CS 577 - Introduction to Algorithms

Marc Renault

Department of Computer Sciences University of Wisconsin – Madison

> Spring 2021 TopHat Join Code: 524741



CS 577 - Introduction to Algorithms: Spring 2021

Problem

- Mathematical model of the problem area.
- Rules of the game.

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Algorithm

• Step-by-step procedure for solving an *instance* of a given problem.

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Algorithm

- Step-by-step procedure for solving an *instance* of a given problem.
- Ex: Given a kitchen with a stove, etc... and a pantry with chocolate chips, etc...

Chocolate Chip Cookies

- 227g (1 cup) butter, softened
- 200g (1 cup) sugar
- 105g (½ cup) brown sugar
- 2 tsp vanilla
- 250g (2 cups) all-purpose flour
 1 tsp soda
- 1 pinch salt
 1 ½ cups of chocolate chips

* ----

- Beat butter, sugars, eggs and vanilla until light and fluffy.
- Add flour, soda, and salt; blend well.
- Drop from a teaspoon 2 inches apart.
 Bake 190°C for 9 min.

Stable Marriage Problem (SMP) $(1962)^{123}$

Problem Definition

Given a set of n men, M, and an opposite set of n women, W. Each person has a preference ranking of the opposite set. Compute a stable matching between M and W. A matching is stable if it is (i) perfect, and (ii) there are no pairs (m, w) and (m', w') in the matching where m prefers w' and w' prefers m.

¹Algorithm Design, Ch 1.

²Algorithms, Ch 4.5

³http://mathsite.math.berkeley.edu/smp/smp.html

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Given a set of n men, M, and an opposite set of n women, W. Each person has a preference ranking of the opposite set. Compute a stable matching between M and W. A matching is stable if it is (i) perfect, and (ii) there are no pairs (m, w) and (m', w') in the matching where m prefers w' and w' prefers m.

- A.k.a Stable Matching Problem.
- There are more complicated variations of the model.
- Used in the real world (e.g. matching doctors to hospitals).
- Nobel Prize in Economics in 2012 (Shapley and Roth).

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²Algorithms, Ch 4.5

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```
Initially all m \in M and w \in W are free
while there is a man m who is free and hasn't proposed to every woman do
    CHOOSE SUCH A MAN 111
    Let w be the highest-ranked woman in m's preference list to whom m has not yet proposed
    if w is free then
         (m, w) become engaged
    else w is currently engaged to m'
         if w prefers m' to m then
              m remains free
         else w prefers m to m'
              (m, w) become engaged
              m' becomes free
         end
    end
end
return the set S of engaged pairs
```

⁴Algorithm Design, p.6

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Initially all m \in M and w \in W are free
while there is a man m who is free and hasn't proposed to every woman do
    CHOOSE SUCH A MAN M
    Let w be the highest-ranked woman in m's preference list to whom m has not yet proposed
    if w is free then
                                             Is it good?
         (m, w) become engaged
    else w is currently engaged to m'
         if w prefers m' to m then
             m remains free
         else w prefers m to m'
              (m, w) become engaged
             m' becomes free
         end
    end
end
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    Let w be the highest-ranked woman in m's preference list to whom m has not yet proposed
    if w is free then
                                            Is it good?
         (m, w) become engaged
    else w is currently engaged to m'
                                               Complete?
         if w prefers m' to m then
             m remains free
         else w prefers m to m'
             (m, w) become engaged
             m' becomes free
         end
    end
end
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    if w is free then
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         (m, w) become engaged
    else w is currently engaged to m'
                                               Complete?
         if w prefers m' to m then
             m remains free
                                               • Correct?
         else w prefers m to m'
             (m, w) become engaged
             m' becomes free
         end
    end
end
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                                          Is it good?
        (m, w) become engaged
    else w is currently engaged to m'
                                             Complete?
        if w prefers m' to m then
             m remains free
                                             Correct?
        else w prefers m to m'
                                             • Efficient? With respect to
             (m, w) become engaged
             m' becomes free
                                                what (time, space, ...)?
        end
    end
end
```

⁴Algorithm Design, p.6

Авоит You

My current year in school is:

- Freshman
- Sophomore
- Junior
- Senior
- Graduate Student
- Other

ABOUT YOU

I took CS 200 with:

- Marc Renault
- Jim Williams
- Summertime instructor
- Skipped straight to 300 (AP, etc)
- Other

ABOUT YOU

My primary reason for taking CS 577:

- I am very interested in the subject.
- I am curious to learn more about the subject.
- It fulfils a requirement for my program, major or certificate.
- It fits my schedule.
- I've heard good things about the course.

ABOUT YOU

My favourite Star Wars movie (from the trilogies) is:

- I The Phantom Menace
- II Attack of the Clones
- III Revenge of the Sith
- IV A New Hope
- V The Empire Strikes Back
- VI Return of the Jedi
- VII The Force Awakens
- VIII The Last Jedi
- IX The Rise of Skywalker
- Never seen them

Syllabus (Course Logistics)

HTTPS://CANVAS.WISC.EDU/COURSES/230470









IT'S IN THE SYLLABUS

This message brought to you by every instructor that ever lived.

WWW.PHDCOMICS.COM

Course Aim

HTTPS://CANVAS.WISC.EDU/COURSES/230470

Overall

- Basic paradigms for the design and analysis of efficient algorithms:
 - greedy,
 - divide-and-conquer,
 - dynamic programming,
 - · reductions, and
 - the use of randomness.
- Computational intractability including typical NP-complete problems and ways to deal with them.

Course Aim

HTTPS://CANVAS.WISC.EDU/COURSES/230470

Specific Learning Outcomes

- Design and analyze efficient algorithms based on the paradigms of divide-and-conquer, dynamic programming, and greed.
- Formulate abstractions of computational problems, and design and analyze efficient reductions between computational problems.
- Know, understand, and apply paradigmatic algorithms and reductions dealing with numbers, strings, graphs, and networks.
- Recognize computational intractability, demonstrate NP-hardness, and understand its repercussions.

GETTING STARTED

GETTING STARTED CHECKLIST

HTTPS://CANVAS.WISC.EDU/COURSES/230470

Checklist

- Review the Syllabus (Course Logistics)
- Activate Piazza account
- TopHat Registration
- Register for Gradescope

2. ACTIVATE PIAZZA ACCOUNT

plazza

http://piazza.com/wisc/spring2021/sp21compsci577

Online question resource

- One discussion area for all sections.
- Interaction of students, TAs and instructor.
- First stop for getting questions answered.

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Rules

- Be courteous.
- Don't post answers to homework!
- Search first, post second.

TOP HAT

Join Code: 524741

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In-class participation

- Facility classroom participation.
- Participation grade (10%).
- Grade is calculated as an average of the percent of questions answered per lecture.

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- 80% rule.

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- Facility classroom participation.
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- Grade is calculated as an average of the percent of questions answered per lecture.
- 80% rule.
- Will have 1 week to answer questions.

4. Register for Gradescope



How to Register

- Go to: https://www.gradescope.com/ pricing#signupForm
- **②** The entry code is KYKG52.

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Submission, Testing, and Grading Tool

- For each assignment, you will upload a pdf of the assignment (and code if there is a coding portion).
- Once uploaded, you will get some autograder feedback if there is a coding portion.
- No submission limit or delay.
- Human-grading will also happen via Gradescope.

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 - TopHat Questions

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 - 10 problem sets release on Tuesdays.
 - Individual; Discussions will be very helpful for homework.

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 - Individual; Discussions will be very helpful for homework.
- Coding Questions (10%)
 - 10 coding questions.
 - Individual; in Python, Java, C, C++, or C#.
 - Full credit for passing given sample tests.
 - Additional tests provide to further test code, plus leader board.

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- Homework (50%)
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- Coding Questions (10%)
 - 10 coding questions.
 - Individual; in Python, Java, C, C++, or C#.
 - Full credit for passing given sample tests.
 - Additional tests provide to further test code, plus leader board.
- Exams (30%)
 - 3 week-long take home exams.
 - Individual; each worth 10%.

1. REVIEW THE SYLLABUS

Flexibility Built-in for Everyone

- 80% rule for Participation.
- 1 week for answering questions.
- 1 week for home work.
- 1 week for exams.

1. Review the Syllabus

Academic Integrity

- Academic dishonesty or misconduct is taken very seriously by the university (see UW–Madison Academic Integrity policy).
- It is academic misconduct to submit someone else's work as your own.
- It is academic misconduct to help another student commit academic misconduct.

1. Review the Syllabus

Academic Integrity

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Peer Help on Assignments

- Don't; Everything is individual work.
- You may not email, post on Piazza, or otherwise make solutions (or part of) available for others.

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- Cormen, Leiserson, Rivest, and Stein. Introduction to Algorithms, 3rd Edition. MIT Press, 2009. Now with C-style pseudocode! The classic (presumable because it was the textbook I used in my intro to algorithms course) introduction to algorithms textbook.
- Sedgewick, and Wayne. *Algorithms, 4th Edition* Pearson, **2011.** Another introduction to algorithms textbook with working Java code.

Exam Dates

Exams			
Exams	Release Date	Due Date	Focus
1 2	Mar 2 Mar 30	Mar 9 Apr 6	Divide & Conquer, and Greedy Dynamic Programming, and Ran- domization
3	Apr 28	May 4	Network Flow, and NP- Completeness

GETTING HELP

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Help!

- Piazza Online Discussion
- Weekly Discussions
- Weekly Study Groups on Specific Topics (Watch Piazza for sign-ups)
- TA Office Hours
- Instructor Office Hours



Appendix References

Appendix

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REFERENCES

PPENDIX REFERENCES

IMAGE SOURCES I

TOP HAT

https://tophat.com/

piazza

https://piazza.com/



WISCONSIN https://brand.wisc.edu/web/logos/



http://bigpicture.typepad.com/comments/images/2008/07/14/dont_panic.png



http://phdcomics.com/comics.php?f=1583

APPENDIX REFERENCES

IMAGE SOURCES II



https:

//www.linkedin.com/company/gradescope/