1 Placeholder Variables as Indices

```
Husky Code

static var I: Fin 8;
static var J: Fin 8;
val m: f32 = I * J
```

The above defines a 8*8 matrix $m=(ij)_{0\leq i,j<8}$ We can define attention as follows:

```
Husky Code
// This is used anywhere.
// This is the default placeholder for type 'Pos'
pub static var POS: Pos;
// This is only used within current module.
static var POS_AUX: Pos;
gn attn(
    q: Q,
    k: K,
    v: V,
    f: fn(Q, K) \rightarrow f32,
    // 'of' by default overrides the default placeholder
    // of the type with the given expr
    let k = k of POS_AUX // depends on POS, POS_AUX
    let score = f(q, k) // depends on POS, POS_AUX
    fold(v, score) // depends on POS
// Fold along the direction of 'POS_AUX'.
// 'const[POS_AUX]' denotes that the output is deprived
// of any dependency on POS_AUX.
gn fold(v: V, score: f32) -> const[POS_AUX] V:
```

2.1.1 Compare with DexLang

TODO: ask Yonghao Jin

$2.1.2 \quad \text{Compare with Tensor Libraries like NumPy, PyTorch, Tensor-Flow}$

2.2 Mathematica

TODO: ask Yonghao Jin

It does a similar thing, but with dynamic typing. And there's a lack of support for compilation and static analysis.

References

Some Author. Some relevant paper title. Journal of Visualization, 2023.