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Instructor:	Rui Fan										
Course Nar		Algorithm Design and Analysis / 算法设计与分析									
Course Nui		CS 240									
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### Instructions for Examiners:

1. The format of the exam papers and answer sheets shall be determined by the school and examiners according to actual needs. All pages should be marked by the page numbers in order (except the cover page). All text should be legible, visually comfortable and easy to bind on the left side. A4 double-sided printing is recommended for the convenience of archiving (There are all-in-one printers in the university).

2.The examiners should make sure that exam questions are correct and appropriate, If errors are found in exam questions during the exam, the examiners should be responsible to respond on site, which will be taking into account in the teaching evaluation.

## Instructions for Students

In all problems in which you are asked to design algorithms, you should <u>clearly describe</u> how your algorithm works, provide code or pseudocode when asked to, and argue why your algorithm is correct.

<u>Do not</u> write your answers on the exam paper. Instead, write them on separate pieces of paper. Write your name and student ID at the top of each piece of paper.

All answers must be written neatly and legibly in English. If there are <u>brief parts</u> of your answer which you cannot express clearly in English, you may write them in Chinese.

## **Problem 1**

(a) Order the following functions in order of increasing asymptotic size.

$$f_1 = \log(n^n)$$
  $f_2 = n^{\frac{1}{2}}$   $f_3 = (n!)^{\frac{1}{n}}$   $f_4 = n \log n \log \log n$ 

- (b) Solve the following recurrences by giving tight  $\Theta$ -notation bounds.
  - (i)  $T(n) = 4T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + n^2 \log n$
  - (ii)  $T(n) = 8T\left(\frac{n}{2}\right) + n\log n$
- (c) Answer true or false to the following statements.
  - (i)  $n = O((\log n)^{\log n})$
  - (ii) For any two functions f and g, either f = O(g) or g = O(f).

(5 parts, 4 points / part, 20 points total)

### Problem 2

You are given n Boolean values  $x_1, ..., x_n$ , where each  $x_i$  is T or F. Your task is to find some i such that  $x_i = T$ , or return 0 if all values are F. However, you cannot read the value of any  $x_i$  directly. Instead, you can call a function OR(i,j), which takes as input two indices  $1 \le i \le j \le n$ , and returns T if any value in  $x_i, ..., x_j$  is T, or returns F if all these values are F. Design a divide and conquer algorithm for this problem which minimizes the number of calls to the OR function, and analyze how many calls you make.

(20 points)

# **Problem 3**

Suppose there are n objects with values  $v_1, ..., v_n$ . You want to pick a subset of these objects with the maximum total value. However, if you pick object i, then you cannot pick any of the next  $f_i$  objects, for some natural number  $f_i$ . I.e., if you pick object i and  $f_i > 0$ , you cannot pick objects  $i + 1, ..., i + f_i$ ; if  $f_i = 0$ , then picking object i does not prevent you from picking any other objects. Design a dynamic programming algorithm to maximize the total value of the objects you pick, and analyze your algorithm's time complexity.

For example, if the objects have values 3, 5, 1, 6, 7, and the corresponding f values are 1, 2, 0, 1, 1, then you should pick the objects with values 5, 7.

(20 points)

# **Problem 4**

You are given a set of positive integers  $S = \{x_1, ..., x_n\}$ . Your goal is to partition S into two subsets, such that the sums of the values in the subsets are as close as possible. That is, you want to find two subsets  $S_1, S_2$  with  $S_1 \cup S_2 = S$ ,  $S_1 \cap S_2 = \emptyset$ , such that the following value is minimized.

$$\left| \sum_{x_i \in S_1} x_i - \sum_{x_i \in S_2} x_i \right|$$

Design an algorithm for this problem and analyze its time complexity.

(20 points)

### Problem 5

A list of numbers  $x_1, ..., x_n$  is called *wiggly* if  $x_1 \le x_2 \ge x_3 \le x_4 \ge ... x_n$  (note that  $x_{n-1} \le x_n$  if n is even, and  $x_{n-1} \ge x_n$  if n is odd). Given an unsorted list of numbers  $y_1, ..., y_n$ , give an efficient algorithm to permute the list into a wiggly list, and analyze the time complexity of your algorithm. Note that there may be multiple valid solutions to a given input.

For example, given the input list 4, 1, 3, 2, one possible output is 1, 3, 2, 4.

(20 points)

END OF EXAM