# Developer's Guide

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Version 7.0

by the PsPM team<sup>1</sup>:

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# 1 Introduction

Contributed by Teddy Zhao in April 2023

PsychoPhysiological Modelling, abbreviated as PsPM, is a software package for model-based analysis of psychophysiological signals. PsPM can be accessed through either graphical user interface (GUI) or command lines. PsPM is written in MATLAB language, thus it supports cross platform usages, either Windows, macOS or Linux, and can be easily utilised in customised shell scripts. PsPM is actively updated and maintained by bringing new features and fixing bugs, thus the latest version of PsPM is always encouraged for users. The recommended version of MATLAB for running PsPM is MATLAB 2023a (version 9.14), and the earliest version of MATLAB that could be used for running PsPM is MATLAB 2006a (version 7.2).

# 2 General

Contributed by Dominik R Bach and Teddy Zhao Reviewed and revised by Teddy Zhao in March 2023

### 2.1 Data files

In PsPM, data and information is stored as struct variables and saved as mat files. A data struct may contain mutiple cells, and each cell contains a struct with channel specific fields, infos and data. Specifically, infos is a struct variable with general information, and data is a cell array with the data for each channel. Both infos and data have the following mandatory subfields, whilst infos may have some optional subfields that can be defined if necessary, as is shown in **Table 1**.

Table 1 Description of data fields in PsPM

	Field	Subfield	Description
Mandantory	infos	duration	The duration of the acquired data, normally defined in seconds
	data	header.channeltype	The type of the corresponding channel, as defined in the settings.
		header.sr	the sample rate (or frequency) in 1/second (or Hz), or timestamp units in seconds
		header.units	the unit of data, or the 'events'
		data	the actual data
Optional	infos	sourcefile	
		importfile	
		importdate	
		sourcetype	
		recdate	
		rectime	

In most cases, only the subfield data in the field data will be modified since new results have been generated and are expected to replace the old data. All the other fields, for both data and infos, the content will be kept unchanged. However, some data manipulation functions, for example pspm\_trim, will update infos to record some file history. Please check the specific descriptions of each function for understanding how data and infos will be updated.

# 2.2 How to add a new import data type

### 2.2.1 Add function

**Function name** pspm\_get\_xxx (where xxx is the data type name).

Format [sts, import, sourceinfo] = pspm\_get\_xxx(datafile, import).
The function needs to take an import job and add, for each job.

### **Fields**

- Mandatory
  - .data the actual data for this channel (column vector)
  - .sr the sample rate for this channel (only if .autosr enabled in pspm\_init)
- Optional
  - .marker For marker channels (timestamps or continuous, see pspm\_get\_marker)

- .markerinfo See pspm\_get\_marker
- .minfreq Minimum frequency for pulse channels
- .units If data units are defined by the recording software
- sts Set as -1 if import is unsuccessful
- sourceinfo Contains information on the source file, with field
  - .chan A cell of string descriptions of the imported source channels, e. g. names, or numbers any optional fields that will be added to infos.source (e. g. recording date & time, and others)

**Notes for multiple blocks** File formats that support multiple block storage within one file can return cell arrays  $import\{1:blkno\}$  and  $sourceinfo\{1:blkno\}$ . PsPM will save individual files for each block, with a filename  $pspm_fn_blk0x.mat$ .

#### 2.2.2 Add information to settings

The file pspm init contains a block that defines possible import data types. Add a new field here

#### Good to know

- The "long" definition is used in the GUI make sure it's readable.
- If no event channels can be imported, change .chantypes.
- If channels have searchable names in the import file, set .searchoption = 1.
- If no channel number needs to be assigned for the marker channel, set .automarker = 1.
- If sample rate is contained in import file and determined during import, set .autosr = 1.
- If you need external functions put them into a folder in the 'import' subdirectory and addremove this path within the pspm\_get\_xxx function.

### 2.3 How to add a new channel type

#### 2.3.1 Add function

**Function** pspm\_get\_xxx (where xxx is the channel type)

```
Format [sts, data] = pspm_get_channeltype(import)
```

# **Arguments**

data Data cell of structure readable by pspm\_load\_data.

**Good to know** For event channels, use the function pspm\_get\_events to convert various event formats into time stamps (see pspm\_get\_marker or pspm\_get\_hb as an example)

### 2.3.2 Add information to settings

Add information on the new channel type and import function to

```
defaults.chantypes(k).type = 'xxx';% channel type name
defaults.chantypes(k).import = @pspm_get_xxx; % conversion function
defaults.chantypes(k).data = 'xxx'; % 'wave' or 'events'
```

# 2.4 How to add a new GLM type

### 2.4.1 Add information to settings (Example SCR)

```
defaults.glm(1) = ...
struct('modality', 'scr', ... % modality name
'cbf', struct('fhandle', @pspm_bf_scrf, 'args', 1), ...
% default basis function/set
'filter', struct('lpfreq', 5, 'lporder', 1, ...
'hpfreq', 0.05, 'hporder', 1, 'down', 10, 'direction', 'uni'));
% default filter settings
```

### 2.4.2 Add default basis function

```
Function pspm_bf_xxx
```

**Arguments** vector of arguments, first element is time resolution, further arguments as defined in defaults.glm(n).cbf.args.

# 2.5 Warning IDs in PsPM

# 2.5.1 General

- invalid\_input
- invalid\_channeltype
- nonexistent\_file
- channel\_not\_contained\_in\_file
- obsolete\_function
- not\_allowed\_channeltype

- invalid\_data\_structure
- no\_matching\_channels
- unknown\_action
- missing\_data
- out\_of\_range

# 2.5.2 Function specific

- pspm\_load1
  - not\_saving\_data
- pspm\_interpolate
  - option\_disabled
- pspm\_trim
  - marker\_out\_of\_range
- pspm\_find\_channel
  - multiple\_matching\_channels
- pspm\_find\_sounds
  - no\_marker\_chan
  - no\_sound\_chan
- pspm\_get\_scr
  - no\_conversion\_constant
- pspm\_pp
  - invalid\_freq
- pspm\_prepdata
  - no\_low\_pass\_filtering
  - downsampling\_failed
  - nonint\_sr
- pspm\_get\_timing
  - invalid\_vector\_size
  - event\_names\_dont\_match
  - no\_numeric\_vector
  - no\_integers
- pspm\_down
  - rate\_below\_minimum

- 3 List of data formats
- 3.1 Supported Channel types

Data format	SCR	ECG	Heart Rate	Heart Beat	Heart Period	Respiration	Pupil Size	Marker	Custom	Sound channel	Pulse oxymeter	Gaze x/y, l/r
CED Spike	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>
MATLAB	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>
Text	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>
Biopach AcqKnowledge (≤ v3.9.0)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Biopac AcqKnowledge (exported)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Labchart (any Version, Windows only)	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Labchart exported $(\leq v7.1)$	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Labchart exported $(\geq v7.2)$	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
VarioPort	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>
Biograph Infiniti (exported)	✓			✓		✓						
Mindmedia Biotrace (exported)	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Brain Vision	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Windaq (wdq)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Observer XT compatible	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NeuroScan	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
BioSemi	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Eyelink							✓	✓	✓			<b>√</b>
European Data Format	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Philips Scanphyslog		✓				✓		✓	✓		✓	
SMI				13			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>
ViewPoint							✓	✓	✓			✓

# 3.2 Further settings

Data format	Datatype	File extension	Manufacturer	Import multiple channels	Search channel names	Automarker	Ask for sampling rate
CED Spike	spike	.smr	CED	$\checkmark$	<b>_</b>		
CED Spike	spike	.smrx	CED	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
MATLAB	mat	.mat		<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>
Text	txt	.txt		<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>		
Biopach AcqKnowledge (≤ v3.9.0)	acq	.acq	Biopac	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
Biopac AcqKnowledge (exported)	acqmat	.mat	Biopac	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>		
Labchart (any Version, Windows only)	labchart	.adicht	ADInstruments	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Labchart exported (≤ v7.1)	labchartmat_ext	.mat	ADInstruments	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Labchart exported (≥ v7.2)	labchartmat_in	.mat	ADInstruments	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	
VarioPort	vario	.vpd	Becker MediTec	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Biograph Infiniti (exported)	biograph	.txt	Thought Technology				
Mindmedia Biotrace (exported)	biotrace	.txt	MindMedia			<b>√</b>	
Brain Vision	brainvision	.eeg	BrainProducts	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Windaq (wdq)	windaq	.wdq	Dataq	<b>√</b>			
Observer XT compatible	observer	.any	Noldus	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
NeuroScan	cnt	.cnt		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
BioSemi	biosemi	.bdf		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Eyelink	txt	.asc		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	
European Data Format	edf	.edf	European Data Format	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
Philips Scanphyslog	txt	.log	Philips	<b>√</b>			
SMI	txt	15 .txt	SensoMotoric Instruments	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
ViewPoint	txt	.txt	Arrington Research	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	

Note: Automarkers means no channel number has to be specified because markers are always at the same place.

# 4 GUI

Contributed by Gabriel Gräni and Teddy Zhao.

Revised by Teddy Zhao in Feburary 2022.

# 4.1 MATLABbatch: Getting started

- 1. Add the trunk folder to the MATLAB path.
- 2. Type pspm\_init into the command window (after the execution of the command the folders pspm\_cfg and MATLABbatch should be added to the MATLAB path)
- 3. Start MATLABbatch by the typing cfg\_ui into the command window
- 4. If the item PsPM exists in the menu bar of MATLABbatch you can skip steps 5 to 7 and continue at step 8
- 5. Select  $\rightarrow$  File  $\rightarrow$  Add Application
- 6. Navigate to the folder  $pspm\_cfg$  on the left hand side of the window and select the file  $pspm\_cfg.m$  on the right hand side  $\rightarrow$  Press the button Done
- 7. A new item, called PsPM, will appear in the upper menu bar.
- 8. By selecting PsPM the desired action can be selected (at the moment, there is only Data Preparation  $\rightarrow$  {Import, Trim} available)

# 4.1.1 Example Function: Trim

This example demonstrates how MATLABbatch can be used to execute a function. For all other functions MATLABbatch behaves in the same manner.

- Select a file by pressing the Select Files Button (under Datafile)
- Select Reference and choose an item in the lower part of the window
- $\bullet\,$  Fill in the desired values in the fields which are marked with "<-X"
- After you have chosen a file and filled in all values correctly, you will see a green arrow on the upper left part of the window
- By pressing on the green arrow the selected file will be trimmed according to the filled in values

#### 4.2 MATLABbatch: How to

### 4.2.1 Preliminaries

- Add folder of MATLABbatch to the MATLAB path
- · Add first application and then load the batch in order to execute a function

### 4.2.2 Some notes for creating a new application

- · Leafs (items) are specified first
- Assigning child items to .val or .values fields of their parent items
- Root node of a tree is specified last
- Some examples of items:
  - cfg\_item

```
item1= cfg_item; % Defines generic configuration item
  item1.name= 'Def 1'; % The display name
  item1.tag = 'def1'; % The name appearing in the harvested job
  % structure. This name must be unique
  % among all items in the val field of the
  % superior node
  item1.val = {true}; % Value of item (optional)
 item1.help = {'Help...'}; % Help text
- cfg_entry
  entry1 = cfg_entry; % Defines entry configuration item
  entry1.name = 'Input';
  entry1.tag = 'input';
  entry1.strtye = 'r'; % Type of values which can be entered
  entryl.num = [1 \ 1]; % Expected dimension of the input
 entry1.help = {'Help...'};
- cfg_choice
  choice = cfg_item; % Defines choice configuration item
  choice.name = 'Choice';
  choice.tag = 'choice';
  choice.values = {item1, entry1}; % Defines which items will be
  % selectable in the choice menu.
  choice.help = {'Help...'};
- cfg_exbranch
  fct = cfg_exbranch; % Defines the branch that has information
  % about how to run this module fct.name = 'Trim';
  fct.tag = 'trim';
  fct.val = {choice}; % The items that belong to this branch.
  % All items must be filled before this
  % branch can run or produce virtual
  % outputs
  fct.prog = @cfg_run_fct; % A function handle that will be called
  % with the harvested job to run the
  % computation
```

```
trim.vout = @cfg_vout_fct; % A function handle that will be
% called with the harvested job to
% determine virtual outputs
trim.help = {Help...'};
```

 There exists a number of other item classes. Here is a list of the most important classes: cfg\_item, cfg\_entry, cfg\_choice, cfg\_menu, cfg\_exbranch, cfg\_files, cfg\_branch, cfg\_repeat.

For more information call the help function in MATLAB (e.g. help cfg\_item)

**Note** The inputs to each module have to be described in a tree-like structure.

During data entry, there is no way to change the tree structure based on input data. Add application to the configuration tree by default

# 4.2.3 Add application to the configuration tree by default

In the following it is shown how an application can be added to the menu bar of MATLABbatch by default (without adding it every time MATLABbatch is started)

- Start MATLABbatch and add the appliaction cfg\_confgui in the folder MATLABbatch/cfg\_confgui
- $\bullet$  Put Generate code into the Module list by selecting ConfGUI  $\to$  Generate code in the menu bar
- Fill out all the input fields on the right side:
  - Output filename: This file will contain the whole menu structure, validity constraints and links to run time code of the appliaction.
  - Output directory: All files which are created by the ConfGUI will be stored into this directory (chose a directory which is added to the MATLAB path)
  - Root node of config: Name of the root node of the appliaction's configuration tree
  - Options:
    - 1. Create Defaults File: Yes
    - 2. Create mlbatch\_appcfg File: Yes
    - 3. Create Code for addpath(): No
- · Finally press the green arrow on the upper left side of the batch editor
- As no error occurred 3 new files ({Output filename}.m, {Output filename}\_def.m, cfg\_mlbatch\_appcfg.m) should be created and added into the folder {Output directory}.
- Each time MATLABbatch is started, it will search for any cfg\_mlbatch\_appcfg.m file (this file contains the names of the configuration files) and will add the corresponding application to the batch editor.

#### 4.2.4 Add modules to module list

Example Module Import and Trim will be added to the module list

```
arg1 = 'scr.prep.import_data';
arg2 = 'scr.prep.trim';
mod_cfg_id1 = cfg_util('tag2mod_cfg_id',arg1);
mod_cfg_id2 = cfg_util('tag2mod_cfg_id',arg2);
cjob = cfg_util('initjob');
mod_job_id1 = cfg_util('addtojob', cjob, mod_cfg_id1);
mod_job_id2 = cfg_util('addtojob', cjob, mod_cfg_id2);
cfg_util('harvest', cjob, mod_job_id1);
cfg_util('harvest', cjob, mod_job_id2);
cfg_ui('local_showjob', cfg_ui, cjob);
```

#### 4.2.5 Changes

• In the function private/cfg\_onscreen at line 36 figure(fg); is commented out in order to prevent the appearance of the GUI for a short time if the function cfg\_ui('Visible', 'off') is called.

# 4.3 MATLABbatch: changing help texts and fieldnames

#### 4.3.1 File structure of MATLABbatch GUI

There exist two files per function: 1 configuration file and 1 run file. The configuration file defines the structure of the corresponding function in the MATLABbatch GUI whereas the run file firstly gathers all entered values and secondly calls the corresponding SCR function. Both types of files are located in the subfolder pspm\_cfg. The name of a configuration or a run file consists of two parts. The prefix of a configuration filename is called pspm\_cfg\_ whereas the filename of a run file begins with pspm\_cfg\_run. The second part of the filename is named after the function name (eg. for the function pspm\_import.m  $\rightarrow$  pspm\_cfg\_import.m, pspm\_cfg\_run\_import.m).

## 4.3.2 Edit help texts and fieldname

In order to change any help text or fieldname in a MATLABbatch GUI function the corresponding configuration file has to be opened. For each item in a MATLABbatch GUI function a struct variable which contains several struct fields is defined in the configuration file.

- Help text The field .help defines the help text of the item which can be edited in order to change the help text. As soon as MATLABbatch has been closed and opened again, the changes in the help text will be visible in MATLABbatch GUI.
- Fieldname The fieldname of an MATLABbatch GUI item is defined by the struct field .tag. In case a fieldname of an item should be changed be careful to verify if no other item, which has the same root node, hold the same fieldname. Otherwise MATLABbatch will not work properly. After the fieldname of an item has been changed the run file (pspm\_cfg\_run\_functionname.m) of the corresponding function has to be adapted as well in order to ensure that the function call in the run file is done properly.

# 4.4 Python Support

PsPM provides some features that are enabled by using Python packages, namly HeartPy and Bioread, and descriptions in the GUI. This is controlled through pspm\_cfg\_python. Any PsPM functions or features that require Python-enabled features need to call pspm\_cfg\_python to show Python path specification in the GUI, so that users can select appropriate Python location for calling the packages.

### 4.4.1 Python packages

The Python packages that are used by PsPM are Bioread and HeartPy, until PsPM version 7.0. This is to support the features of importing .acq data for Bioread and process PPG data for HeartPy. The tested competible version of these packages are Python 3.11, Bioread 3.0.1, and HeartPy 1.2.7. Because some packages may have dependence on other packages such as numpy, here is a list of Python packages that work on both Windows and macOS

```
Pillow==10.1.0
aigpy==2022.7.8.1
bioread==3.0.1
certifi==2023.11.17
charset-normalizer==3.3.2
colorama==0.4.6
contourpy==1.2.0
cycler==0.12.1
docopt==0.6.2
fonttools==4.45.1
heartpy==1.2.7
idna==3.4
kiwisolver==1.4.5
matplotlib==3.8.2
mutagen==1.47.0
numpy==1.26.2
packaging==23.2
pip==24.0
prettytable==3.9.0
pycryptodome==3.19.0
pydub==0.25.1
pyparsing==3.1.1
python-dateutil==2.8.2
requests==2.31.0
scipy==1.11.4
setuptools==68.2.2
six == 1.16.0
urllib3==2.1.0
wcwidth==0.2.12
wheel == 0.41.3
```

#### 4.4.2 HeartPy for processing PPG data

The package HeartPy (stylised to be in line with its official website) (https://pypi.org/project/heartpy/) is designed for analysing PPG signals and used for processing PPG data in PsPM.

The process of using HeartPy to process PPG data is described as following. Initially, PsPM will check if python has been installed in the computer, and this is done by using the function pspm\_check\_python. In this process, pspm\_check\_python requires a path of python that is provided by the user so that it can determine if python has been installed there. Secondly, PsPM checks if HeartPy package has been installed in the defined python path, and this is handled with pspm\_check\_python\_modules. If both python and HeartPy have been installed, it is then safe to use function family py.heartpy to do analysis. The details of available functions that are provided by HeartPy can be found at https://python-heart-rate-analysis-toolkit.readthedocs.io/en/latest/heartpy.html. The details about how PPG data are processed can be found at pspm\_convert\_ppg2hb.

# 4.4.3 Bioread for importing biopac data

The package Bioread (https://pypi.org/project/bioread/) supports reading biopac files in any version, and it has been included in PsPM for importing biopac files since version 7.0. Bioread-based importing is set as an alternative method in parallel to previous methods, and it is managed in acqread\_python. Users have to specify the functionality of importing biopac data with python to use this method, but they can also call the function acqread\_python in command line or scripts to directly use this feature. The method of checking python and Bioread is identical to what has been checked for HeartPy. The generic flowchart of acqread\_python is to get the main content and other metadata from original files and then save such information to the corresponding places for meeting PsPM's data storage requirements. Further information is available in acqread\_python that is under the path src/Import/acq.

# 4.5 GUI Development Progress

MATLAB GUIDE https://uk.mathworks.com/help/matlab/migrate-guide-apps.html was originally used as the framework for designing the GUI of PsPM. However, the framework suffers from the risk that plots may be unexpectedly displayed on such figures since they need to be called by users' command lines. At the same time, GUIDE based GUI will lose support from Mathworks in a future release of MATLAB. Consequently, PsPM is currently slowly being migrated to the new UI designing framework, MATLAB AppDesigner. Instead of creating .fig files, the new AppDesigner frameworks will create .mlapp files. The .mlapp file can be created natively through the new MATLAB GUI guide. Alternatively, it can be generated by converting the classic GUIDE based .fig file through the feature migration.

The main GUI has been recreated by using AppDesigner in PsPM version 6.1, where the function lists inherted from the legacy of GUIDE-based GUI. The code has been re-sorted out in MATLAB by following the coding style of AppDesigner. A typical button corresponds to the function shown below

```
function
button_Callback(app, event)
switch event.Value
case 'A'
action;
end
```

#### end

The new GUI is currently using the colour #7f2534 for stylishing. The main typeface for UI design is Segoe UI, San Francisco (or Helvetica Neue for Yosemite, Lucida Grande for pre-Yosemite) and DejaVu Sans for Windows, macOS, and Linux, respectively.

# 4.6 Help Text

#### 4.6.1 Introduction

Help text refers to the descriptive text that is included in the initial couple of lines of source code. Such help text can be sorted by calling the function pspm\_help into a struct. Typically, the help text shall be written into sections as

Description The general introduction of a function. This is normally describing the use of the function and how it works, such as importing a specific type of data and how information is read and managed.

Format The format of a function as how it can be called. If the function has some variable arguments, then the details can be listed as multiple lines.

Arguments The list of input variables of a function with their descriptions. Every individual input variable shall be lead by a star mark. Structs and their subfields shall be managed with table symbols. An example of how this is managed is given below.

Outputs The list of output variables of a function with their descriptions, similar to Arguments.

Developer's\_notes This section can be used as a paragraph of technical notes for the function. Such information is typically useful for developing the function, and it is relatively more useful for developers than for users.

History The section includes some notes about who has contributed to a function, which may be useful for future checking.

# 4.6.2 Typical example

Description

General introduction of the function.

Format

[output1, output2, output3] = pspm\_xxx(varargin); [output1, output2, output3] = pspm\_xxx(input1, input2);

Arguments

\* input1 : description of input1. \* input2 : description of input2.

—input3

—.subfield1 : description of subfield1.—.subfield2 : description of subfield2.

Outputs

- \* output1 : description of output1.
- \* output2 : description of output2.

-output3

-.subfield1 : description of subfield1. -.subfield2 : description of subfield2.

Developer's notes

A few sentences of technical information for this function.

History

Introduced in PsPM version a. Written in 2024 by developer a.

# 5 Test Environment

Contributed by Linus Rüttimann, Tobias Moser and Teddy Zhao.

Revised and updated by Teddy Zhao in Feburary 2022.

#### 5.0.1 Unittest: General implementation

In PsPM the MATLAB Unit Testing Framework is used for testing of functions. For each tested function there is a MATLAB class with the name functionname\_test, which contains the unittests for that specific function. Additionally there is a documentation page for each of the test classes, where information about the unittests can be found.

To run the unittests of a test class, an object of the class has to be created

```
| testCase = functionname_test.
```

where testCase is an arbitrary object name and funtionname\_test is the name of a test class. Then all the unittest that are contained in the test class can be run with

testCase.run.

A specific unittest can be run with

```
| testCase.run(unittest_name').
```

Remember that a new test class object must be generated each time the test class has been changed.

## 5.0.2 parameterised test classes

Parmeterised test classes is a feature provided by the MATLAB test case class. A test class is parameterised when it has

- Test parameters defined (within the property section)
- Test methods implementing the defined test parameters

Each function implementing test parameters will be called multiple times with each possible parameter combination (which is determined by MATLAB). Thus parameterised classes allow to write single tests for different parameter combinations. If one of the following test cases is a parameterised test class, it will be mentioned accordingly.

# 5.1 Align Channels

### 5.1.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_align_channels_test
```

```
Format [sts, data, duration] = pspm_align_channels(data, induration)
```

### **5.1.2** Setup

This test uses data stored in ImportTestData/ecg2hb/tpspm\_s102\_s1.mat

### 5.1.3 Testcases

### **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings given invalid inputs.

# Lower optional duration

Function name lower\_optional\_duration(this)

**Description** Passes an optional duration that is less than the maximum duration of all channels in the input to pspm\_align\_channels.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Assert that lower optional duration has no effect on the output.
- 2. Check if all of the returned channels have the same duration.

# Same optional duration

Function name same\_optional\_duration(this)

**Description** Passes an optional duration that is equal to the maximum duration of all channels in the input to pspm\_align\_channels and does the exact same checks as in lower duration case.

# **Higher optional duration**

Function name higher\_optional\_duration(this)

**Description** Passes an optional duration that is higher than the maximum duration of all channels.

#### **Tests**

1. Assert that durations of all returned channels is the same as the passed optional duration.

# Max duration is passed in marker channel

Function name max\_duration\_is\_given\_in\_events(this)

**Description** Passes the maximum duration in marker channel to pspm align channels.

#### **Tests**

1. Assert that all returned channels are aligned to the maximum duration passed in marker channel.

#### Various case checks

#### **Function names**

```
only_one_channel_longer_others_same(this)
only_one_channel_shorter_others_same(this)
increasing_channel_lengths(this)
two_same_others_shorter(this)
```

**Description** In each of these cases check if the returned channels have the same duration that is equal to the maximum duration of all input channels.

### 5.2 Butter

# 5.2.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_butter_test

Function [sts, b, a] = pspm_butter(order, freqratio, pass)
```

#### 5.2.2 Testcases

# **Invalid** input

```
Function name invalid_input(this)
```

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid and if the signal processing toolbox is installed.

### **Tests**

Input	Expected warning
pspm_butter() [no input]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_butter(1,1,'abc') [pass not equal to 'high'	ID:invalid_input
or 'low']	
pspm_butter(2,1) ['Signal processing toolbox is	ID:toolbox_missing
missing' #1]	
pspm_butter(1,1) ['Signal processing toolbox is	ID:toolbox_missing
missing' #2]	

# 5.3 pspm\_bf

### 5.3.1 Overview

Testclass pspm\_bf\_test

Format [bs, x] = pspm\_bf\_<specific function name>

# **5.3.2** Setup

This test class is parameterised.

Method setup parameters These parameters define which function should be tested.

**Basis function** Specifies the basis functions to test (without the pspm\_bf\_ prefix). The current basis function to test is then called via this.bf();

**Test parameters** These are parameters which define what kind of data or option should be passed to each basis function.

<b>Time res log</b>   Specifies for the basic test different time resolutions							
	(argument 'td') which a basis function should be able to						
handle (as long as td <= duration). The values are							
	logarithmic and have to be translated before passed to the						
	basis function.						

### 5.3.3 Testcases

# **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(this)

 $\textbf{Description} \quad \text{Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.}$ 

**Tests** 

Input	Expected warning			
this.bf() [no parameters]	ID:invalid_input			
this.bf(dur+1) [pass 'td' >	ID:invalid_input			
duration of function]				
this.bf(0) [invalid time	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>			
resolution]				

### **Basic**

Function name test\_basic(this, time\_res\_log)

**Description** Test for different requirements to verify whether the current basis function is valid or not.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Test with td = 0.1, verify that no warning is issued and determine the duration
- 2. Test with td = 0.01 and check if the new duration is equal to the duration calculated before.
- 3. Test if function runs through without warning and that the time vector begins at  $\leftarrow$  0.
- 4. Test if the function runs through without warning with td = 10^time\_res\_log (as long as td < duration)

# 5.4 pspm\_convert\_unit

### 5.4.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_convert_unit_test
```

Function [sts, converted] = pspm\_convert\_unit(data, from, to)

# **5.4.2** Setup

Constants inch\_to\_cm = 2.54

### 5.4.3 Testcases

# **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(testCase)

**Description** Pass invalid from or to metrics and check if warnings are issued.

### Valid input

```
Function name valid_input(this)
```

**Description** Pass various valid inputs and compare results to manually calculated ones.

#### **Tests**

- 1. If empty input data is passed, result is also empty.
- 2. Convert single cm value to m.
- 3. Various unit conversion checks:
  - (a) Conversion between same units (cm to cm)
  - (b) mm to km and km to mm conversions
  - (c) inch to cm conversions
- 4. Negative value conversions
- 5. Convert single dimensional array with multiple elements.
- 6. Convert each element in 3D array.

# 5.5 pspm\_ecg2hb

### 5.5.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_ecg2hb_test

Format [sts,pt_debug] = pspm_ecg2hb(fn, chan, options)
```

### 5.5.2 **Setup**

#### **Constants**

```
• testdata{0}.chan_struct = struct('nr', 1, 'name', 'ecg');
• testdata{0}.filename = 'ImportTestData\ecg2hb\test_ecg77.mat';
• testdata{0}.num_channels = 1
• testdata{1}.chan_struct = struct('nr', 3, 'name', 'ecg');
• testdata{1}.filename = 'ImportTestData\ecg2hb\tpspm_s102_s1.mat';
• testdata{1}.num_channels = 5
• backup_suffix = '_backup';
• options = struct('semi', 0);
```

# 5.5.3 Testcases

**Tests** 

# **Invalid input arguments**

Function name invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Pass invalid input arguments and check if the warnings are as expected.

Input	Expected warning
pspm_ecg2hb() [no arguments]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_ecg2hb(1) [invalid file name]	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, 'bla') [invalid channel (text)]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, 1) [invalid channel type]</pre>	ID:not_allowed_channeltype
<pre>o.twthresh = 'bla'; pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, this.chan.nr, o) [invalid twthresh (text)]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>o.minHR = 202; pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, this.chan.nr, o)</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>o.minHR = 202; o.maxHR = 19; pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn,</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>o.maxHR = 19; pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, this.chan.nr, o)</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>o.debugmode = 5; pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, this.chan.nr,</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>o.semi = 5; pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, this.chan.nr, o)</pre>	ID:invalid_input

# Valid input arguments

Function name valid\_input(this)

**Description** Pass valid input arguments and check if there are no warnings.

	Input	Expected warning
Tests	<pre>pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, this.chan.nr, this.options)</pre>	-
10303	<pre>pspm_ecg2hb(this.fn, this.chan.name, this.options)</pre>	-
	<pre>this.test_added_data()</pre>	-

# 5.5.4 Other Methods

Test for added data

Function name test\_added\_data()

**Description** Check if added hb channels show an expected behaviour.

**Tests** (for each Tested Value **Expected Value** Sampling rate Unit 'events' Channel type 'hb' Amount of data points in data > 1 Heartbeat indices are monotonically increasing True Maximum number of heartbeats per second < 5 Data is distributed equally (standard deviation) < 2s Time between end of recording and last data point < 60s

# 5.6 pspm\_filtfilt

#### 5.6.1 Overview

Testclass pspm\_filtfilt\_test

Format y = pspm\_filtfilt(b,a,x)

### 5.6.2 Testcases

# **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

#### Tests

16363	
Input	Expected warning
pspm_filtfilt() [no input]	ID:invalid_inpu
<pre>pspm_filtfilt([1:10],[1:20],[1:10]) [data length less than 3 times filter order]</pre>	ID:invalid_inpu

channel)

# 5.7 pspm find channel

### 5.7.1 Overview

Testclass pspm\_find\_channel\_test

Format chan = pspm\_find\_channel(headercell, chantype)

# 5.7.2 Testcases

# **Invalid input arguments**

Function name invalid\_inputargs(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

Setup headercell = {'heart', 'scr', 'pupil'};

# **Tests**

Input	Expected warning
<pre>pspm_find_channel('str','scr') [no headercell]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_find_channel(headercell, 'str')</pre>	<pre>ID:not_allowed_channeltype</pre>
<pre>pspm_find_channel(headercell, 4) [no string chantype]</pre>	ID:invalid_input

# **Valid Input Arguments**

Function name valid\_inputargs(this)

**Description** Checks for correct return value if the input arguments are valid

Setup headercell = {'heart', 'scr', 'pupil', 'mark', 'gsr', 'eda'};

# Tests

10363		
Input	Exp. Output	Expected warning
<pre>pspm_find_channel(headercell,</pre>	3	
'pupil')		
<pre>pspm_find_channel(headercell,</pre>	0	ID:no_matching_channels
'resp')		
<pre>pspm_find_channel(headercell,</pre>	-1	<pre>ID:multiple_matching_channels</pre>
'scr')		
<pre>pspm_find_channel(headercell,</pre>	4	
{'mark', 'str', 'bla'})		
<pre>pspm_find_channel(headercell,</pre>	0	no matching channel, but no
{'call', 'str', 'me'})		warning
<pre>pspm_find_channel(headercell,</pre>	-1	multiple matching channels, but
{'scr', 'gsr', 'eda'})		no warning

# 5.8 pspm\_extract\_segments

# 5.8.1 Overview

**Testclass** pspm\_extract\_segments\_test

Format [sts, out] = pspm\_extract\_segments(varargin)

### **5.8.2** Setup

This test class is parameterised. For manual mode tests, the test data is generated by the function itself and when needed, files will be written to testdatafile<variable\_nr>.mat. For auto mode tests, the test data must be in ImportTestData/fitted\_models folder with names as specified in the tests.

**Test parameters** These are parameters which define what kind of data should be passed to pspm\_extract\_segments in auto mode tests and which options should be set.

nan\_output This option defines whether the user wants to output the NaN ratios of the trials for each condition. If so, we values can be printed on the screen (on MATLAB command window) or written to a created file.

nan\_ratio Defines ratio of NaN values in the generated test data

nr\_trail Number of trails in the generated test data

#### 5.8.3 Testcases

#### **Invalid** input

Format invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

#### **Tests**

Input	Expected warning
<pre>pspm_extract_segments()</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
<pre>pspm_extract_segments('a','b')</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_extract_segments('manual',fr</pre>	, <b>DD</b> :invalid_input
<pre>pspm_extract_segments('manual',st</pre>	rLiDti(nˈvadliloD)i,Opottiming)
<pre>pspm_extract_segments('manual',[]</pre>	,BD;ilmogaitad(B2p)ytiming)
<pre>pspm_extract_segments('manual',fr</pre>	, I Da. ʻi, ntvi.an li.in.og_) in put
<pre>pspm_extract_segments('manual',fr</pre>	, I[Dain}yatlimdnign) put
<pre>pspm_extract_segments('auto',{1})</pre>	$ extsf{ID:invalid} extsf{input}$
<pre>pspm_extract_segments('auto','som</pre>	ne <b>ľD</b> :invalid_input

# Test manual mode with indicated length

Function name test\_manual\_length(this,nr\_trial,nan\_ratio)

 $\textbf{Desctiption} \quad \text{Checks for equality of produced segments by } \textbf{pspm\_extract\_segments} \text{ with manually computed segments}.$ 

#### **Tests**

- 1. Generate segments form test data.
- 2. Test if function call wirked WarningFree
- 3. Test if variable segments existis in output
- 4. Test if correct number of segments were produced
- 5. Test each segment holds correct data

#### Test manual mode with durations

Function name test\_manual\_duration(this,nr\_trial,nan\_ratio)

**Desctiption** Checks for equality of produced segments by pspm\_extract\_segments with manually computed segments.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Generate segments form test data.
- 2. Test if function call wirked WarningFree
- 3. Test if variable 'segments' existis in output
- 4. Test if correct number of segments were produced
- 5. Test each segment holds correct data

### Test auto mode with GLM using marker onsets

Function name test\_auto\_mode\_glm\_with\_markers(this)

**Description** Runs pspm\_extract\_segments with a particular GLM model stored in ImportTestData/fitted\_model and compares the results to manually calculated results.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Test if length of the returned cell array (from now on called segments) is the same as the number of conditions
- 2. Test if shape of data arrays in each element of segments agrees with the passed durations and number of onsets.
- 3. Test if segments.trial\_idx agrees with input data.
- 4. Test if statistics calculated manually from segments.data is the same as segments.mean and segments.std.
- 5. Compute each statistic field in each element of segments manually using the input data and compare the results to segments.

# Test auto mode with GLM using second onsets

Function name test\_auto\_mode\_glm\_with\_seconds(this)

**Description** Do the exact same tests as in test\_auto\_mode\_glm\_with\_markers but this time using seconds to specify onsets.

#### Test auto mode with DCM

Function name test\_auto\_mode\_dcm(this)

**Description** Runs pspm\_extract\_segments with a particular DCM model stored in ImportTestData/fitted\_mode and compares the results to manually calculated results. In order to get meaningful condition statistic information this test function assigns the same trial name to certain groups of trials.

**Note** Since in DCM case onsets are calculated using trial start and end seconds of DCM trials, there is no second/marker distinction in DCM test.

**Tests** Do the exact same tests as in test\_auto\_mode\_glm\_with\_markers by adapting the computation steps to DCM case.

# 5.9 pspm\_find\_sounds

#### 5.9.1 Overview

Testclass pspm\_find\_sounds\_test

Format [sts, infos] = pspm\_find\_sounds(file, options)

## **5.9.2** Setup

This test class is parameterised. The test data is generated by the function itself and when needed, files will be written to testdatafile<variable\_nr>.mat.

**Test parameters** These are parameters which define what kind of data should be passed to pspm\_find\_sounds and which options should be set.

· · – –	±	
Channel output	Specifies whether 'all' found markers or only 'corrected'	
	markers should be returned.	
Max delay	Varies the max delay option and defines how far away a	
	marker at most can be.	
Min delay	Varies the min delay option and defines how far away a	
	marker at least should be.	
Threshold	Defines the minimum size of a marker to be recognized as a	
	marker event. Passed in percent of the maximum amplitude	
	of the recorded data.	
Resample	Defines whether the function should resample (and	
	interpolate) the data to a higher sample rate in order to get	
	more exact marker findings.	
Channel action	Defines whether a newly created marker channel should	
	replace the existing marker channel or should be added as a	
	new marker channel.	

## 5.9.3 Testcases

## **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

lests	
Input	Expected warning
pspm_find_sounds('')	ID:file_not_found
pspm_find_sounds(fn) [invalid	ID:invalid_input
pspm file]	
pspm_find_sounds(fn) [pspm file	ID:no_sound_chan
without a 'snd' channel]	
pspm_find_sounds(fn, o)	ID:invalid_input
[invalid values for positive	
integer fields]	
<pre>pspm_find_sounds(fn, o)</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
[invalid values for positive	
numeric fields]	
pspm_find_sounds(fn, o)	ID:invalid_input
[invalid values for logic	
fields]	
pspm_find_sounds(fn, o)	ID:out_of_range
[invalid channel ids for	
channel fields]	
pspm_find_sounds(fn, o)	ID:no_marker_chan
[enabled diagnostics without a	
marker channel]	
<pre>pspm_find_sounds(fn, o)</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
[invalid values for	
channelaction]	
pspm_find_sounds(fn, o)	ID:invalid_input
[invalid values for roi]	
pspm_find_sounds(fn, o)	ID:invalid_input
<pre>[maxdelay &lt; mindelay]</pre>	

## Test add channel

Function name test\_add\_channel(this, channeloutput, max\_delay, resample, channelaction)

**Description** Test add channel with different options. Diagnostics is always enabled, Channel output, Max delay, Resample and Channel action are varied. Once pspm\_find\_sounds is complete, the function tests if the returned data has the expected format.

### **Tests**

- 1. Generate data with channel snd and marker; and count amount of reference markers
- 2. Set

- (a) options according to test parameters
- (b) diagnostics to 1
- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if returned data has the correct format
- 5. Test if channels has been added or replaced
- 6. Test if added channel has correct amount of data

### Test region count

```
Function name test_region_count(this)
```

**Description** Test region of interest in combination with expected sound count.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Generate data with channel 'snd' and 'marker'
- 2. Test if function finds the function finds all markers in the whole file
- 3. Test if function finds all the markers in the whole file with initial threshold 1
- 4. Test if function finds half of the markers in half of the file

### Test threshold

```
Function name test_threshold(this, threshold)
```

**Description** Vary the threshold option and test whether the functions returnes the expected data.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Generate data with channel 'snd' and 'marker'
- 2. Set
  - (a) threshold according to test parameter
  - (b) diagnostics to 1
- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if returned data has the correct format

## **Test plot**

```
Function name test_plot(this, threshold)
```

**Description** Test if the plot functions returne the expected data and runs through without warning.

### **Tests**

- 1. Generate data with channel snd and marker
- 2. Set
  - (a) plot to 1
  - (b) diagnostics to 1
- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if returned data has the correct format

## 5.10 pspm\_find\_valid\_fixations

### 5.10.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_find_valid_fixations_test
```

```
Format [sts, out_file] = pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options)
```

## 5.10.2 Setup

This test class is parameterised. The test data is generated by the function itself and when needed, files will be written to testdatafile<variable\_nr>.mat.

**Test parameters** These are parameters which define what kind of data should be passed to pspm\_find\_valid\_fixations and which options should be set.

Distance	Used for gaze validation; defines the distance between eyes	
	and screen.	
Aspect used	Used for gaze validation; defines the aspect ratio set in the	
	software.	
Aspect actual	Used for gaze validation; defines the aspect ratio of the	
	hardware.	
Screen size	Used for gaze validation; defines the size of the screen in	
	inches.	
Eyes	Is used for data generation and tells the function for which	
	eyes data should be generated.	
Channel action	Defines whether to 'add' or 'replace' existing channels.	
Newfile	Defines whether to create a new file or extend the existing	
	file.	
Overwrite	Defines whether to overwrite the existing file or not.	
Interpolate	Defines whether to interpolate NaN values in validated	
	channels or not.	
Missing	Defines whether to create a channel which holds information	
	about which positions have been set to NaN (and may have	
	been interpolated afterwards).	
Work eye	Defines which eyes should be used for fixation validation.	
Work chans	Defines which channels should be set to NaN during invalid	
	fixations.	

# 5.10.3 Testcases

# **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

pspm_find_valid_fixations()	Tests	
pspm_find_valid_fixations('a')  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.validate_fixations]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.box_degree]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.screen_settings]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.screen_settings]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.aspect_actual]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.aspect_used]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.bitmap]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.display_size]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.display_size]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.display_size]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.fixation_point]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.channel_action]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.channel_action]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.newfile]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.overwrite]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.overwrite]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid options.overwrite]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid input options) [invalid options.overwrite]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid input options) [invalid options.overwrite]  pspm_find_valid_fixations(fn, options) [invalid input options) [invalid options.overwrite]	Input	Expected warning
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options.channels]	-	

#### **Test work chans**

```
Function name test_work_chans(this, work_chans)
```

**Description** Tests whether the option 'channels' actually works on the specified channels or not.

### **Tests**

1. Generate data with

```
distance 500
aspect_used 16:9
aspect_actual 4:3
screen_size 20
eyes 'lr'
```

2. Set options with

```
overwrite 1
channels work_chans
channel_action 'add'
```

- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if sts==1
- 5. Test if specified work\_chans are added as new processed channels

## Test work eye

```
Function name test_work_eye(this, work_eye)
```

**Description** Test whether the option 'eyes' actually works on the specified eyes or not.

### **Tests**

1. Generate data with

```
distance 500
aspect_used 16:9
aspect_actual 4:3
screen_size 20
```

```
eyes 'lr'
```

2. Set options with

```
overwrite 1
eyes work_eye
channel_action 'add'
```

- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if sts==1
- 5. Test if specified eyes have been processed accordingly and test if not specified eyes have ignored.

## **Test missing**

```
Function name test_missing(this, missing)
```

**Description** Test whether for each a a new missing channel is created if missing is specified as true.

#### **Tests**

1. Generate data with

```
distance 500
aspect_used 16:9
aspect_actual 4:3
screen_size 20
eyes 'lr'
```

2. Set options with

```
overwrite 1
missing missing
channel_action 'add'
```

- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if sts==1
- 5. Depending on the status of 'missing', test if there are any missing channels or if there is no missing channel

## Test interpolate

```
Function name test_interpolate(this, interpolate)
```

**Description** Test whether data is interpolated during periods which are set to NaN by the function.

#### **Tests**

1. Generate data with

```
distance 500
aspect_used 16:9
aspect_actual 4:3
screen_size 20
eyes 'lr'
```

2. Set options with

```
overwrite 1
interpolate interpolate
channel action 'add'
```

- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if sts==1
- 5. Depending on the status of 'interpolate' test whether there are some NaN values or if NaN periods have been interpolated accordingly.

### **Test overwrite**

```
Function name test_overwrite(this, overwrite)
```

**Description** Test if files are overwritten, if specified with 'overwrite' option.

#### **Tests**

1. Generate data with

```
distance 500
aspect_used 16:9
aspect_actual 4:3
screen_size 20
```

```
eyes 'lr'
```

2. Set options with

```
overwrite 1
interpolate interpolate
channel_action 'add'
```

- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if sts==1
- 5. Test if file has been overwritten or not (tests, if there are any new channels).

### Test channel action

```
Function name test_channel_action(this, channel_action)
```

**Description** Test if channels are added or replaced (according to channel\_action).

### **Tests**

1. Generate data with

```
distance 500
aspect_used 16:9
aspect_actual 4:3
screen_size 20
eyes 'lr'
```

2. Set options with

```
overwrite 1
channel_action channel_action
```

- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if sts==1
- 5. Test if channels have been added or replaced (tests, if there are any new channels).

## Test newfile

```
Function name test_newfile(this, newfile)
```

**Description** Test whether the output is written to a newfile or to the input file.

#### **Tests**

1. Generate data with

```
distance 500
aspect_used 16:9
aspect_actual 4:3
screen_size 20
eyes 'lr'
```

- 2. Set options with
  - (a) overwrite = 1
  - (b) if newfile enabled
    - i. search for new file name
    - ii. set options.newfile to new file name
  - (c) if newfile is disabled, set options.newfile to ''
- 3. Test if function runs through without warning
- 4. Test if sts==1
- 5. Test if returned outputfile equals the specified newfile or not (depending on the value of 'newfile')

## Test gaze validation

Function name test\_gaze\_validation(this, distance, screen\_size, aspect\_actual, aspect\_used,
eyes)

**Description** Test whether gaze validation is done correctly.

### Tests

- 1. Generate data with the according function parameters
- 2. Iterate to returned degree values generated by the generation function
  - (a) set function options
    - i. overewrite = 1
    - ii. validate\_fixation =1
    - iii. screen settings and distance to function call settings

iv. missing = 1

- (b) depending on the specified degree, test whether function runs through without warnings or not
- (c) load outputfile and test if (according to degree expectation) gaze validation has been done or not

### Test bitmap validtion

Function name test\_bitmap\_validation(this, distance, resolution, eyes)

**Description** Test whether bitmap validation is done correctly.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Generate data with the according function parameters
- 2. Iterate to returned bitmaps generated by the generation function
  - (a) Set function options

missing 1

- (b) Depending on the specified number of valid fixations in the bitmap, test whether function runs through without warnings or not.
- (c) Load outputfile and test if (according to bitmap expectation) bitmap validation has been done or not.

## 5.11 pspm\_gaze\_pp

### 5.11.1 Overview

Testclass pspm\_gaze\_pp\_test

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Function} & pspm\_gaze\_pp \ preprocesses \ gaze \ signals, \ gaze \ x \ and \ gaze \ y \ channels \ at \% \ the \ same \ time. \end{tabular}$ 

### 5.11.2 Testcases

### **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(this).

**Description** Check if the input is valid.

- 1. Test if input as a number is invalid.
- 2. Test if input as a string is invalid.
- 3. Test if combining two identical channels is invalid.
- 4. Test if combining an invalid channel is invalid.

### **Preprocessed channel**

Function name preprocessed\_channel(this).

**Description** Check if preprocessing a single channel is successful.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Test if gaze\_x\_r can be pre-processed successfully.
- 2. Test if gaze\_x\_l can be pre-processed successfully.
- 3. Test if gaze\_y\_r can be pre-processed successfully.
- 4. Test if gaze\_y\_l can be pre-processed successfully.

## Check upsampling rate

Function name upsampling\_rate(this)

**Description** Check the upsampling rate after gaze\_pp.

## Check channel combining

Function name channel\_combining(this).

**Description** Test if combing two appropriate channels is successful.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Test if combing gaze\_x\_r and gaze\_x\_l is successful.
- 2. Test if combing gaze\_y\_r and gaze\_y\_l is successful.

## 5.12 pspm\_get\_ecg

## 5.12.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_get_ecg_test
Function [sts, data] = pspm_get_ecg(import)
```

#### 5.12.2 Testcases

## Test

```
Function name test(this).
```

**Description** Test if all fields are returned correctly.

### **Tests**

- 1. Test if sts==1.
- 2. Test if data.data is equal to import.data.
- 3. Test if data.header.chantype is 'ecg'.
- 4. Test if data.header.units is equal to import.units.
- 5. Test if data.header.sr is equal to import.sr.

## 5.13 pspm\_get\_events

## 5.13.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_get_events_test

Function [sts, import] = pspm_get_events(import)
```

### 5.13.2 Testcases

## **Check warnings**

```
Function name check_warnings(this)
```

 $\textbf{Description} \quad \textbf{Checks for warnings, if the field ``.markers'' is missing or contains invalid content.}$ 

Input	Expected warning
Missing marker field	ID:nonexistent_field
<pre>import.marker = 'foo'</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_field_content</pre>

## **Timestamps**

Function name timestamps(this)

**Description** Checks for correct output if the input is timestamp data.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Test if sts==1.
- 2. Test if the length of the output data is equal to the length of the input data.

## **Continuous**

Function name continuous(this)

**Description** Checks for correct output if the input is continuous data.

#### **Tests**

1. Perform three tests with different settings

Tests:

- (a) Test if sts==1.
- (b) Test if the length of the field 'markerinfo' is equal to the length of the output data.
- (c) Test if the length of the output data is equal to the expected number of pulses in the input data.

## Settings

- (a) flank='both' (default)
- (b) flank='both' & data offset=50
- (c) flank='ascending'
- (d) flank='descending'
- (e) inverted input signal
- (f) signal with angular flanks
- (g) check with

- 2. Additional test for setting (b): Test if data offset has been removed in the output data.
- 3. Additional test for setting (c) and (d): Test if positions returned by output data correspond to flank changes in the input data.
- 4. Test if markerinfo is not set if it has been set before.

## 5.14 pspm\_get\_eyelink

### 5.14.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_get_eyelink_test

Function [sts, data] = pspm_get_eyelink(import)
```

#### **5.14.2** Methods

### Set import values

```
Function [import_struct, channel typles] = set_import_values(this)
```

**Description** Helperfunction, which creates an import data set and the expected channel data set

### Verify basic data structure

Function name verify\_basic\_data\_structure(this, data, sourceinfo, channel\_types)

**Description** Tests if the returned data structure is valid and match a given expected pattern.

### **Tests**

- 1. Test if all channels are numeric
- 2. Test if recorded time and date have a valid format
- 3. Test if blink channels have correct unit
- 4. Test if pupil channels have either 'diameter' or 'area' as unit
- 5. Test if channels labeled with 'position' have unit 'pixel'
- 6. Test if channels labeled with 'blink' have unit 'blink'

#### 5.14.3 Testcases

### test\_multi\_session

Function name test\_multi\_session(this)

**Description** Test if the returned data structure fits into the pattern of a multi session data set.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Calls 'set\_import\_values(this)' to get import data set and expected channel data set.
- passses returned sets to 'verify\_basic\_data\_structure()'.

## test\_two\_eyes

Function name test\_two\_eyes(this)

**Description** Test if the returned data structure fits into the pattern of a two eyes data set.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Calls 'set\_import\_values(this)' to get import data set and expected channel data set.
- 2. Passes returned sets to 'verify\_basic\_data\_structure()'.

## test\_one\_eye

Function name test\_one\_eye(this)

**Description** Test if the returned data structure fits into the pattern of a one eye data set.

### **Tests**

1. Create an import data set and the expected channel data set an pass it to 'verify\_basic\_data\_structure()'.

## $test\_track\_dist$

Function name test\_track\_dist(this)

 $\textbf{Description} \quad \text{Test if the returned data structure fits into the pattern of a two eyes data with } \\ \text{eyelink\_trackdist set}.$ 

- 1. Call 'set\_import\_values(this)' to get import data set and expected channel data set.
- 2. Overwrite some import data and channel data.
- 3. Pass returned sets to 'verify\_basic\_data\_structure()'.

## 5.15 pspm\_get\_hb

### 5.15.1 Overview

```
{\bf Test class} \quad {\tt pspm\_get\_hb\_test}
```

```
Format [sts, data] = pspm_get_hb(import)
```

### 5.15.2 Testcases

**Test** 

```
Function name test(this)
```

**Description** Test if all fields are returned correctly.

### **Tests**

- 1. Test if sts==1.
- 2. Test if data.data is equal import.data
- 3. Test if data.header.chantype is 'hb'
- 4. Test if data.header.units is 'events'
- 5. Test if data.header.sr==1

## 5.16 pspm\_get\_hr

### 5.16.1 Overview

```
{\bf Test class} \quad {\tt pspm\_get\_hr\_test}
```

```
Function [sts, data] = pspm_get_hr(import)
```

## 5.16.2 Testcases

**Test** 

## Function name test(this)

**Description** Test if all fields are returned correctly.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Test if sts==1.
- 2. Test if data.data is equal import.data
- 3. Test if data.header.chantype is 'hr'
- 4. Test if data.header.units is equal import.units
- 5. Test if data.header.sr is equal import.sr

## 5.17 pspm get marker

### 5.17.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_get_marker_test
```

Function [sts, data] = pspm\_get\_marker(import)

#### 5.17.2 Testcases

#### **Test**

Function name test(this)

**Description** Test if all fields are returned correctly.

## Tests

- 1. Test if sts==1.
- 2. Test if data.data is equal to import.data.
- 3. Test if data.header.chantype is 'marker'.
- 4. Test if data.header.units is 'events'.
- 5. Test if data.header.sr==1.

# $5.18 pspm_get_pupil$

## 5.18.1 Overview

Testclass pspm\_get\_pupil\_test

```
Function [sts, data] = pspm_get_pupil(import)
```

### 5.18.2 Testcases

### Test

Function name test(this)

**Description** Test if all fields are returned correctly

#### **Tests**

- 1. Test if sts==1.
- 2. Test if data.data is equal import.data
- 3. Test if data.header.chantype is 'pupil'
- 4. Test if data.header.units is equal to import.units
- 5. Test if data.header.sr is equal import.sr

## 5.19 pspm\_get\_resp

## 5.19.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_get_resp_test
```

Function [sts, data] = pspm\_get\_resp(import)

### 5.19.2 Testcases

#### Test

Function name test(this)

Description Test if all fields are returned correctly

### Tests

- 1. Test if sts==1
- 2. Test if data.data is equal import.data
- 3. Test if data.header.chantype is 'resp'
- 4. Test if data.header.units is equal import.units
- 5. Test if data.header.sr is equal import.sr

## 5.20 pspm\_get\_scr

### 5.20.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_get_scr_test

Function [sts, data] = pspm_get_scr(import)
```

#### 5.20.2 Testcases

There are three test functions. One for the case that no transfer parameters are defined, one for the case that the transfer parameters are defined in a struct and one for the case that they are defined in a .mat file. They are all performing the following tests, plus eventually some individual tests.

#### Tests

- 1. Test if sts==1
- 2. Test if the field data.data exists
- 3. Test if the field data.data is not empty
- 4. Test if the field data.header.units exists
- 5. Test if the field data.header.sr exists
- 6. Test if the field data.header.chantype exists
- 7. Test if data.header.sr is equal to import.sr
- 8. Test if data.header.chantype is 'scr'

### No transfer parameters

```
Function name no_transferparams(testCase)
```

**Description** Test if all fields are returned correctly, if no transfer parameters are defined.

Additional Tests No additional tests

## Struct transfer parameters

```
Function name stuct_transferparams(testCase)
```

**Description** Test if all fields are returned correctly, if the transfer parameters are defined in a struct.

#### **Additional Tests**

- 1. Check for warning if the conversion constant (import.transfer.c) is not defined
- 2. Checks that there are no warnings if import.transfer.Rs or import.transfer.offset is not defined.

### File transfer parameters

```
Function name file_transferparams(testCase)
```

**Description** Test if all fields are returned correctly, if the transfer parameters are defined in a .mat file.

#### **Additional Tests**

1. Check for warning if the transfer parameter file doesn't exist.

## 5.21 pspm\_get\_timing

### 5.21.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_get_timing_test
```

### **Functions**

```
    [sts, multi] = pspm_get_timing('onsets', intiming, timeunits)
    [sts, events] = pspm_get_timing('markervalues', markerinfo, names)
    [sts, epochs] = pspm_get_timing('epochs', epochs)
    [sts, events] = pspm_get_timing('events', events)
```

## 5.21.2 Testcases

### **Invalid input arguments**

```
Function name invalid_inputargs(this)
```

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

<u>Tests</u> <u>Input</u>	Expected warning
pspm_get_timing('epochs') [missing input var]	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_get_timing('onsets',   'str') [no timeunits var]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_get_timing('foo') [unknown</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_get_timing('onsets', intiming, 'samples') [two sessions with nonmatching   number of conditions]</pre>	ID:number_of_elements_dont_match
<pre>pspm_get_timing('onsets', intiming, 'samples') [two sessions with nonmatching</pre>	<pre>ID:event_names_dont_match</pre>
<pre>pspm_get_timing('onsets',     intiming, 'samples') [intiming.onsets{1} is no     numeric vector]</pre>	ID:no_numeric_vector
<pre>pspm_get_timing('epochs', fn_mat, 'samples') [epochs is     not an integer array]</pre>	ID:no_integers
<pre>pspm_get_timing('markervalues', markerinfo) [no markervalue and</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_get_timing('markervalues', markerinfo, markervalue, names) [markervalue is not of numeric     type nor a cell array]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_get_timing('markervalues', markerinfo, markervalue, names) [markervalue and names are not     of the same length]</pre>	ID:invalid_input

# **Case Epochs**

Function name case\_epochs(this)

**Description** Checks the function in 'epochs' mode.

```
Function [sts, epochs] = pspm_get_timing('epochs', epochs)
```

### **Test 1 (matfile input)**

```
Input mat file with variable: epochs = [1 4; 2 5; 3 6]
Check if sts==1 and if the return value is equal the input array.
```

## Test 2 (spm input)

```
Input mat file with variable: onsets\{1\} = [1 \ 2 \ 3]'; onsets\{2\} = [4 \ 5 \ 6]'; Check if sts==1 and if the return value is equal [onsets\{1\}, onsets\{2\}].
```

### **Test 3 (textfile input)**

```
Input textfile with variable: epochs = [1 4; 2 5; 3 6]
Check if sts==1 and if the return value is equal the input array.
```

### **Test 4 (matrix input)**

```
Input matrix: epochs = [1 4; 2 5; 3 6]
Check if sts==1 and if the return value is equal the input array.
```

#### Case onsets

```
Function name case_onsets(this)
```

**Description** Checks the function in 'onsets' mode.

```
Function [sts, multi] = pspm_get_timing('onsets', intiming, timeunits)
```

#### Test 1

Input A .mat file with the following variables

```
names = {'name1', 'name2'};
onsets = {[1 2], [3 4]};
pmod.name = {'name3', 'name4'};
pmod.param = {[2 3], [4 5]};
pmod.poly = {2, 2};
save(fn_mat, 'names', 'onsets', 'pmod');
```

```
Function call [sts, outtiming] = pspm_get_timing('onsets', fn_mat, 'samples');

Tests Check if sts==1, if onsets and names are unchanged and if
outtiming.pmod.param == {[2 3], [4 9], [4 5], [16 25]}
```

#### Test 2

**Input** A .mat file with the variables

```
names = {'name1', 'name2'};
onsets = {[1 2 3], [3 4 5]}; durations = {[3 4 5]', [5 6 7]'};
pmod.name = {'name3', 'name4'};
pmod.param = {[2 3 4], [4 5 6]};
pmod.poly = {2, 1};
```

Function call [sts, outtiming] = pspm\_get\_timing('onsets', fn\_mat, 'samples');

**Tests** Check if sts==1, if onsets, names and durations are unchanged and if outtiming.pmod.param == {[2 3 4], [4 9 16], [4 5 6]}.

#### **Case events**

Function name case\_events(this)

**Description** Checks the function in 'events' mode.

```
Function [sts, epochs] = pspm_get_timing('events', events)
```

Check the function if input is a one element cell array and a multiple element cell array.

Check for warnings (ID:invalid\_vector\_size) if elements have more than two columns and if not all elements have the same number of rows.

# 5.22 pspm\_get\_<datatype>

#### 5.22.1 Overview

The datatype import functions are all tested in a similar way. The individual testclasses must inherit the class 'pspm\_get\_superclass', from which they inherit the main test function 'valid\_datafile'. They also have to implement the property 'fhandle', which is a function handle to the specific import function.

The tests are performed with the sampledata files that are listed in the SampleDataMasterList.docx file (as at 18.11.2013).

**Superclass** pspm\_get\_superclass

#### **Testclasses**

- pspm\_get\_acq\_test
- pspm\_get\_acqmat\_test
- pspm\_get\_biograph\_test
- pspm\_get\_biosemi\_test
- pspm\_get\_biotrace\_test
- pspm\_get\_brainvis\_test
- pspm\_get\_edf
- pspm\_get\_labchartmat\_ext\_test
- pspm\_get\_labchartmat\_in\_test
- pspm\_get\_mat\_test
- pspm\_get\_obs\_test
- pspm\_get\_smr\_test
- pspm\_get\_smrx\_test
- pspm\_get\_superclass
- pspm\_get\_txt\_test
- pspm\_get\_vario\_test
- pspm\_get\_eyelink\_test

Function [sts, import, sourceinfo] = pspm\_get\_<datatype>(datafile, import)

#### **5.22.2** Notes

### **5.22.3** Setup

**Define testcases** In this method the testcases are defined and the testdata is generated (if needed). Each testcase is a cell in the cellarray 'testcases'. Each testcase has the following fields:

- .pth: the path to the samplefile
- .import: the input variable

For datatypes which support blocks there has to be an additional field:

· .numofblocks

### 5.22.4 Testcases

#### Valid datafile

Function name valid\_datafile(this)

**Description** The main test function, for tests with valid inputdata. It tests all testcases equally.

- 1. Test if sts==1.
- 2. If the datatype supports blocks, test if the number of blocks is correct.
- 3. Test if number of elements of the returned 'import' variable is correct.
- 4. Test if each importjob has a field 'data', that is a numeric vector.
- 5. Test if each importiob has a field 'sr', that is a number.
- 6. Test if each importjob has a field 'type'.
- 7. Test if all event importjobs have a field 'marker'.
- 8. Test if all importjobs have duration below 1h.
- 9. Test if all importjobs have a samplerate between 1 and 10000 for continuous channels or between 10^-6 and 1 for timestamp channels.

#### Invalid datafile

Function name invalid\_datafile(this)

**Description** The main test function, for tests with invalid inputdata.

**Tests** If the datatype supports multiple channels: Check for warning when trying to import a channel, that is not contained in the file ('ID:channel\_not\_contained\_in\_file').

## 5.23 pspm get acq

In this section we describe the testcases specific to pspm\_get\_acq apart from generic pspm\_get tests.

### 5.23.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_get_acq_test
```

Function [tss, import, sourceinfo] = pspm\_get\_acq(datafile, import)

### 5.23.2 Testcases

get acq should return the exact same data as Acqknowledge exported mat file

Function get\_acq\_returns\_same\_data\_as\_acqknowledge\_exported\_mat(this)

**Description** The data obtained by using pspm\_get\_acq should be identical with the data obtained by using export .mat file functionality in Acqknowledge software.

### Steps

- 1. Load data stored in ImportTestData/acq/impedance\_acq.acq and ImportTestData/acq/impedance\_mat.mat separately.
- Compare the first channel of impedance\_mat with the first channel of data obtained by calling pspm\_get\_acq on impedance\_acq.

## 5.24 pspm\_glm

#### 5.24.1 Overview

**Testclass** pspm\_glm\_test

Function glm = pspm\_glm(model, options)

There are seven testcase functions. One invalid input arguments test and test 1 to 6. Tests 1 to 5 are of the same kind. There are one or multiple testcases per test function, have a look at the testcase description for more information. In these tests only Kronecker delta functions are used as basis functions, furthermore all conditions, pmods and nuisance regressors are pairwise orthogonal. The data is also not down sampled and not filtered. With these limitations it's easy to calculate the data vectors and the expected stats. For each testcase it is then tested:

- If numel(glm.names) has the expected value.
- If numel(glm.stats) has the expected value.
- If glm.stats has the expected value (with a tolerance of 1%).

In test 6 the default basis functions are used, and not all conditions and pmods are orthogonal. The data is down sampled and low and high pass filtered. In exchange the stats are not tested for correct values, just for the correct number of elements. The properties 'shiftbf' and 'norm' are TestParameters, which means that this testclass is parameterised. All functions implmementing these parameters (Test 1 to Test 5) are called several times with all the different values and combinations of the mentioned parameters.

#### 5.24.2 Testcases

### **Invalid input arguments**

Function name invalid\_input (this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

lests	
Input	Expected warning
<pre>pspm_glm(model) [no timeunits field]</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
<pre>pspm_glm(model) [no timeunits var]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with model.timeunits = 'foo' [no</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
valid timeunits field]	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with model.timing = zeros(10,2)</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
[no valid timing field]	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with model.modality = 'foo' [no</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
valid modality field]	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with model.channel = 'scr' [no</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
valid channel field]	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with model.norm = 'no' [no valid</pre>	ID:invalid_input
norm field]	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with model.filt.down = 'none'</pre>	ID:invalid_input
[filt.down is not numeric]	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with model.bf.fhandle =</pre>	ID:invalid_fhandle
'foohandle' [non existing bf]	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with numel(model.datafile) !=</pre>	ID:number_of_elements_dont_match
numel(model.timing)	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with model.missing is struct [non</pre>	ID:invalid_input
valid missing field]	
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with numel(model.datafile) !=</pre>	ID:number_of_elements_dont_match
numel(model.missing)	TD days 1 days at
pspm_glm(model) with model.nuisance is struct	ID:invalid_input
[non valid nuisance field]	TD. m. mb. m. of all months don't metals
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with numel(model.datafile) !=</pre>	ID:number_of_elements_dont_match
numel(model.nuisance)	Theirwalid input
<pre>pspm_glm(model) with no R variable in the</pre>	ID:invalid_input
pspm_glm(model) with R variable in the nuisance	ID:number_of_elements_dont_match
	TD: Hulliber_OT_e tellients_dont_match
file that has not the same length as the datafile	

## Test 1

Format test1(this, shiftbf)

 $\textbf{Description} \quad \text{Basic test with one basis function, one session, no nuisance regressors, no missings and one condition. Timeunits are seconds.}$ 

## **Testcases**

1. no pmods

- 2. one pmod
- 3. two pmods

### Test 2

```
Format test2(this, shiftbf)
```

**Description** Test with one basis function, one session, no nuisance regressors, no missings and two conditions. Timeunits are seconds.

#### **Testcases**

- 1. no pmods
- 2. first condition: no pmods; second condition: one pmod
- 3. first condition: one pmod; second condition: two pmods

### Test 3

```
Format test3(this, shiftbf)
```

**Description** Test with one basis function, one session, two nuisance regressors (1Hz cosinus, 1Hz sinus), no missings, one condition and no pmods. Timeunits are seconds.

**Testcases** Only one testcase.

## Test 4

```
Format test4(this, shiftbf)
```

**Description** Test with one basis function, two sessions, no nuisance regressors, no missings and one condition.

### **Testcases**

- 1. timeunits are seconds
- 2. timeunits are samples
- 3. timeunits are markers

## Test 5

Format test5(this, shiftbf)

**Description** Test with two basis functions, one session, no nuisance regressors and one condition. Timeunits are seconds.

#### **Testcases**

- 1. no missings
- 2. with missings

#### Test 6

```
Format test6(this)
```

**Description** Test with default basis function and non-orthogonal conditions and pmods.

**Testcase** Default basis functions, no nuisance regressors, no missings, two sessions and two conditions. Timeunits are seconds.

- first condition: two pmods (with pmod(1).poly{1} = 2 and pmod(1).poly{2} = 3)
- · second condition: no pmods

### Test 7

Format test\_extract\_missing(this, cutoff, nan\_percent)

**Description** Test with one basis function, one session, no nuisance regressors, no missings and three conditions. Timeunits are seconds.

**Testcases** for all combinations of the test parameters cutoff and nan\_percent.

- glm vector stats\_missing has the appropriate length according to the number of conditions.
- percentages in glm vector stats\_missing contains the expected value.
- qlm vector stats\_exclude has the appropriate length according to the number of conditions.
- glm vector stats\_exclude contains the expected condistion which should be excluded.

# 5.25 pspm\_hb2hp

### 5.25.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_hb2hp_test
```

```
Function [sts, infos] = pspm_hb2hp(fn, sr, chan, options)
```

## 5.25.2 Testcases

## **Invalid input**

Function name invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

### Tests

10313	
Input	Expected warning
pspm_hb2hp() [no input]	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_hb2hp(2) [not a string filename]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
pspm_hb2hp('abc') [no sample rate]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_hb2hp('abc','abc') [not a string	ID:invalid_input
sample rate]	
<pre>pspm_hb2hp('abc',2,'abc') [not a numeric</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
chanel]	
pspm_hb2hp(files{1},100) [call of	ID:invalid_input
pspm_load_data fails]	
pspm_hb2hp(files{2}, 100) [not enough	ID:too_strict_limits
points for interp1]	
<pre>pspm_hb2hp(files{3},100,[],options)</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>[pspm_write_channel fails]</pre>	

# 5.26 pspm\_import

## 5.26.1 Overview

Testclass pspm\_import\_test

Function outfile = pspm\_import(datafile, datatype, import, options)

## 5.26.2 Testcases

## **Invalid input arguments**

Function name invalid\_inputargs(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

Test No.	Input	Expected warning
1	<pre>pspm_import(datafile, datatype)</pre>	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
	[no import variable]	
2	<pre>pspm_import(datafile, datatype,</pre>	ID:invalid_input
	'foo') [no cell/struct import	
	var.]	
3	pspm_import(datafile, 'foo',	ID:invalid_channeltype
	<pre>import) [invalid channeltype]</pre>	
4	$pspm\_import(5, datatype,$	ID:invalid_input
	import) [no char filename]	

## Invalid import variable structure

Function name invalid\_import\_struct(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the structure of the import variable is invalid. Tests

Test No.	Input	Expected warning
1	Multiple channel, though not supported	ID:invalid_import_struct
2	Not allowed channeltype	ID:invalid_import_struct
3	No sr given, though autosr is not supported	ID:invalid_import_struct
4	Nonexistent file	ID:nonexistent_file

### One datafile

Function name one\_datafile(this)

**Description** Checks the function, if datafile is a string (import of one datafile) and all inputs are correct. The outfile is checked with the pspm\_load\_data function. The tests are performed with a spike samplefile and a labchartmat in samplefile (to check the handling of blocks).

## **Multiple datafiles**

Function name multiple\_datafiles(this)

**Description** Checks the function, if datafile is a cell array of strings (import of multiple datafiles) and all inputs are correct. The outfiles are tested with the pspm\_load\_data function.

# 5.27 pspm\_interpolate

## 5.27.1 Overview

 ${\bf Test class} \quad {\tt pspm\_interpolate\_test}$ 

Function [sts, outdata] = pspm\_interpolate(indata, options)

## **5.27.2 Setup**

This test class is parameterised. The test data is generated by the function itself and when needed, files will be written to datafile<variable\_nr>.mat.

**Test parameters** These are parameters which define what kind of data should be passed to pspm\_interpolate and which options should be set.

Amount	Specifies how many elements indata (for pspm_interpolate) should have.	
Datatype	Specifies what type of data should be generated.	
	struct a valid data struct will be generated	
	inline a numeric vector will be generated	
	file a valid scr file will be generated	
	<b>all</b> all types will sequentially be generated until amount is reached	
Chans	If datatype is not inline this specifies how many and which	
	type of data channels the generated data should have. In a	
	second field it also defines which of these channels should be	
Nan method	interpolated (this will be passed later in options.channels).  Specifies how NaN values will be put into the data.	
Nan method	Specifies now wan values will be put into the data.	
	<pre>start range is 1+offset:<random before="" number="" pre="" the<=""></random></pre>	
	center>	
	center range is <radnom before="" number="" th="" the<=""></radnom>	
	center>: <random after="" center="" number="" the=""></random>	
	and the same services of the same	
	<pre>end range is <random after="" center="" number="" the="">:end-offset</random></pre>	
	center>:end-orrset	
	The offset is 1 if 'extrap' is not defined. This is needed	
	because if there is no data at the end or beginning of the	
	data, the function is unable to interpolate (unless	
<b>.</b>	extrapolation is activated).	
Extrap	Is either true or false and activates or deactivates the extrapolation.	
Interp method	Specifies the interpolation method.	
Newfile	True or false and tells the function to either create a file or	
110 WIII	add the data as new channel.	
Overwrite	True or false and tells the function to either overwrite an	
	existing file or not.	
Replace channel	True or false and tells the function to either replace the given	
	channels with the interpolated data or to add the interpolated	
	data as new channel.	

# 5.27.3 Testcases

# **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

Tests	Torrock	Pour act all accessions
Test No.	Input	Expected warning
1	<pre>pspm_interpolate() [no</pre>	ID:missing_data
2	<pre>pspm_interpolate({{}}) [data is   not char, struct, numeric]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
3	<pre>pspm_interpolate({}) [data     empty]</pre>	ID:missing_data
4	<pre>pspm_interpolate(struct())     [invalid struct]</pre>	ID:invalid_data_structure
5	<pre>pspm_interpolate(invalid_data)   [file which does not exist]</pre>	ID:nonexistent_file
6	<pre>pspm_interpolate(valid_data, options) [options.channels is     larger than valid_data]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
7	<pre>pspm_interpolate(valid_data, options) [options.channels is</pre>	ID:invalid_input
8	<pre>pspm_interpolate(valid_data,   options) [options.method is     invalid]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
9	<pre>pspm_interpolate(valid_data,   options) [options.newfile is         invalid]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
10	<pre>pspm_interpolate(valid_data, options) [options.extrapolate     is invalid]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
11	<pre>pspm_interpolate(valid_data, options) [options.overwrite is</pre>	ID:invalid_input
12	<pre>pspm_interpolate(valid_data,</pre>	ID:invalid_input
13	<pre>pspm_interpolate(invalid_data, options) [try to interpolate an     events channel]</pre>	ID:invalid_channeltype
14	<pre>pspm_interpolate(invalid_data)   [try to interpolate with nan   from beginning and without        extrapolation]</pre>	ID:option_disabled
15	<pre>pspm_interpolate(invalid_data,   options) [try to interpolate   with nan from beginning and    with extrapolation]</pre>	ID:out_of_range
16	pspm_interpolate(invalid_datage) [try to interpolate with nan from end and without extrapolation]	ID:option_disabled
17	<pre>pspm_interpolate(invalid_data,   options) [try to interpolate   with nan from end and with       extrapolation]</pre>	ID:out_of_range

# Test datatypes

Function name test\_datatypes(this, datatype, amount, chans)

**Description** Tries to interpolate with different datatypes, amount of data, channels.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Generate data with datatype, amount, 'center', chans, false
- 2. Test if function issues no warnings
- 3. Test if sts==1
- 4. Test if size of outdata equals the size of the data
- 5. Test if channels to be interpolated have no more NaNs
- 6. Test if channels not to be interpolated still contain NaNs

### **Test interpolation variations**

Function name test\_interpolation\_variations(this, interp\_method, extrap, nan\_method)

**Description** Tries to interpolate with different interpolation methods while varying options.extrapolate and the nan\_method.

#### **Tests**

- Generate data with 'inline', 1, nan\_method, {{'scr'}, []}, extrap
- 2. Test if function issues no warnings
- 3. Test if sts==1
- 4. Test if size of outdata equals the size of the data
- 5. Test if data has no more NaNs

**Special case** When extrapolation is on and nan\_method is 'start' and interp\_method is 'previous' or nan\_method is 'end' and interp\_method is 'next'. This should issue a warning because this is not possible (e.g. interpolate with previous value when first NaN is at the beginning of the data set).

- 1. Generate data as above
- 2. Test if function issues a warning.

#### Test no nan

Function name test\_no\_nan(this)

**Description** Test whether function works even if there is nothing to interpolate.

#### **Tests**

- Generate data struct() with pspm\_test\_data\_gen()
- 2. Test if function issues no warnings
- 3. Test if sts==1
- 4. Test if size of outdata equals the size of data
- 5. Test if outdata equals data
- 6. Test if data has no NaNs

#### **Test write**

Function name test\_write(this, newfile)

**Description** Vary the option newfile and test whether new file is created correctly or data is correctly added to a new channel.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Generate data with 'file', 2, 'center', {{'scr', 'scr'}, [1,3]}, false
- 2. Test if function issues no warnings
- 3. Test if sts==1
- 4. Test if size of outdata equals the size of data
- 5. Test if outdata does not equal data

# New files only

- 1. Test if new file exists
- 2. Load old and new file and test if size of data is equal
- 3. Verify that interpolated channels in the new file are  $\mbox{NaN}$  free

# Added to existing file only

- 1. Test if all returned values are numeric (new channel ids)
- 2. Verify that the added channels are NaN free
- 3. Test if added channels match the size of the original data channels

### **Test overwrite**

Function name test\_overwrite(this, overwrite)

**Description** Vary overwrite and test whether files are overwritten or not.

#### **Tests**

- Generate data with 'file', 2, 'center', {{'scr', 'scr'}, [1,2,3]}, false
- 2. Create files with expected filenames
- 3. Test if function issues no warning
- 4. Test if sts==1
- 5. According to overwrite test if file has been overwritten or not

### Test replace channel

Function name test\_replace\_channel(this, replace\_channels)

**Description** Vary replace\_channel and test wether channels are overwritten or not.

- 1. Generate data with 'file', 2, 'center', {{'scr', 'scr'}, [1,2,3]}, false
- 2. Test if function issues no warnings
- 3. Test if sts==1
- 4. Test if size of outdata equals the size of data
- 5. Test if outdata does not equal data
- 6. According to replace\_channel test whether returned channel ids correspond to replaced channels or correspond to added channels.

#### 5.27.4 Other methods

#### Generate data

Has all of the Test parameters as parameter implemented and accordingly generates the data. It calls put nan to insert NaN values into the data. The generated data is returned as data to the calling function. Also all return values are stored in the property testdata (for cleanup data).

### Cleanup data

Sits in MethodTeardown and is called once the test class has finished all tests. It then removes all the datafiles which can be found in the property 'testdata'.

### Verify NaN free

Helper function to verify whether the data is NaN free or not. It copes with two states. Either a channel should have been interpolated, then it shouldn't contain any NaN values or a channel should not have been interpolated, then the channel should still contain NaN values.

# 5.28 pspm\_load1

### 5.28.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_load1_test

Function [sts, data, mdltype] = pspm_load1(fn, action, savedata, options)
```

### **5.28.2** Setup

The datafile fn is referring to a datafile which was generated with pspm\_load1\_test.generate\_testdata(this). The function is part of the test object and generates models for all of the available model types (defined in settings.first). The models are created with data generated with pspm\_testdata\_gen. Two files belong to each model: model\_<modeltype><variable nr.>.mat (fn) and dummy\_<modeltype><variable\_nr: (dfn). The model file on the one hand is the actual model file while on the other hand, the dummy file is a copy of the model file, used by the test to manipulate the test data.

```
Generated aquisition data (pspm_testdata_gen) data{1}.chantype = 'scr';
  data{2}.chantype = 'hb';
  The duration of the channels is 100s.

Generated GLM model model.timing{1}.names = {'a';'b';'c'};
  model.timing{1}.onsets = {[10, 20, 30], [15, 25, 35], [18, 28, 38]};

Generated DCM & SF model model.timing{1} = [10,20; 23,38; 40,70;];
  model.condition{1}.name = {'a';'b'};
  model.condition{1}.index = [1;2];
```

### 5.28.3 Testcases

### **Invalid model structure (general)**

Function invalid\_model\_tructure\_general(this)

**Description** Tries to pass invalid data structures, and tests for certain warnings. Applys to all available modeltypes.

Tests

Input	Expected warning	
empty model file	<pre>ID:invalid_data_structure</pre>	
missing field 'modelfile'	ID:invalid_data_structure	
missing field 'modeltype'	ID:invalid_data_structure	
missing field 'modality'	ID:invalid_data_structure	
missing field 'stats'	ID:invalid_data_structure	
missing field 'names'	<pre>ID:invalid_data_structure</pre>	

# **Invalid model structure (specific)**

Function invalid\_model\_structure\_general(this)

**Description** Tries to pass invalid data structures, and tests for certain warnings. Model specific.

<u>Tests</u> for	<u> </u>
Input	Expected warning
field 'stats' is not an n x 1 vector	ID:invalid_data_structure
unequal amount of numbers and parameters in field 'stats	' ID:invalid_data_structure
options.zscored = 1 & action = 'cond'	ID:invalid_input

Tests	for	DCM	&	SF
	Input		Expected warning	
unequal size f	for fields in 'trlnames' a	nd rows in 'stats'	ID:invalid_data_structure	
	missing field 'trlname	es'	<pre>ID:invalid_data_structure</pre>	
unequal size f	for fields in 'names' and o	columns in 'stats'	ID:invalid_data_structure	]
	action = 'recon'		<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>	

Tests for	<u>DC</u> M
Input	Expected warning
<pre>options.zscored = 1 &amp; pspm_load1(dfn, 'none', {}, options)</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>options.zscored = 1 &amp; pspm_load1(dfn, 'cond', {}, options)</pre>	-
<pre>options.zscored = 1 &amp; pspm_load1(dfn, 'stats', {}, options)</pre>	-

Tests	for	GLM		&	SF
	Inpu	t		Expected warning	
options.zsc	ored = 1 & pspm_load	l1(dfn, 'cond',	{}, options)	ID:invalid_input	1

### Action 'none'

Function test\_action\_none(this)

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if action 'none' matches the expected behaviour.

### **Tests**

- 1. Basic function test
- 2. Test if returned data is empty.

### Action 'stats'

Function test\_action\_stats(this)

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if action 'stats' matches the expected behaviour.

### Tests for all

- 1. Basic function test
- 2. Returned data contains field 'stats'
- 3. Returned data contains field 'names'

### Tests for DCM & SF

- 1. Returned data contains field 'trlnames'
- 2. Returned data contains field 'condnames'

### Action 'cond'

Function test\_action\_cond(this)

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if action 'cond' matches the expected behaviour.

#### Tests for all

- 1. Basic function test
- 2. Returned data contains field 'stats'
- 3. Returned data contains field 'names'

#### **Tests for DCM & SF**

- Returned data contains field 'trlnames'
- 2. Returned data contains field 'condnames'

### Action 'recon'

Function test\_action\_recon(this)

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if action 'recon' matches the expected behaviour.

#### **Tests for GLM**

- 1. Basic function test
- 2. Returned data contains field 'stats'
- 3. Returned data contains field 'names'

Tests for DCM & SF already done in specific structure test.

### Action 'savecon'

Function test\_action\_savecon(this)

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if action 'savecon' matches the expected behaviour. Generates a number, passes it within the 'savecon' struct and tests if the number is returned correctly.

### **Tests**

- 1. Basic function test
- 2. Returned data contains field 'con'
- 3. Field 'con' contains field 'test'
- 4. Field 'con.test' is equal to the randomly generated number

#### Action 'con'

Function test\_action\_con(this)

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if action 'con' matches the expected behaviour. Tests if the in 'savecon' generated field test is still returned.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Basic function test
- 2. Returned data contains field 'con'
- 3. Field 'con' contains field 'test'.

#### Action 'all'

Function test\_action\_all(this)

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if action 'all' matches the expected behaviour.

### **Tests**

- 1. Basic function test
- 2. Returned data is not empty.

#### Action 'save'

Function test\_action\_save(this)

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if action 'save' matches the expected behaviour. Test with options.overwrite = 1. Generates random number and writes it into field 'test' in model structure.

### **Tests**

- 1. Basic function test
- 2. Model structure contains field 'test'
- 3. Field 'test' in model structure equals to the randomly generated number.

### **Options**

```
Function test_options(this)
```

**Description** Test for all modeltypes if options passed with options structure cause the expected behaviour. Does also work with a randomly generated number in <model struct>.test to test whether the data is written or not.

#### Tests for all

- 1. overwrite = 0 returns warning ID:not\_saving\_data and field 'test' in model struct does not match generated number
- 2. overwrite = 1 field 'test' in returned model struct does match generated number

```
Tests for DCM with overwrite = 1
```

- 1. zscored = 0 & action = 'stats'
  - (a) Basic function test
  - (b) Returned data.stats is not zscored
- 2. zscored = 1 & action = 'stats'
  - (a) Basic function test
  - (b) Returned data.stats is zscored
- 3. zscored = 0 & action = 'cond'
  - (a) Basic function test
  - (b) Returned data is different when calling with zscroed = 1 & action = 'cond' (should not zscore, when not specified)

### 5.28.4 Other methods

**Remove testdata** Removes all the test data generated by the test class. It is called once the class is finished with testing.

**Basic function test** Is called in each test after the tested function has been called. It does two checks:

- · Returned modeltype matches the modeltype stored in the returned model structure
- Returned status sts==1

# 5.29 pspm\_load\_data

Reviewed and updated by Teddy on 19 April 2022

#### 5.29.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_load_data_test
Function [sts, infos, data, filestruct] = pspm_load_data(fn, chan)
```

### **5.29.2** Setup

If not otherwise declared, the input variable fn is referring to a datafile which was generated with pspm\_testdata\_gen and consists out of the following channels:

```
data{1}.chantype 'scr';
data{2}.chantype 'marker';
data{3}.chantype 'hr';
data{4}.chantype 'hb';
data{5}.chantype 'marker';
data{6}.chantype 'resp';
data{7}.chantype 'scr';
```

The duration of the channels is 10s.

#### 5.29.3 Testcases

### **Invalid input arguments**

```
Function name invalid_inputargs(testCase)
```

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

# **Tests**

#	Issue	Input	Expected warning
1	No filename	/	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
2	No char filename	1	ID:invalid_input
3	Negative channel number	fn, -1	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
4	No allowed ch type	fn, 'foobar'	ID:invalid_input
5	Missing field in foo struct	fn, foo	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
6	Invalid channel option	fn, {1}	ID:invalid_input
7	Struct has no infos field	struct	<pre>ID:invalid_input</pre>
8	Nonexisting channel	fn, 250	ID:invalid_input

### **Invalid datafile**

Format invalid\_datafile(testCase)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the datafile is invalid.

# Tests

#	Issue	Input	Expected warning
1	non-existent datafile		ID:nonexistent_file
2	missing 'infos' variable		ID:invalid_data_structure
3	missing 'data' variable		ID:invalid_data_structure
4	missing 'data' field in 'data{2}'		<pre>ID:invalid_data_structure</pre>
5	missing 'header' field 'data{3}'		ID:invalid_data_structure
6	missing 'sr' field in 'data{7}.header'		<pre>ID:invalid_data_structure</pre>
7	data{4} is a nx2 vector (instead of a		<pre>ID:invalid_data_structure</pre>
	nx1 vector)		
8	the length of data{1}.data is		ID:invalid_data_structure
	incompatible with the duration		
9	An entry of data{2}.data is larger		ID:invalid_data_structure
	than 'duration'		
10	data{5} has an non-existent		ID:invalid_data_structure
	chantype ('scanner')		
11	duplicates (9) with struct chan input		<pre>ID:invalid_data_structure</pre>

# **Return all channels**

Function name valid\_datafile\_0(testCase)

**Description** Checks the function, if all channels shall be returned (chan = 0).

# Return all channels (struct input)

Function name valid\_datafile\_1(testCase)

**Description** Checks the function, if all channels shall be returned (chan = 0) and the input is a struct.

#### Return one channel

Function name valid\_datafile\_2(testCase)

**Description** Checks the function, if only one channel shall be returned (chan = 2).

### Return multiple channels

Function name valid\_datafile\_3(testCase)

**Description** Checks the function, if multiple channels shall be returned (chan = [3 5]).

#### Return scr channels

Function name valid\_datafile\_4(testCase)

**Description** Checks the function, if only the scr channels shall be returned.

### **Return event channels**

Function name valid\_datafile\_5(testCase)

**Description** Checks the function, if only the event channels shall be returned.

#### Save data

Function name valid\_datafile\_6(testCase)

**Description** Checks the function, if data is to be saved (chan struct).

# 5.30 pspm\_pp

#### 5.30.1 Overview

 ${\bf Test class} \quad {\tt pspm\_pp\_test}$ 

Format newfile = pspm\_pp('median', datafile, n, channelnumber) or newfile = pspm\_pp('butter',
datafile, freq, channelnumber)

### 5.30.2 Testcases

#### **Invalid** input

Format invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

#### **Tests**

#	Issue	Parameters of the function	Expected warning
1	No frequency	'butter', 'file'	ID:invalid_input
2	No valid first argument	'foo', 'file', 100	ID:invalid_input
3	Freq below 20	'butter', 'file', 19	ID:invalid_input

### Median test

Function name median\_test(this)

**Description** Checks medianfilter functionality

**Setup** Testfile with 3 channels (scr, hb, scr).

### **Tests**

- 1. Filter one channel [Input: newfile = pspm\_pp('median', testfile, 50, 3)]
  - i. Check if sts == 1, when data is loaded with pspm\_load\_data.
  - ii. Check if newfile has the same number of channels as testfile
- 2. Filter multiple channel [Input: newfile = pspm\_pp('median', testfile, 50)]
  - i. Check if sts == 1, when data is loaded with  $pspm_load_data$ .
  - ii. Check if newfile has the same number of channels as testfile

### **Butterworth filter test**

Function name butter\_test(this)

**Description** Checks Butterworth filter functionality

**Setup** Testfile with 3 channels (scr, hb, scr).

### **Tests**

- 1. Filter one channel [Input: newfile = pspm\_pp('butter', testfile, 40, 3)]
  - i. Check if sts == 1, when data is loaded with pspm\_load\_data.
  - ii. Check if newfile has the same number of channels as testfile
- 2. Filter multiple channel [Input: newfile = pspm\_pp('butter', testfile, 40)]
  - i. Check if sts == 1, when data is loaded with pspm\_load\_data.
  - ii. Check if newfile has the same number of channels as testfile

# 5.31 pspm\_prepdata

### 5.31.1 Overview

Testclass pspm\_prepdata\_test

Function [sts, outdata, newsr] = pspm\_prepdata(data, filt)

### 5.31.2 Testcases

### **Invalid input**

Function name invalid\_input(this)

Description

Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

Input	<b>Expected warning</b>
pspm_prepdata([1 NaN 3], filt) [NaN values in data]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_prepdata([1 2 3]) [no filt variable]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_prepdata(data, filt) [filt has no hporder field]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_prepdata('foo', filt) [no numeric data]	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_prepdata(data, filt) [with lpfreq = 'foo' (not valid)]</pre>	ID:invalid_input

Tests

### Hipassfilter test

Function name hipassfilter\_test(this)

**Description** Checks hipassfilter functionality (without downsampling)

```
Setup
data rand(1000,1)
filt.sr 100
filt.lpfreq 'none'
filt.lporder 1
filt.hpfreq 20
filt.hporder 1
filt.down 'none'
   Tests
  1. Unidirectional tests [filt.direction = 'uni']
     i. Check if sts == 1
     ii. Check if newsr == filt.sr
     iii. Check if outdata is empty
     iv. Check if length(outdata) == length(data)
  2. Unidirectional tests [filt.direction = 'bi']
     i. Check if sts == 1
     ii. Check if newsr == filt.sr
     iii. Check if outdata is empty
     iv. Check if length(outdata) == length(data)
Lowpassfilter test
   Function name lowpassfilter_test(this)
   Description Checks hipassfilter functionality (without downsampling)
   Setup
data rand(1000,1)
filt.sr 100
filt.lpfreq 40
filt.lporder 1
```

```
filt.hpfreq 'none'
filt.hporder 1
filt.down 'none'
```

**Tests** Same tests as in hipassfilter\_test. Additionally there is a check for a warning if filt.lpfreq is higher (or equal) than the nyquist frequency

Input		Expected warning	
pspm_prepdata(data,	filt) [filt.sr = 100;	filt.lpfreq = 60]	ID:no_low_pass_filtering

### **Bandpassfilter test**

Function name bandpassfilter\_test(this)

**Description** Checks bandpassfilter functionality (without downsampling).

### **Setup**

data rand(1000,1)
filt.sr 200

filt.lpfreq 99

filt.lporder 1

filt.hpfreq 20

filt.hporder 1

filt.down 'none'

**Tests** Same tests as in hipassfilter test.

### Integer samplerate ratio downsampling test

Function name int\_sr\_ratio\_downsample\_test(this)

**Description** Checks downsampling functionality, if the ratio between filt.sr and filt.down is an integer.

### **Setup**

```
ratio 2 % ratio between filt.sr and filt.down
filt.down 100
filt.sr ratio*filt.down
filt.lpfreq 40
filt.lporder 1
filt.hpfreq 'none'
filt.hporder 1
filt.direction 'uni'
and data = rand(filt.sr * 10,1).
Tests
```

- 1. Check if sts == 1
- 2. Check if newsr == filt.down
- 3. Check if outdata is empty
- 4. Check if ratio\*length(outdata) == length(data)

# 5.32 pspm\_process\_illuminance

### 5.32.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_process_illuminance_test

Function [sts, out] = pspm_process_illuminance(ldata, sr, options)
```

### **5.32.2** Setup

This test class is parameterised. The test data is generated by the function itself and when needed, files will be written to datafile<variable\_nr>.mat.

**Test parameters** These are parameters which define what kind of data should be passed to pspm\_process\_illuminance and which options should be set.

bf\_dur Defines the duration of the basis function.

bf\_offset Defines the offset of the basis function.

dur Defines the duration of the generated dataset.

sr Defines the samplerate of the generated dataset.

 $n_{-}$ times Defines how many datasets should be generated.

mode Defines the whether the dataset should be written to a file, kept as inline variable or should be a mix of both. Can be either 'file', 'inline' or 'mixed'.

overwrite Defines whether existing files should be overwritten or not.

### 5.32.3 Testcases

### **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

Test No.	Input	Expected warning
1	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance() [no arguments]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
2	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance([]) [empty data]</pre>	ID:missing_data
3	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance(1:10) [missing samplerate]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
4	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance(1:10, 'a') [invalid</pre>	ID:invalid_input
5	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance({1:10}, 1) [cell, no cell]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
6	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance(1:10, {1}) [no cell, cell]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
7	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance({1:10, 10:10}, {1})         [different sized cells]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
8	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance({1:10, 'a'},{1,2}) [invalid</pre>	ID:non_existent_file
9	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance({1:10, 1:10}, {1, 'a'})</pre>	ID:invalid_input
10	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance({1:10}, {1}, 'o') [wrong</pre>	ID:invalid_input
11	$pspm\_process\_illuminance(\{1:10\},\ \{1\},\ opt)[wrong transfer settings]$	ID:invalid_input
12	$pspm\_process\_illuminance(\{1:10\},\ \{1\},\ opt)[wrong \ duration]$	ID:invalid_input
13	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance({1:10}, {1}, opt)[wrong</pre>	ID:invalid_input
14	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance({1:10}, {1}, opt)[wrong</pre>	ID:invalid_input
15	$\label{eq:pspmprocess} pspm\_process\_illuminance(\{1:10\},\ \{1\},\ opt)[format\ of\ ldata\ and\ opt.fn\ differs]$	ID:invalid_input
16	<pre>pspm_process_illuminance({1:10}, {1},   opt)[opt.overwrite is not boolean]</pre>	ID:invalid_input

# **Test options**

Function name test\_options(this, sr, dur, bf\_dur, bf\_offset)

 $\textbf{Description} \quad \text{Tries out different combination options to process the generated illuminance data.}$ 

#### **Tests**

- 1. Generate data with sr and dur
- 2. Set options according to bf\_dur and bf\_offset
- 3. Set expected warning according to sr\*dur and sr\*bf\_dur
  - (a) expect empty data if sr\*dur < 1
  - (b) expect invalid input if sr\*bf\_dur < 1
  - (c) otherwise expect no warning
- 4. Test if issued warning equals expected warning
- 5. Test if sts equals expected value
- 6. Test if amount of data elements of input and output data is equal

#### Test multi

```
Function name test_multi(this, n_times, mode)
```

**Description** Generates n sets of illuminance data and passes it to pspm\_process\_illuminance.

### **Steps**

- 1. Generate data with 10 (sr), 100 (dur), n\_times (amount), mode
- 2. Test if pspm\_process\_illuminance issues no warning
- 3. Test if sts==1
- 4. For n\_times == 1, test if out has 10×100 data points
- 5. For n\_times ~= 1, test if output has same size as input

### Test overwrite

```
Function name test_overwrite(this, overwrite)
```

**Description** Generate illuminance file and test overwrite behaviour.

- 1. Generate data with 10 (sr), 100 (dur), 1 (amount), 'file'
- 2. Test if pspm\_process\_illuminance issues no warning
- 3. Test if sts==1
- 4. Test if existing file was overwriten or not

#### 5.32.4 Other methods

**Generate lx** Has some of the Test parameters as parameter implemented and accordingly generates the lx data. According to the calling arguments the output is a cell of files and data vectors. All generated files will be stored in the property 'datafiles'. They will be removed once all tests have finished.

**Cleanup** Located in MethodTeardown and is called once the test class has finished all tests. It then removes all the datafiles which can be found in the property 'datafiles'.

# 5.33 pspm\_pulse\_convert

### 5.33.1 Overview

**Testclass** pspm\_pulse\_convert\_test

Function wavedata = pspm\_pulse\_convert(pulsedata, resamplingrate, samplingrate)

### 5.33.2 Testcases

### **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input(testCase)

**Description** Pass invalid input arguments and test if the error message is correct.

#### Tests

Input	Expected warning
pspm_pulse_convert()	ID:invalid_input
pspm_pulse_convert(10^-3 * (1:10000)')	ID:invalid_input
pspm_pulse_convert(10^-3 * (1:10000)', 10000)	ID:invalid_input

### Valid input

Function name valid\_input(testCase)

**Description** Pass generated, valid data and test if function issues no warning.

# **Steps**

- 1. Test function without downsampling the data
- 2. Test function with downsampling the data

# 5.34 pspm\_ren

### 5.34.1 Overview

**Testclass** pspm\_ren\_test

Function out\_newfilename = pspm\_ren(filename, newfilename)

### 5.34.2 Testcases

### **Invalid** input

Function name invalid\_input (this)

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

### **Tests**

Input	Expected warning
pspm_ren('fn') [no newfilename]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_ren({'fn1', 'fn2'}, {'rfn1', 'rfn2', 'rfn3'}) [non same	ID:invalid_input
size cell arrays]	

# **Char Valid Input**

Function name char\_valid\_input (this)

 $\textbf{Description} \quad \text{Checks the function if the input variables are of type char. It uses $\tt pspm\_load\_data$ to check the files.}$ 

# **Steps**

- 1. Check if out\_newefilename = newfilename
- Check if sts==1 (of pspm\_load\_data output)
- 3. Check if the field 'infos.rendata' exists
- 4. Check if the field 'infos.newname' exists
- 5. Check if the original file has been deleted

### **Cell Valid Input**

```
Function name cell_valid_input (this)
```

**Description** Checks the function if the input variables are of type cell. It uses pspm\_load\_data to check the files.

**Tests** The inputs are two-element cell arrays. For both elements the same tests as in the char\_valid\_input function are performed individually.

### 5.35 pspm\_resp\_pp

### 5.35.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_resp_pp_test
```

```
Function sts = pspm_resp_pp(fn, sr, chan, options)
```

### 5.35.2 Testcases

### Regression Test against Revision r660

```
Function name compare_results_to_results_obtained_from_r660_version(this)
```

**Description** In r660, there was a bug found in pspm\_resp\_pp that caused it to crash with index out of bounds error on inputs containing some edgecase. This test specifically checks whether the fixed version returns the same results as the version before the bugfix on data that didn't cause a crash.

- 1. Check if the returned channel types have the same name and ordering
- 2. Check if the returned data is the same

# 5.36 pspm\_scr\_pp

### 5.36.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_scr_pp_test

Properties ...

Format ...
```

# 5.37 pspm\_split\_sessions

#### 5.37.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_split_sessions_test
Properties expected_number_of_files = 3
Format newdatafile = pspm_split_sessions(datafile, markerchannel, options)
```

### 5.37.2 Setup

For the tests a testdatafile with three channels is used (duration is 100s). The markerchannel data is

```
data = [1 4 9 12 30 31 34 41 43 59 65 72 74 80 89 96]'.
```

Hence if MAXSN==10 and BRK2NORM==3 (default values), the datafiles should be split into 3 files. If different values are being used, update the property 'expected\_number\_of\_files' of the testclass object accordingly.

### 5.37.3 Testcases

### **Invalid** input

```
Function name invalid_input (this)
```

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

Input	<b>Expected warning</b>
pspm_split_sessions() [no filename]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_split_sessions (2) [no string filename]	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_split_sessions ('fn', 'foo') [no numeric marker channel no.]</pre>	ID:invalid_input

#### One datafile

Function name one\_datafile(this)

**Description** Checks the function if the variable 'datafile' is of type char (one datafile). The markerchannel number is not assigned explicitly.

#### **Steps**

- 1. Check if the file has been split into 'expected\_number\_of\_files' files For each output file the following tests are performed:
- 2. Check if sts == 1, when data is loaded with pspm\_load\_data.
- 3. Check if number of channels is correct.
- 4. Check it the field infos.slitdate exists
- 5. Check if the field infos.splitsn exists
- 6. Check if the field infos.splitfile exists.

### Multiple datafiles

Function name multiple\_datafiles(this)

**Description** Checks the function if the variable 'datafile' is of type cell (two datafiles). The markerchannel number is assigned explicitly.

**Tests** For both datafiles the same tests as in the one\_datafile function are performed individually. Additionally it is tested if the number of input files does match the number of output files.

# 5.38 pspm\_trim

Reviewed and updated by Teddy on 19 April 2022

### 5.38.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_trim_test
Function newdatafile = pspm_trim(datafile, from, to, reference, options)
```

### 5.38.2 Setup

If not otherwise declared, the input variable fn is referring to a datafile which was generated with pspm\_testdata\_gen and consists of the following channels

```
data{1}.chantype 'scr'
data{2}.chantype 'marker'
data{3}.chantype 'hr'
data{4}.chantype 'hb'
data{5}.chantype 'marker'
data{6}.chantype 'resp'
data{7}.chantype 'scr'
```

The duration of the data recording is 10s.

### 5.38.3 Testcases

### **Invalid input arguments**

```
Function name invalid_inputargs(testCase)
```

**Description** Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

Input	Expected warning
<pre>pspm_trim(testCase.fn, [1 2], 5, 'marker') [invalid from parameter]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_trim(testCase.fn, 0, 'bla', 'marker') [invalid to</pre>	ID:invalid_input
pspm_trim(testCase.fn, 0, '[]', 'marker') [invalid to parameter]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_trim(fn, 0, 5) [no reference]	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_trim(fn, 0, 5, 6) [no char or 2-element numeric reference]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_trim(fn, 0, 5, 'bla') [invalid char reference]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_trim(fn, 0, 5, [-1 5]) [invalid numeric start reference]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_trim(fn, 0, 5, [5 4]) [invalid numeric start/end</pre>	ID:invalid_input

### Testing 'marker' as reference

### Function name

- marker\_tests(testCase)

### Description

 A wrapper function for tests with reference = 'marker'. It executes the methods markertest\_k, where the testcases are defined.

# $markertest_1$

### Description

- from and to are set so that the trimming points are out of the range [0,duration]. Hence the data should not be trimmed.

# · Expected warning

- ID: marker\_out\_of\_range

### Input

- pspm\_trim(fn, -20, 20, 'marker')

### $markertest\_2$

### Description

- from and to are set so that the trimming points are exactly (0, duration). Hence the data should not be trimmed.

### Input

- from -1 \* marker(1)
- to duration marker(end)
- then pspm\_trim(fn, from, to, 'marker')

### markertest 3

### Description

- from and to are set so that the trimming points in the range [0,duration].

### • Input

```
- pspm_trim(fn, 1, -2, 'marker')
```

### Testing 'file' as reference

- Function name
  - file\_tests(testCase)

### Description

A wrapper function for tests with reference = 'file'. It executes the methods filetest\_k,
 where the testcases are defined.

### $filetest_1$

### Description

from and to are set so that the trimming points are out of the range [0,duration].
 Hence the data should not be trimmed.

### · Expected warning

```
- ID: marker_out_of_range
```

### • Input

```
- pspm_trim(fn, -12.5, 50, 'marker')
```

### $filetest_2$

### Description

 from and to are set so that the trimming points are exactly (0, duration). Hence the data should not be trimmed.

### Input

```
- pspm_trim(fn, 0 , duration, 'marker')
```

### $filetest_3$

### Description

- from and to are set so that the trimming points in the range [0, duration].

### Input

```
- pspm_trim(fn,2.1, duration - 2.5, 'marker')
```

### Numeric reference tests

#### Function name

- num\_tests(testCase)

### Description

A wrapper function for tests with reference = [a b] (a, b are two integers with a<b).</li>
 It executes the methods markertest\_k, where the testcases are defined.

### $numtest_1$

# Description

from and to are set so that the trimming points are out of the range [0,duration].
 Hence the data should not be trimmed.

### Expected warning

```
- ID: marker_out_of_range
```

### Input

```
- pspm_trim(fn, -20, 20, [2 14])
```

### $numtest_2$

### Description

 from and to are set so that the trimming points are exactly (0, duration). Hence the data should not be trimmed.

### Input

```
- from = -1 * marker(3)
- to = duration - marker(8)
- then pspm_trim(fn, from, to, [3 8])
```

### $numtest_3$

### Description

- from and to are set so that the trimming points in the range [0, duration].

### Input

```
- pspm_trim(fn, -1.5, 2, [2 7])
```

### $numtest_4$

### Description

- Second reference point is out of the marker range; from is set to 'none'. Hence the data should not be trimmed.

### · Expected warning

```
- ID: marker_out_of_range
```

#### Input

```
- pspm_trim(fn, 'none', 0, [1 (numel(marker) + 1)])
```

### Multiple file reference tests

#### Function name

- multiple\_files(testCase)

### Description

- The input variable datafile is either a cell array of two filenames or a cell array of two stucts. In both cases it is tested whether the return value is also a cell array of two filenames and whether both files are trimmed correctly.

### **Option tests (marker channel number option)**

### • Function name

- marker\_chan\_num\_option\_test(testCase)

### Description

- Tests if the option marker\_chan\_num is working correctly. There are two tests:
  - 1. Checks for a warning if the selected channel is no marker channel.
  - 2. Checks if the selected channel is actually used.

# 5.39 pspm\_write\_channel

#### 5.39.1 Overview

```
Testclass pspm_write_channel_test
```

```
Format [sts] = pspm_write_channel(fn, newdata, action, options)
```

### 5.39.2 Setup

**Testdatafile** The testdatafile is a class property. It is generated by the function generate\_testdatafile() once the test class is setup. Changes made by a test to the testdatafile won't be reverted. Thus some test functions rely on the changes made by another test function. Therefore the functions may not work properly if called individually.

```
Structure Created with generate_testdatafile().

data{1}.chantype 'scr';

data{2}.chantype 'marker';

data{3}.chantype 'scr';

The sampling rate is 100Hz and the duration is 500s.

5.39.3 Testcases
Invalid input

Function name invalid_input(this)

Description Checks for warnings, if the input arguments are invalid.

Tests
```

Input	<b>Expected warning</b>
pspm_write_channel() [no parameter]	ID:invalid_input
pspm_write_channel(1) [fn is a number]	ID:invalid_input
<pre>pspm_write_channel('some_file', []) [no action passed]</pre>	ID:unknown_action
<pre>pspm_write_channel('some_file', [], '') [empty action</pre>	ID:unknown_action
<pre>options.channel = 'some invalid channel'pspm_write_channel('some_file', [], 'add',</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>options.channel = -1pspm_write_channel('some_file', [],</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>options.channel = 0pspm_write_channel('some_file', [],     'delete', options) [no channel and no data given]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>options.channel = 0pspm_write_channel('some_file', [],</pre>	ID:invalid_input
<pre>options.channel = 0pspm_write_channel('some_file', 1:3,     'add', options) [newdata is not cell and not struct]</pre>	ID:invalid_input
options.channel = 1:5pspm_write_channel(this.testdatafile, [], 'delete', options) [more given channels than in file exist]	ID:invalid_input
<pre>options.channel = 'ecg'; pspm_write_channel(this.testdatafile, [], 'delete',</pre>	ID:no_matching_channels
<pre>pspm_write_channel(this.testdatafile, gen_data.data{1},</pre>	ID:invalid_data_structu

### Action 'add'

# Function name test\_add(this)

**Description** Checks if action 'add' behaves as expected. A new channel with chantype = 'hb', sr = 200 and duration = 500 is generated.

### **Tests**

1. Load condition before and after and pass it to 'Verify write'

### Action 'add transposed'

Function name test\_add\_transposed(this)

**Description** Checks if action 'add' behaves as expected, when data has the wrong dimensions. A new channel with chantype = 'rs', sr = 200 and duration = 500 is generated.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Transpose generated data
- 2. Load condition before and after and pass it to 'Verify write'

### Action 'replace'/'add'

Function name test\_replace\_add(this)

**Description** Checks if action 'replace' behaves as expected. A new channel with chantype = 'hr', sr = 10 and duration = 500 is generated.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Running pspm\_write\_channel with action = 'replace' should issue 'ID:no\_matching\_channels' (channeltype should not exist before) and then instead add the channel
- 2. Load condition before and after and pass it to 'Verify write'

### Action 'replace'

Function name test\_replace(this)

**Description** Checks if action 'replace' behaves as expected. A new channel with chantype = 'hr', sr = 20 and duration = 500 is generated.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Load condition before and after and pass it to 'Verify write'
- 2. Test if 'hr' channel has sample rate 20

### Action 'delete' (one channel)

Function name test\_delete\_single(this)

**Description** Checks if action 'delete' behaves as expected. In this test only one channel will be deleted. To test the delete algorithm there will be 7 channels added which are then also used for test\_delete\_multi(this). The particular channels are then identified by the sample rate which corresponds to the channel id \* 10.

#### **Tests**

- 1. Delete channel with chantype = 'hr' in newdata.header.chantype
  - (a) Verify write
  - (b) Ensure only one channel has been deleted
  - (c) Test if there is no more channel with chantype = 'hr'
- 2. Delete channel with channel number in options.channel
  - (a) Verify Write
  - (b) Ensure only one channel has been deleted
- 3. Test the delete algorithm
  - (a) Remove 'resp' channel with options.delete = 'last'
    - i. Verify write
    - ii. Ensure only one channel has been deleted
    - iii. Test if last channel was deleted
  - (b) Remove 'resp' channel with options.delete = 'first'
    - i. Verify write
    - ii. Ensure only one channel has been deleted
    - iii. Test if last entry was not deleted

### Action 'delete' (multiple channels)

Function name test\_delete\_multi(this)

**Description** Checks if action 'delete' behaves as expected. In this test only multiple channels will be deleted. This test relys on the changes made to the testdatafile by other test functions in this class.

- 1. Delete channel 1 and 2 from testdatafile
  - (a) Verify write
  - (b) Ensure two channels have been deleted

- 2. Delete all 'resp' channels from testdatafile
  - (a) Verify write
  - (b) Test if datafile contains no more 'resp' channels

#### 5.39.4 Other methods

**Verify write** Is called after pspm\_write\_channel has been called (action = 'add' or action = 'replace') and tests if data was written and a new history entry was made.

#### **Tests**

- 1. if action == 'add', test if there is a new channel
- 2. if action == 'replace', test if there is still the same amount of channels
- 3. if action == 'delete', test if there have been as many channels deleted as given in outinfos.channel
- 4. test if history has a new entry
- 5. search for channels with same chantype as added channel (should be only one channel)
- 6. test if number of data elements in new channel and added channel is equal
- 7. test if new channel and added channel have same 'sr'.

# 5.40 Python

#### 5.40.1 Overview

```
pspm_check_python_module_test

Format out = pspm_cfg_python(package_name)
sts = pspm_check_python(valid_python_path)
sts = pspm_check_python_modules(package_name)
```

**Note** pspm\_cfg\_python is a UI controller function that handles python path. The function can be called by other UI functions if Python is required for performing relavent processing. The function will ask users to define the path for python that has been installed in the system.

# 5.40.2 Test for python

Function name pspm\_check\_python

**Testclass** pspm\_check\_python\_test

**Description** pspm\_check\_python\_test is a test function that checks the installation of python in the system by using pspm\_check\_python, and the path of the python package that has been installed is detected by pspm\_py\_find\_location.py.

#### **Tests**

- 1. test\_current\_python\_environment
  - (a) ensure a Python environment is already configured
- 2. test\_set\_new\_python\_environment
  - (a) Automatically detect the python installed in the system and test if it can be checked successfully by pspm\_check\_python.
- 3. test set invalid python environment
  - (a) Use an invalid python path to check if pspm\_check\_python returns invalid results.
- 4. test\_python\_environment\_already\_set
  - (a) Test when the specified Python environment is already set as the current.

#### **5.40.3** Test for python modules

Function name pspm\_check\_python\_module\_test

**Description** pspm\_check\_python\_module\_test manages to check the modules that is installed in the system by using pspm\_check\_python\_modules. Currently, it only tests the module "math".

- test\_python\_environment\_with\_modules
  - (a) To test the package "math" that has been installed can be checked successfully by using pspm\_check\_python\_modules.

# **6 External Functions and Tools**

# 6.1 VB (Variational Bayes) inversion algorithm by Jean Daunizeau

### **Updated October 2014**

**VBA\_ReDisplay.m** Fixed try-catch syntax in various places by adding a comma after "try" to avoid warning in MATLAB > 2007

**VBA\_inv.m** In line 42, added warning off/on to suppress the warning Matrix is singular, close to singular or badly scaled. Results may be inaccurate. RCOND = NaN.

# **Updated October 2016**

**VBA\_ReDisplay.m** Fixed try-catch syntax in various places by adding a comma after "try" to avoid warning in MATLAB > 2007

**VBA\_inv.m** In line 48: added warning off/on to suppress the warning "Matrix is singular, close to singular or badly scaled. Results may be inaccurate. RCOND = NaN."

**VBA NLStateSpaceModel.m** Added resetting warning to preceeding state.

### 7 GitHub Actions

Contributed by Teddy Zhao Updated in March 2022

GitHub Actions is a Continuous Integration (CI) environment for testing GitHub repository, which is now used for testing and maintaining PsPM. GitHub Actions is deeply implemented in GitHub, thus there is no further website or facility needed for running GitHub Actions for PsPM.

# 7.1 Repositories

Until March 2022, code and test data are seperately stored in GitHub, in *PsPM* and *PsPM-data*, respectively. Both of *PsPM* and *PsPM-data* are under the *bachlab* account. *PsPM* is a public repository allowing group members and public visitors to check the code and propose issues. *PsPM-data* is a private repository allowing only group members to check the data and propose issues. This is because *PsPM-data* has some research data that may not be appropriate for public vistors. It could be a good idea to find another cloud storage service with University's approval to store research data. *PsPM-data* has all the required test data for running testsuit of *PsPM*. To run testsuit of *PsPM*, it must be gauranteed that *PsPM-data* is accessible.

#### 7.2 Workflow

To guide the actions of GitHub Actions, a workflow script as a .yaml file is required, which should be storaged at ~/bachlab/PsPM/.github/workflow. The workflow has been prepared and tested to be running well for maintaining *PsPM*. The explainations of key scripts are show below.

### Step 1 Import PsPM

```
    name: Check out repository code
uses: actions/checkout@v2
```

This step imports the source code of PsPM to the server, in our case, a Ubuntu server.

#### Step 2 Import PsPM-data

```
- name: Add test data
uses: actions/checkout@v2
with:
   repository: bachlab/PsPM-data
   token: ${{ secrets.PSPM_PAT }}
   path: ImportTestData
```

This step imports the test data in *PsPM-data* to the server. The details of the token is introduced in the next section.

### **Step 3** Setup MATLAB

```
- name: Setup MATLAB
  uses: matlab-actions/setup-matlab@v1.0.1
```

#### **Step 4** Setup testing script

```
- name: Run script
id: pspm_test_main
uses: matlab-actions/run-command@v1
with:
   command: addpath('test'), addpath('src'), pspm_test_github_actions
```

The script of testing *PsPM* has been optimised for GitHub Actions, which is saved as pspm\_test\_github\_actions. Further modifications should be done here.

### Step 5 Save records

```
- name: Check status
id: check_status
uses: andstor/file-existence-action@v1
with:
    files: "success.txt"
```

This step return a document success.txt if the script does not return any error, indicating the code has passed the test suit.

#### Step 6 Reture success

```
- name: Return running success
if: ${{ steps.check_status.outputs.files_exists == 'true' }}
run: exit 0

Step 7 Return failure
- name: Return running failure
if: ${{ steps.check_status.outputs.files_exists != 'true' }}
run: exit 1
```

### 7.3 Token

Tokens are required to perform GitHub Actions for *PsPM* as the data repository is stored as private. The steps for generating and implementing tokens are described as below.

- $\textbf{Step 1} \quad \text{Generate a Personal Access Token (PAT) at https://github.com/settings/tokens, name it as PSPM\_PAT with required priviliges.}$
- **Step 2** In the YAML file, the script for running GitHub Actions, make sure the PAT file has been mentioned appropriately, like

```
token: ${{ secrets.PSPM_PAT }}
```

**Step 3** In the settings of *PsPM* repository, which can be found at https://github.com/bachlab/PsPM/settings/secrets, make sure *Repository Secrets*, which is under *Actions Secrets*, has contained PSPM\_PAT. This operation requires your privilige to access the setting profiles of the corresponding repository.

**Step 4** Similar to Step 3, in the settings of *PsPM-data* repository, which can be found at https://github.com/bachlab/PsPM-data/settings/secrets/actions, make sure *Repository Secrets*, which is under *Actions Secrets*, has contained PSPM\_PAT. This operation requires your privilige to access the setting profiles of the correspoding repository.

Now the script should be running ok. Please note the PAT must be updated regularly due to security concerns.

# **8 List of Functions**

Function Name	Main Author(s)	Test Function	Test Doc- ument
f_SCR	DB & JD	-	-
f_SF	DB	-	-
g_SCR	DB	-	-
pspm	DB	X	X
scr	DB	X	X
pspm_align_channels	DB	X	X
pspm_axpos	DB	-	-
pspm_bf_brf	SK & DB	-	-
pspm_bf_FIR	DB	-	-
pspm_bf_Fourier	DB	-	-
pspm_bf_hprf	DB	-	-
pspm_bf_hprf_e	TM	-	-
pspm_bf_hprf_fc	TM	-	-
pspm_bf_hprf_fc_f	TM	-	-
pspm_bf_lcrf_gm	TM	-	-
pspm_bf_ldrf_gm	TM	-	-
pspm_bf_ldrf_gu	TM	-	-
pspm_bf_psrf_fc	TM	-	-
pspm_rarf_e	TM	-	-
pspm_rarf_fc	TM	-	-
pspm_rfrrf_e	TM	-	-
pspm_rprf_e	TM	-	-
pspm_bf_scrf_f	DB	-	-
pspm_bf_scrf	DB	-	-
pspm_bf_spsrf_box	LC	-	-
pspm_bf_spsrf_gamma	LC	-	-
pspm_butter	DB	X	X

pspm_con1	DB	-	-
pspm_con2	DB	-	-
pspm_contrast	DB	-	-
pspm_convert_area2diameter	TM	-	-
pspm_convert_au2mm	TM	-	-
pspm_convert_illum2lum	TM	-	-
pspm_convert_lux2cdm2	TM	-	-
pspm_convert_mm2visdeg	TM	-	-
pspm_convert_pixel2unit_core	LC	-	-
pspm_convert_unit	TM	Х	X
pspm_convert_visangle2sps	LC	-	-
pspm_convert_visual_angle_core	DB	-	-
pspm_data_editor	TM	-	-
pspm_dcm_inv	DB	-	-
pspm_dcm	DB	-	-
pspm_denoise_spike	DB	-	-
pspm_display	PCP	-	-
pspm_down	DB	X	-
pspm_downsample	DB	-	-
pspm_ecg2hb	PCP	X	X
pspm_ecg2hb_amri	EY	X	-
pspm_ecg_editor	TM	-	-
pspm_exp	DB	X	-
pspm_extract_segments	TM	X	X
pspm_filtfilt	DB	Х	X
pspm_find_channel	DB	Х	X
pspm_find_data_epochs	TM	-	-
pspm_find_sounds	SG	Х	X
pspm_find_valid_fixations	TM	X	X
pspm_get_acq_bioread	TM	Х	X
pspm_get_acq	DB	Х	X
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$pspm\_get\_acqmat$	DB	X	X
pspm_get_biograph	DB	X	X
pspm_get_biosemi	DB	X	X
pspm_get_biotrace	DB	X	X
pspm_get_blink_l	TM	-	-
pspm_get_blink_r	TM	-	-
pspm_get_brainvis	DB	X	X
pspm_get_cell	DB	-	-
pspm_get_cnt	DB	-	-
pspm_get_custom	TM	-	-
pspm_get_ecg	DB	X	X
pspm_get_edf	TM	X	X
pspm_get_events	DB	Х	Х
pspm_get_eyelink	CK & TM	Х	Х
pspm_get_gaze_x_l	TM	-	-
pspm_get_gaze_y_l	TM	-	-
pspm_get_gaze_x_r	TM	-	-
pspm_get_gaze_y_r	TM	-	-
pspm_get_hb	DB	X	X
pspm_get_hp	DB	-	-
pspm_get_hr	DB	X	X
pspm_get_labchartmat_ext	DB	X	X
pspm_get_labchartmat_in	DB	X	X
pspm_get_marker	DB	X	X
pspm_get_markerinfo	DB	-	-
pspm_get_mat	DB	X	X
pspm_get_obs	LR	X	X
pspm_get_physlog	TM	-	-
pspm_get_pupil	DB	X	Х
pspm_get_pupil_l	TM	-	-
pspm_get_pupil_r	TM	-	-
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pspm_get_resp	DB	X	X
pspm_get_rf	DB	-	-
pspm_get_saccade_l	LC	-	-
pspm_get_saccade_r	LC	-	-
pspm_get_scr	DB	X	X
pspm_get_smi	EY	-	-
pspm_get_sps	LC	-	-
pspm_get_smr	DB	X	X
pspm_get_smrx	TZ	-	-
pspm_get_sound	TM	-	-
pspm_get_timing	DB	X	X
pspm_get_txt	DB	X	X
pspm_get_vario	DB	X	X
pspm_get_viewpoint	EY	-	-
pspm_get_wdq	DB	-	-
pspm_get_wdq_n	TM	X	X
pspm_glm_recon	DB	-	-
pspm_glm	DB	X	X
pspm_hb2hp	DB	X	X
pspm_hb2hr	DB	-	-
pspm_import	DB	X	X
pspm_init	DB	-	-
pspm_interpolate	TM	X	X
pspm_jobman	GG	-	-
pspm_job_create	DB	-	-
pspm_load_data	DB	X	X
pspm_load1	DB	X	X
pspm_load_single_chan	EY	-	-
pspm_merge	DB	-	-
pspm_overwrite	TZ	-	-
pspm_path	EY	x	-

pspm_peakscore	DB	-	-
pspm_pp	DB	X	X
pspm_ppg2hb	SG	-	-
pspm_predval	DB	-	-
pspm_prepdata	DB	X	X
pspm_process_illuminance	TM	x	-
pspm_pulse_convert	DB	x	-
pspm_pupil_correct_eyelink	EY	x	-
pspm_pupil_correct	EY	X	-
pspm_pupil_pp	EY	X	-
pspm_pupil_pp_options	EY	-	-
pspm_quit	DB	-	-
pspm_ren	DB	X	X
pspm_resp_pp	DB	-	-
pspm_rev_con	DB	-	-
pspm_rev_dcm	DB	-	-
pspm_rev_glm	DB	-	-
pspm_rev2	DB	-	-
pspm_review	GG	-	-
pspm_segment_mean	TM	-	-
pspm_scr_pp	TZ	X	X
pspm_sf_auc	DB	-	-
pspm_sf_dcm	DB	-	-
pspm_sf_mp	DB	-	-
pspm_sf_scl	DB	-	-
pspm_sf_theta	DB	-	-
pspm_sf	DB	-	-
pspm_sf_get_theta	DB	-	-
pspm_show_arms	DB		-
pspm_spike_convert	DB		-
pspm_split_sessions	LR	X	X

pspm_transfer_function	DB	-	
pspm_time2index	TZ	X	X
pspm_trim	DB	X	X
pspm_version	TM	-	-
pspm_write_channel	TM	X	X
set_blinks_saccades_to_nan	EY	X	-

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