1 Chebyshev's inequality

For real numbers $a_1 \geq \cdots \geq a_n$ and $b_1 \geq \cdots \geq b_n$

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i b_i \ge \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i\right) \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} b_i\right) \ge \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} a_i b_{n+1-i}$$

1. Prove Chebyshev's inequality by proving the following equation.

Prove that

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n} (a_i - a_j)(b_i - b_j) = n \sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k b_k - \sum_{k=1}^{n} a_k \sum_{k=1}^{n} b_k$$

When does the equality hold?

2. For triangle with angles α, β, γ and opposite sides with lengths a, b, c respectively prove that

$$\frac{\pi}{3} \le \frac{\alpha a + \beta b + \gamma c}{a + b + c} \le \frac{\pi}{2}$$

3. Prove that for positive real numbers

$$\frac{a}{b+c} + \frac{b}{a+c} + \frac{c}{a+b} \ge \frac{3}{2}$$

4. Prove that for positive real numbers

$$\frac{(b+c)(b^2+c^2)}{a} + \frac{(a+c)(a^2+c^2)}{b} + \frac{(a+b)(a^2+b^2)}{c} \geq 4(a^2+b^2+c^2)$$

5. Prove that for positive real numbers

$$\frac{x}{x^2 + yz} + \frac{y}{y^2 + xz} + \frac{z}{z^2 + xy} \le \frac{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}{2xyz}$$

6. Triangle has angles α, β, γ , perimeter 2p and radius of circumcircle R. Prove that

$$\cot^2 \alpha + \cot^2 \beta + \cot^2 \gamma \ge 3 \left(\frac{9R^2}{p^2} - 1 \right)$$

When does the equality hold?

2 Rearrangement inequality

For real numbers $a_1 \ge \cdots \ge a_n$ and $b_1 \ge \cdots \ge b_n$ and a permutation a'_1, \ldots, a'_n of a_1, \ldots, a_n

$$a_1b_1 + \dots + a_nb_n \ge a'_1b_1 + \dots + a'_nb_n \ge a_1b_n + \dots + a_nb_1$$

- 7. Prove rearrangement inequality. When does the equality hold?
- 8. For real numbers a_1, \ldots, a_n and for its permutation a'_1, \ldots, a'_n , prove that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{a_i}{a_i'} \ge n$$

9. Prove the mean inequalities by using rearrangement inequality

$$SM \geq AM \geq GM \geq HM$$

- 10. Prove Cauchy inequality using rearrangement inequality.
- 11. Prove Chebyshev's inequality using rearrangement inequality.