Syllabus of Probability and Statistics

Chapter 1: Fundamental Concepts of Probability

- 1.1 Fundamental Contents
- 1.1.1 Sample space, random events, relationship, and operation of events.
- 1.1.2 Definition and properties of frequency and probability.
- 1.1.3 Classical probability, geometric probability.
- 1.1.4 Conditional probability, multiplication formula, total probability formula, Bayesian formula.
- 1.1.5 Independence of events, Bernoulli probability type.
- 1.2 Basic Requirements
- 1.2.1 Understand the concepts of random events and sample space, and master the relationships and operations between events.
- 1.2.2 Understand the definitions of frequency and probability, grasp the basic properties of probability, and use them in calculations.
- 1.2.3 Master the definition and operation of classical probability, and understand the model and operation of geometric probability.
- 1.2.4 Proficiency in conditional probability formula, multiplication formula, total probability formula, and Bayesian formula. Can apply these formulas to calculate probabilities and solve applied problems.
- 1.2.5 Understand the concept of event independence and apply it to calculate probabilities. Learn about independent experiments and master the Bernoulli concept.

- 1.3 Class Schedule (8 credit hours)
- 1.3.1 Sample space, random events, frequency (2 credit hours)
- 1.3.2 Probability, equal probability models (2 credit hours)
- 1.3.3 Conditional probability and derived multiplication, total probability, Bayesian formulas (2 credit hours)
- 1.3.4 Independence and Bernoulli Probability Models (1 credit hour)
- 1.3.5 Review (1 credit hour)

Chapter 2: Random Variables and Probability Distributions

- 2.1 Fundamental Contents
- 2.1.1 Definition of random variables, definition and properties of distribution functions.
- 2.1.2 Discrete random variables and probability mass function, including geometric distribution, hypergeometric distribution, binomial distribution, Poisson distribution, and Poisson's theorem.
- 2.1.3 Continuous random variables and probability density functions, including uniform distributions, exponential distributions, Γ distributions.
- 2.1.4 Distributions of functions of random variables.
- 2.2 Basic Requirements
- 2.2.1 Understand the concept of random variables and master the definition and properties of distribution functions.
- 2.2.2 Calculate the probability distribution of discrete random variables,

- and master the relationship between probability distribution and distribution function.
- 2.2.3 Understand geometric distribution, hypergeometric distribution, master binomial distribution and calculation, Poisson's theorem, and Poisson distribution, and use Poisson distribution to approximate the probability of binomial distribution.
- 2.2.4 Master the properties and probability calculation of the density function, the relationship between the density function and the distribution function, and obtain the distribution function from the density function.
- 2.2.5 Master uniform, exponential distribution, and calculation probability, master Γ function and properties, and understand Γ distribution.
- 2.2.6 Find the probability distribution of a function of a discrete random variable or the density function of a function of a continuous random variable (such as Y=g(X)).
- 2.3 Class Schedule (8 credit hours)
- 2.3.1 Random variables and their distribution functions (1 credit hour)
- 2.3.2 Discrete random variables and their distributions (2 credit hours)
- 2.3.3 Continuous random variables and their distributions (2 credit hours)
- 2.3.4 Distribution of a function of a random variable (1 credit hour)
- 2.3.5 Review and Unit Testing (2 credit hours)

Chapter 3: Multivariate Random Variable and Its Distribution

- 3.1 Fundamental Contents
- 3.1.1 Bivariate random variable definition, bivariate distribution function, and properties.
- 3.1.2 Bivariate discrete random variable and probability distribution, including trinomial distribution.
- 3.1.3 Bivariate continuous random variable and density function, including bivariate uniform distribution.
- 3.1.4 Marginal distribution and independence of random variables, conditional distributions, and conditional densities.
- 3.1.5 Distribution of functions of bivariate random variables.
- 3.1.6 Multivariate random variable definition and properties.
- 3.2 Basic Requirements
- 3.2.1 Master the definition of a bivariate random variable and its distribution functions.
- 3.2.2 Calculate bivariate discrete probability distribution, understand the trinomial distribution, master the definition and properties of bivariate continuous density function, and calculate related probabilities.
- 3.2.3 Calculate marginal distribution, and marginal density, and master the necessary and sufficient conditions for X and Y to be independent.
- 3.2.4 Calculate conditional distribution, conditional density, and related conditional probability.

- 3.2.5 Find the probability distribution or density function of a function of bivariate random variables (such as Z=g(X, Y)).
- 3.2.6 Understand the definition of multivariate random variables and their distribution functions; understand and master the additivity of distributions; the largest and smallest distributions of independent and identically distributed random variables.
- 3.3 Class Schedule (11 credit hours)
- 3.3.1 Bivariate random variable and its distribution (2.5 credit hours)
- 3.3.2 Marginal distributions and independence (2.5 credit hours)
- 3.3.3 Conditional distribution and conditional density (2 credit hours)
- 3.3.4 Distribution of a function of bivariate random variable (2 credit hours)
- 3.3.5 Multivariate random variable (1 credit hour)
- 3.3.6 Review (1 credit hour)

Chapter 4: Numerical Characteristics of Random Variables

- 4.1 Fundamental Contents
- 4.1.1 Expectation, variance properties, and calculations.
- 4.1.2 Moments and coefficients of variation.
- 4.1.3 Covariance and correlation coefficients and their properties and calculations.
- 4.2 Basic Requirements
- 4.2.1 Master the definition, properties, and operations of expectation,

variance, covariance, and correlation coefficient.

- 4.2.2 Compute the expectation E[g(X)] of a function of a single random variable and the expectation E[g(X, Y)] of a function of a two-dimensional random vector.
- 4.2.3 Compute E(X), D(X), and E[g(X)] based on the joint probability distribution or joint density function of (X, Y).
- 4.2.4 Understand the definitions and properties of moments and coefficients of variation.
- 4.3 Class Schedule (8 credit hours)
- 4.3.1 Expectations and their nature (2.5 credit hours)
- 4.3.2 Variance and moments (1.5 credit hours)
- 4.3.3 Covariance and Correlation Coefficient (2.5 credit hours)
- 4.3.4 Review and Unit Testing (2 credit hours)

Chapter 5: Normal Distribution and Natural Exponential Distribution Family

- 5.1 Fundamental Contents
- 5.1.1 Definition of normal distribution and its probability density function, the numerical characteristics of normal distribution, normal distribution additivity.
- 5.1.2 Two-dimensional normal distribution.
- 5.2 Basic Requirements

- 5.2.1 Master the definition of normal distribution and the calculation of density and probability.
- 5.2.2 Master the numerical characteristics of normal distribution and the linear properties of the normal distribution.
- 5.2.3 Master the relevant results of the two-dimensional normal distribution.
- 5.3 Class Schedule (4 credit hours)
- 5.3.1 Normal distribution and its probability calculation (1 credit hour)
- 5.3.2 Numerical characteristics and linear properties of normal distribution(1 credit hour)
- 5.3.3 Bivariate normal distribution (1 credit hour)
- 5.3.4 Review (1 credit hour)

Chapter 6: Limit Theorem

- 6.1 Fundamental Contents
- 6.1.1 Chebyshev Inequality, Convergence by Probability, Law of Large Numbers, Central Limit Theorem.
- 6.2 Basic Requirements
- 6.2.1 Master Chebyshev's inequality and simple applications.
- 6.2.2 Understand the definitions and conclusions of probability convergence and the law of large numbers, master the independent and identically distributed law of large numbers, and understand the meaning

- of frequency convergence to probability.
- 6.2.3 Master the application form of the Central Limit Theorem and be able to solve simple application problems.
- 6.3 Class Schedule (4 credit hours)
- 6.3.1 Chebyshev's Inequality and the Law of Large Numbers (1 credit hour)
- 6.3.2 Central Limit Theorem (1 credit hour)
- 6.3.3 Review and Unit Testing (2 credit hours)

Chapter 7: Basic Knowledge of Mathematical Statistics

- 7.1 Fundamental Contents
- 7.1.1 Concepts of population, individual, and sample.
- 7.1.2 Distributions, t-distributions, F-distributions, and percentiles.
- 7.1.3 Common statistical measures and sampling distribution theorems.
- 7.2 Basic Requirements
- 7.2.1 Understand the concepts of population, individual, and sample.
- 7.2.2 Familiarity with distributions, t-distributions, and F-distributions; ability to find percentiles.
- 7.2.3 Calculate the sample mean and sample standard deviation.
- 7.2.4 Mastery of sampling distribution theorems for one or two normal populations.
- 7.3 Class Schedule (4 credit hours)
- 7.3.1 Concepts of population, individual, and sample (1 credit hour)

- 7.3.2 Distributions, t-distributions, F-distributions, and percentiles (2 credit hours)
- 7.3.3 Common Statistical Measures and sampling distribution theorems (1 credit hour)
- 7.3.4 Review and Unit Testing (2 credit hours)

Chapter 8: Parameter Estimation

- 8.1 Fundamental Contents
- 8.1.1 Concepts of point estimation, method of moments, and maximum likelihood estimation.
- 8.1.2 Criteria for evaluating estimators.
- 8.1.3 Interval estimation for parameters of a normal distribution.
- 8.2 Basic Requirements
- 8.2.1 Understand the concept of point estimation; grasp the basic idea of maximum likelihood estimation.
- 8.2.2 Mastery of unbiasedness and efficiency criteria; awareness of consistency and mean squared error criteria; ability to judge whether an estimator is unbiased; ability to compare the efficiency or mean squared error efficiency of two simple estimators.
- 8.2.3 Understand the concept and significance of interval estimation; ability to calculate confidence intervals for a parameter of a normal distribution (including one-sided confidence limits); ability to calculate

confidence intervals for the difference in means and the ratio of variances of two normal populations.

- 8.3 Class Schedule (5 credit hours)
- 8.3.1 Concepts and methods of point estimation (1 credit hour)
- 8.3.2 Criteria for evaluating estimators (2 credit hours)
- 8.3.3 Interval estimation and applications (1 credit hour)
- 8.3.4 Review and Unit Testing (2 credit hours)

Chapter 9: Hypothesis Testing

- 9.1 Fundamental Contents
- 9.1.1 Basic principles of hypothesis testing, fundamental steps, and two types of errors.
- 9.1.2 Hypothesis testing for one or two parameters of a normal distribution.
- 9.2 Basic Requirements
- 9.2.1 Understand the basic idea of significance testing; grasp the basic steps of hypothesis testing.
- 9.2.2 Awareness of the two types of errors that may occur during hypothesis testing.
- 9.2.3 Conduct hypothesis tests for one parameter of a normal distribution; conduct hypothesis tests for the means and variances of two normal populations.
- 9.3 Class Schedule (4 credit hours)

- 9.3.1 Concepts of hypothesis testing (1 credit hour)
- 9.3.2 Two types of errors and hypothesis testing for a single normal population (2 credit hours)
- 9.3.3 Hypothesis testing for two normal populations (1 credit hour)
- 9.3.4 Review and Unit Testing (2 credit hours)

Chapter 10: Regression Analysis and Analysis of Variance

- 10.1 Fundamental Contents
- 10.1.1 Simple linear regression and significance testing.
- 10.2 Basic Requirements
- 10.2.1 Ability to find the equation of a simple linear regression from specific problems.
- 10.2.2 Ability to perform significance tests on the obtained regression equation.
- 10.3 Class Schedule (2 credit hours)
- 10.3.1 Simple linear regression and significance testing (2 credit hours)
- 10.3.2 Review and Unit Testing (2 credit hours)