



Chapter 13 – Association Rules 关联规则分析

Instructor: Zach Zhizhong ZHOU,
Shanghai Jiao Tong University
主讲教师：周志中，上海交通大学

Data Mining for Business Intelligence

Shmueli, Patel & Bruce

© Galit Shmueli and Peter Bruce 2010



Titanic - 1

```
library(arules) ## needed for Association Rules Mining  
setwd("C:/BA/AR")
```

```
Titanic <- read.csv("Titanic.csv",header = TRUE)
```

```
rules <- apriori(Titanic)  
inspect(rules)
```



下面找出后项为 “Survived” 的规则。

```
rules <- apriori(Titanic, parameter = list(minlen=2,  
supp=0.005, conf=0.8), appearance =  
list(rhs=c("Survived=No", "Survived=Yes"), default="lhs"),  
control = list(verbose=F))
```

minlen - an integer value for the minimal number of
items per item set (default: 1)

supp - a numeric value for the minimal support of an
item set (default: 0.1)

conf - a numeric value for the minimal confidence of
rules/association hyperedges (default: 0.8)

```
rules.sorted <- sort(rules, by="lift")
```

```
inspect(rules.sorted)
```



找到冗余规则

```
subset.matrix <- is.subset(rules.sorted, rules.sorted)
subset.matrix[lower.tri(subset.matrix, diag=T)] <- NA
redundant <- colSums(subset.matrix, na.rm=T) >= 1
which(redundant)
```

移除冗余规则

```
rules.pruned <- rules.sorted[!redundant]
inspect(rules.pruned)
```