

CS486 - Assignment2

Zhaobo Ding

February 17, 2020

1. (1) Money is under Box 1.

Proof: Since one and only one box has money under it, we enumerate all cases for placing money.

Case 1: If money is under Box 1, then labels on Box 2 is true, while those on Box 1 and 3 are false. This case meets the requirement that one and only one of the labels is true.

Case 2: If money is under Box 2, then labels on Box 1 and 3 are true, while that on Box 2 is false. This case does not meet the requirement that one and only one of the labels is true.

Case 3: If money is under Box 3, then labels on Box 1 and 2 are true, while that on Box 3 is false. This case does not meet the requirement that one and only one of the labels is true.

Hence, only Case 1 is correct, implying that money is under Box 1.

- (2) Let A, B, C be the binary variable representing respectively whether money is under Box 1, 2 and 3. In the other words, we define:

A : Money is under Box 1.

B : Money is under Box 2.

C : Money is under Box 3.

- (3) The labels on boxes respectively gives $\neg A$, $\neg B$ and B .

Only one box has money under it gives

$$(A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)$$

One and only one of the labels is true gives

$$((\neg A) \wedge (\neg(\neg B)) \wedge (\neg B)) \vee ((\neg(\neg A)) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg B)) \vee ((\neg(\neg A)) \wedge (\neg(\neg B)) \wedge B)$$

Therefore, the CNF is

$$((A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)) \wedge (((\neg A) \wedge (\neg(\neg B)) \wedge (\neg B)) \vee ((\neg(\neg A)) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg B)) \vee ((\neg(\neg A)) \wedge (\neg(\neg B)) \wedge B))$$

- (4) We will show the proof by resolute the CNF.

Applying Double-negation Law, we will get

$$((A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)) \wedge (((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg B)) \vee (A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg B)) \vee (A \wedge B \wedge B))$$

Applying Idempotent Laws, we will get

$$((A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)) \wedge (((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg B)) \vee (A \wedge (\neg B)) \vee (A \wedge B))$$

Applying Contradiction Law, we will get

$$((A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)) \wedge (false \vee (A \wedge (\neg B)) \vee (A \wedge B))$$

By property of "OR", we have

$$((A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)) \wedge ((A \wedge (\neg B)) \vee (A \wedge B))$$

Applying Distributive Law, we will get

$$((A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)) \wedge (A \wedge ((\neg B) \vee B))$$

Applying Excluded middle Law, we will get

$$((A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee ((\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)) \wedge A$$

Applying Distributive Laws and then Associative Laws, we will get

$$(A \wedge A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee (A \wedge (\neg A) \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee (A \wedge (\neg A) \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)$$

Applying Idempotent Laws and Contradiction Law again, we will get

$$(A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee (false \wedge B \wedge (\neg C)) \vee (false \wedge (\neg B) \wedge C)$$

By property of "AND", we have

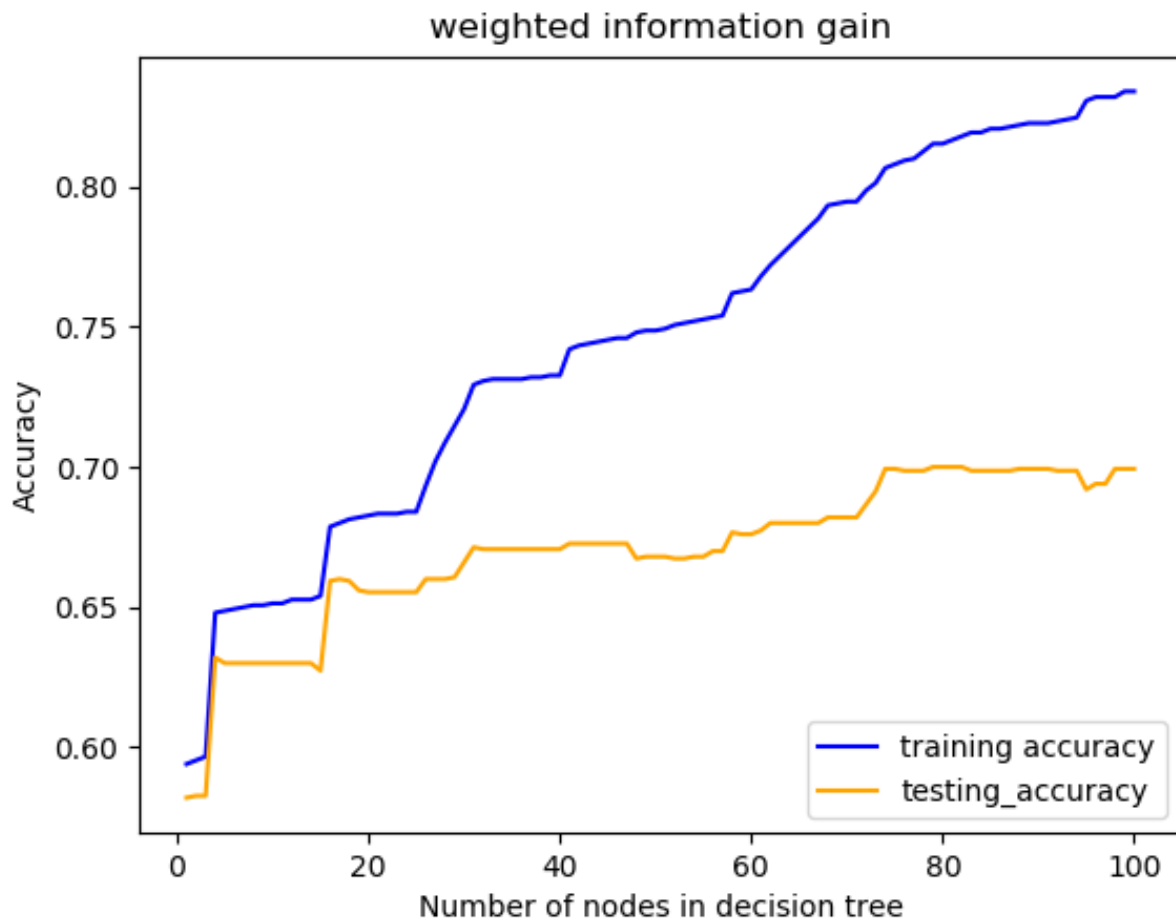
$$(A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)) \vee false \vee false$$

By property of "OR", we have

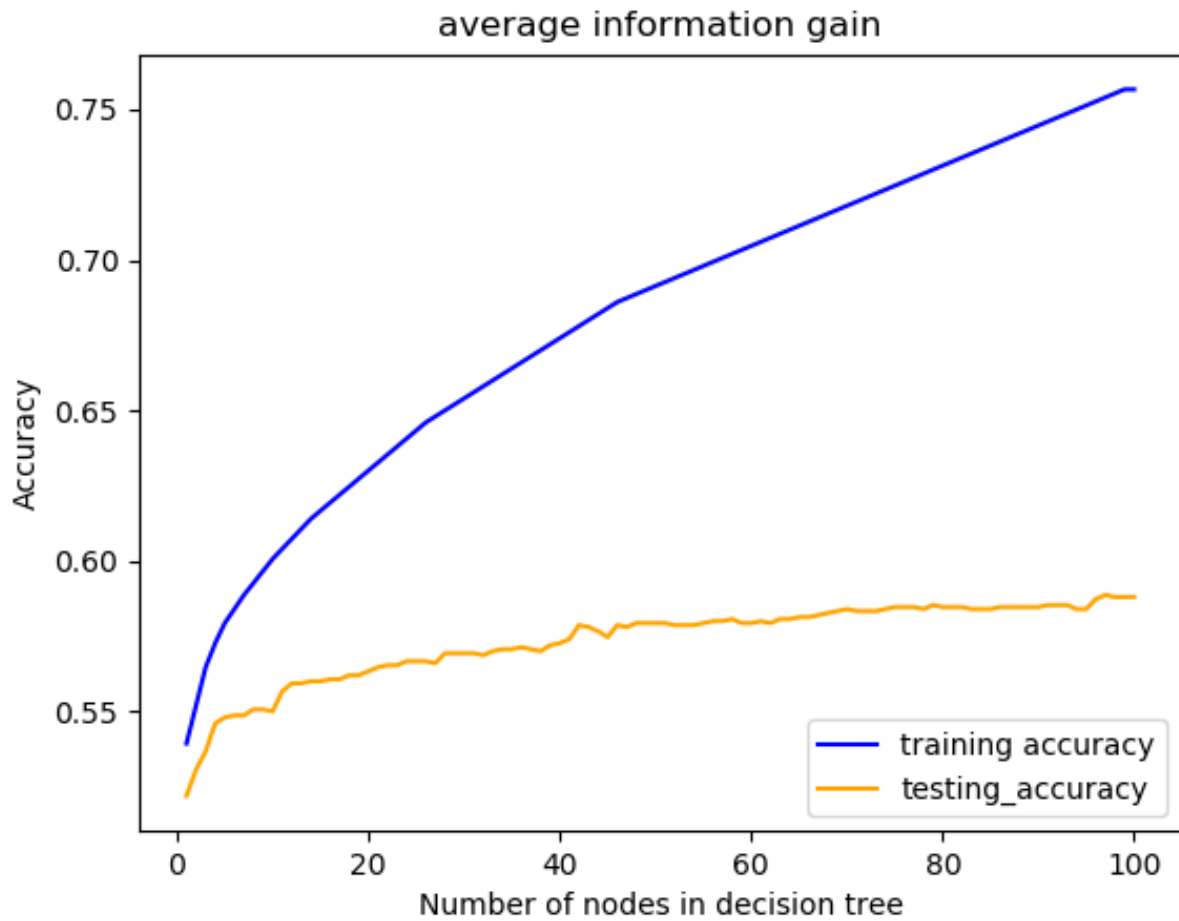
$$A \wedge (\neg B) \wedge (\neg C)$$

Therefore, to meet the requirements in the condition, we must have $A = true, B = C = false$, implying that money is under Box 1.

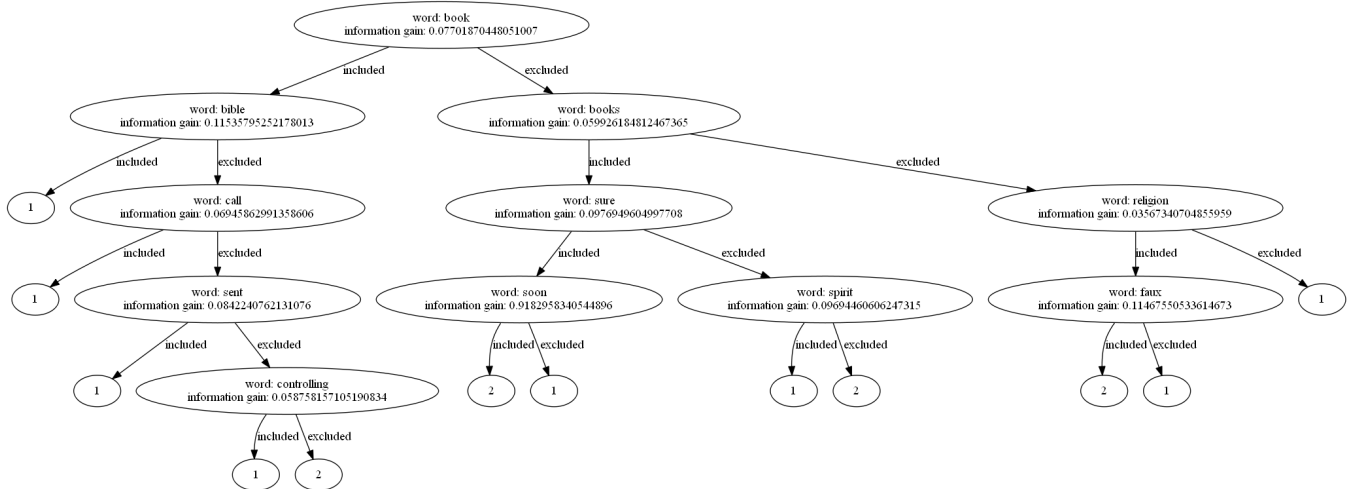
2. Accuracy of decision tree trained based on Weighted Information Gain method:



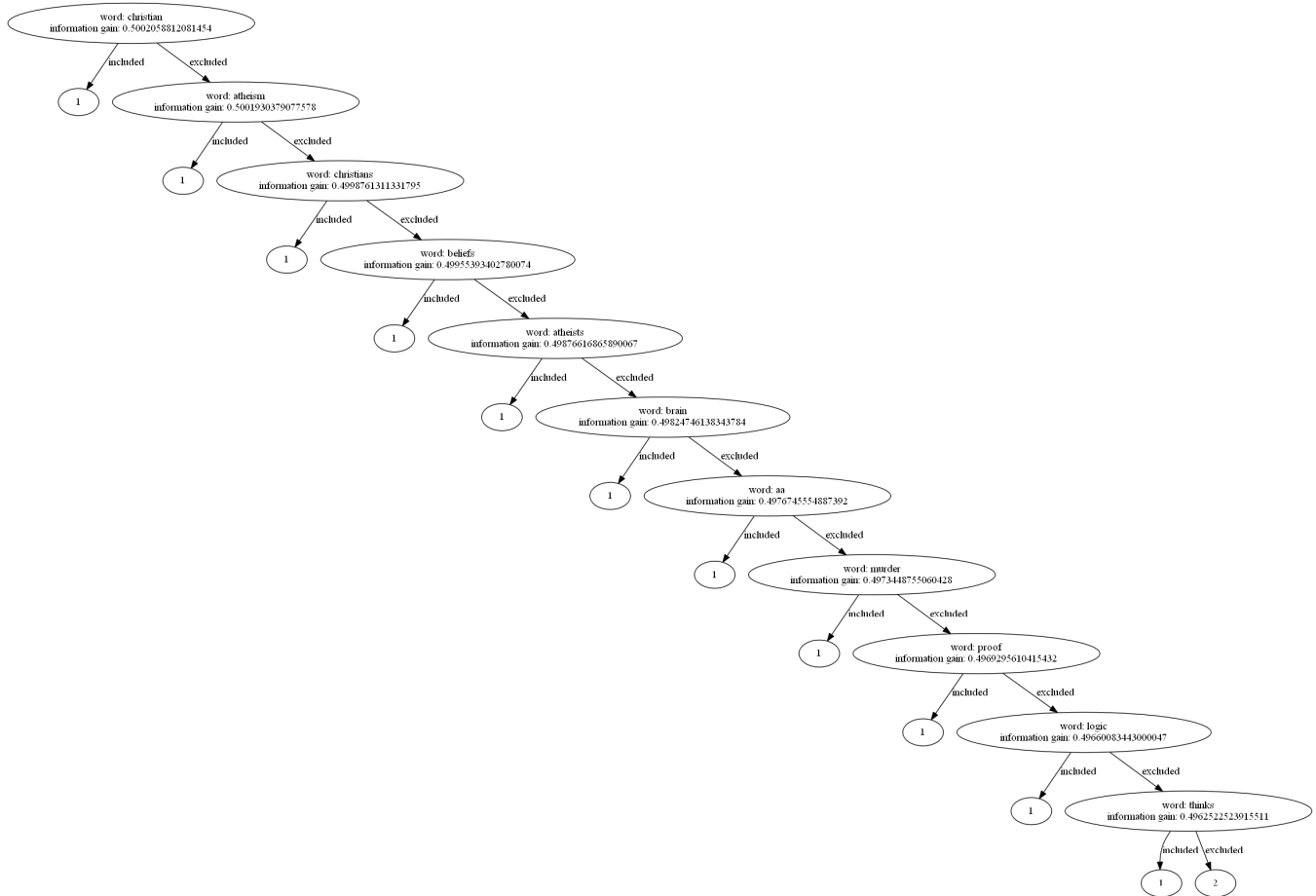
Accuracy of decision tree trained based on Average Information Gain method:



Structure of decision tree trained based on Weighted Information Gain method:



Structure of decision tree trained based on Average Information Gain method:



Following are the files of code. Running 'assignment.py' with Python 3.8 will generate the four images we attached above.

```
# config.py
train_data_path = './dataset/trainData.txt'
train_label_path = './dataset/trainLabel.txt'
test_data_path = './dataset/testData.txt'
test_label_path = './dataset/testLabel.txt'
words_path = './dataset/words.txt'
decision_tree_path = './decision_tree.pkl'
decision_tree_picture_path = './decision_tree.png'

AIM_TREE_SIZE = 100

AVERAGE_INFORMATION_GAIN = 1
WEIGHTED_INFORMATION_GAIN = 2
FEATURE_SELECTION_MECHANISM = WEIGHTED_INFORMATION_GAIN
```

```
# max_priority_queue.py
from functools import total_ordering

@total_ordering
```

```

class QueueNode:
    def __init__(self, gain, root, split_word):
        self.gain = gain
        self.root = root
        self.split_word = split_word

    def __eq__(self, other):
        return self.gain == other.gain

    def __lt__(self, other):
        return self.gain > other.gain

```

```

# data_io.py
import pickle
from A2.configs import *
from anytree import Node
from anytree.exporter import DotExporter

class Document:
    def __init__(self, doc_id=0, label=None):
        self.id = doc_id
        self.label = label
        self.wordList = set()

    def __contains__(self, word):
        return word in self.wordList

    def add_word(self, word):
        self.wordList.add(word)

def load_train_data():
    return load_data(train_data_path, train_label_path)

def load_test_data():
    return load_data(test_data_path, test_label_path)

def load_data(data_path, label_path):
    docs = []
    with open(label_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
        for index, line in enumerate(file):
            doc_id = index + 1
            label = int(line.strip())
            docs.append(Document(doc_id, label))

    with open(data_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
        for line in file.readlines():
            [doc_id, word_id] = list(map(int, line.strip().split(' ')))
            docs[doc_id - 1].add_word(word_id)

```

```

    return docs

def load_words(filename=words_path):
    word_map = dict()

    with open(filename, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
        for index, word in enumerate(file):
            word_map[index] = word.strip()

    return word_map

def store_tree(tree, tree_path=decision_tree_path):
    with open(tree_path, 'wb') as file:
        pickle.dump(tree, file, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)

def load_tree(tree_path=decision_tree_path):
    with open(tree_path, 'rb') as file:
        tree = pickle.load(file)

    return tree

def build_tree(root, tree_size, parent=None, edge=None):
    def node_information(node):
        return "word: " + node.word + "\n" + \
            "information gain: " + str(node.information_gain) + "\n"

    if root is None:
        return

    if root.leaf or root.order > tree_size:
        return Node(id(root),
                    parent=parent,
                    edge=edge,
                    display_name=root.pred)
    else:
        node = Node(id(root),
                    parent=parent,
                    edge=edge,
                    display_name=node_information(root))
        build_tree(root.included, tree_size, node, "included")
        build_tree(root.excluded, tree_size, node, "excluded")
        return node

def render(tree, tree_size, filename=decision_tree_picture_path):
    tree_to_render = build_tree(tree.root, tree_size)
    DotExporter(tree_to_render,
                nodeattrfunc=lambda node: 'label="{0}"'.format(node.display_name),

```

```
edgeattrfunc=lambda p, c: 'label="{0}"'.format(c.edge)).to_picture(filename)
```

```
# decision_tree.py
import math
from collections import Counter
from .configs import *
from .max_priority_queue import QueueNode
from queue import PriorityQueue

def entropy(p):
    return -p * math.log2(p)

def information_entropy(doc_labels):
    stat = Counter(doc_labels)
    doc_length = len(doc_labels)
    if doc_length:
        return sum([entropy(freq / doc_length) for freq in stat.values()])
    else:
        return 1

def information_gain(docs, word, method=FEATURE_SELECTION_MECHANISM):
    e = [doc.label for doc in docs]
    e1 = [doc.label for doc in docs if word in doc]
    e2 = [doc.label for doc in docs if word not in doc]
    ie = information_entropy(e)
    ie1 = information_entropy(e1)
    ie2 = information_entropy(e2)

    if method is AVERAGE_INFORMATION_GAIN:
        return ie - (ie1 + ie2) / 2
    elif method is WEIGHTED_INFORMATION_GAIN:
        return ie - (len(e1) * ie1 + len(e2) * ie2) / len(docs)

class DecisionTreeNode:
    def __init__(self, docs):
        self.word_id = None
        self.word = None
        self.docs = docs
        self.included = None
        self.excluded = None
        self.order = None
        self.leaf = True
        self.information_gain = 0
        labels = [doc.label for doc in docs]
        self.pred = Counter(labels).most_common(1)[0][0]

    def split(self, word, order):
        in_list = [doc for doc in self.docs if word in doc]
```



```

out_list = [doc for doc in self.docs if word not in doc]
self.included = DecisionTreeNode(in_list)
self.excluded = DecisionTreeNode(out_list)

self.order = order
self.leaf = False
del self.docs

return self.included, self.excluded

def best_split(self, words, method):
    split_results = {word: information_gain(self.docs, word, method) for word in words}
    chosen_word = max(split_results, key=split_results.get)
    self.word_id = chosen_word
    self.information_gain = split_results[chosen_word]
    return chosen_word, split_results[chosen_word]

class DecisionTree:
    def __init__(self, word_map, algo=WEIGHTED_INFORMATION_GAIN):
        self.root = None
        self.word_map = word_map
        self.word_set = set(word_map)
        self.size = 0
        self.algo = algo

    def train(self, docs, size=AIM_TREE_SIZE):
        self.root = DecisionTreeNode(docs)
        q = PriorityQueue()
        split_word, ig = self.root.best_split(self.word_set, self.algo)
        self.root.word = self.word_map[split_word]
        q.put(QueueNode(ig, self.root, split_word))
        self.size = 0

        while self.size < size:
            node = q.get()
            if node.root.leaf:
                if node.gain:
                    inc, exc = node.root.split(node.split_word, self.size)
                    spi, igi = inc.best_split(self.word_set, self.algo)
                    spe, ige = exc.best_split(self.word_set, self.algo)
                    q.put(QueueNode(igi, inc, spi))
                    q.put(QueueNode(ige, exc, spe))
                    inc.word = self.word_map[spi]
                    exc.word = self.word_map[spe]
                    self.size += 1
                else:
                    break

```

```

        while not q.empty():
            node = q.get()
            del node.root.docs

    def predict(self, doc, size=0):
        node = self.root
        while not node.leaf and (size == 0 or node.order <= size):
            if node.word_id in doc:
                node = node.included
            else:
                node = node.excluded

        return node.pred

```

assignment.py

```

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from A2.decision_tree import DecisionTree
from A2.configs import AIM_TREE_SIZE, AVERAGE_INFORMATION_GAIN, WEIGHTED_INFORMATION_GAIN
from A2.data_io import load_train_data, load_test_data, load_words, render

def build_decision_tree(size, method):
    train_data = load_train_data()
    word_map = load_words()

    tree = DecisionTree(word_map, method)
    tree.train(train_data, size)

    return tree

def test_decision_tree(tree, size):
    def test(data):
        correct = incorrect = 0
        for doc in data:
            if tree.predict(doc, size) == doc.label:
                correct += 1
            else:
                incorrect += 1

        return correct / (correct + incorrect)

    test_data = load_test_data()
    train_data = load_train_data()

    return test(test_data), test(train_data)

def generate_assignment_files(method):
    suffix = 'average' if method == AVERAGE_INFORMATION_GAIN else 'weighted'
    TREE_SIZE_TO_DRAW = 10

```

```

train_data = load_train_data()
word_map = load_words()
decision_tree = DecisionTree(word_map, method)
decision_tree.train(train_data)

test_result = []
train_result = []

for i in range(AIM_TREE_SIZE):
    tree_size = i + 1
    test_accuracy, train_accuracy = test_decision_tree(decision_tree, tree_size)
    test_result.append(test_accuracy)
    train_result.append(train_accuracy)

filename = './decision_tree_' + suffix + '.png'
render(decision_tree, TREE_SIZE_TO_DRAW, filename)

size = list(range(1, AIM_TREE_SIZE + 1))
plt.figure()
plt.plot(size, train_result, label='training accuracy', color='blue')
plt.plot(size, test_result, label='testing accuracy', color='orange')
plt.legend(loc='lower right')
plt.xlabel('Number of nodes in decision tree')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.title(suffix + ' information gain')
plt.savefig('./accuracy_plot_' + suffix + '.png')

if __name__ == "__main__":
    generate_assignment_files(AVERAGE_INFORMATION_GAIN)
    generate_assignment_files(WEIGHTED_INFORMATION_GAIN)

```
