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import numpy as np
import sympy as sym
from sympy.abc import t
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy.linalg
import time
############################
# Custom latex printing
def custom latex printer(exp,**options):
    from google.colab.output. publish import javascript
   url = "https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/mathjax/2.7.3/latest.js?config=TeX-AMS HTML"
   javascript(url=url)
    return sym.printing.latex(exp,**options)
sym.init printing(use latex="mathjax", latex printer=custom latex printer)
####################
# Helper Functions
def hat(w,use sym=True):
   if use sym:
       what = sym.Matrix([[ 0,-w[2], w[1]],
                          [w[2], 0, -w[0]],
                          [-w[1], w[0], 0]]
    else:
       what = np.array([[ 0,-w[2], w[1]],
                         [w[2], 0, -w[0]],
                         [-w[1], w[0], 0]])
    return what
def unhat(what,use_sym=True):
   if use sym:
       w = sym.Matrix([what[2,1],what[0,2],what[1,0]])
   else:
       w = np.array([what[2,1],what[0,2],what[1,0]])
    return w
def rot(w,theta,use sym=True):
   if use sym:
        rotMat = sym.Matrix(sym.simplify(sym.exp(hat(w,use sym)*theta)))
        for i in range(rotMat.shape[0]):
           for j in range(rotMat.shape[1]):
                rotMat[i,j] = sym.simplify(rotMat[i,j].rewrite(sym.sin))
    else:
        rotMat = scipy.linalg.expm(hat(w,use sym)*theta)
    return rotMat
def T(w,th,p,use sym=True):
   R = rot(w, th, use sym)
   if use sym:
       Tmat = sym.Matrix([[R[0,0],R[0,1],R[0,2],p[0]],
                          [R[1,0],R[1,1],R[1,2],p[1]],
                           [R[2,0],R[2,1],R[2,2],p[2]],
                          Γ Θ. Θ. Θ. 111)
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else:
        Tmat = np.array([[R[0,0],R[0,1],R[0,2],p[0]],
                           [R[1,0],R[1,1],R[1,2],p[1]],
                           [R[2,0],R[2,1],R[2,2],p[2]],
                           [ 0, 0, 0, 1]])
    return Tmat
def pos(T,use_sym=True):
    if use_sym:
        p = sym.Matrix([T[0,3],T[1,3],T[2,3]])
    else:
        p = np.array([T[0,3],T[1,3],T[2,3]])
    return p
v_x, v_y, omega = sym.symbols(r'v_x v_y \omega')
w = sym.Matrix([0,0,1])
w_hat = hat(w)
R = sym.eye(3) + sym.sin(omega) * w_hat + (1 - sym.cos(omega)) * (w_hat * w_hat)
display(R)
₽
                                                                                                      \begin{bmatrix} \cos{(\omega)} & -\sin{(\omega)} & 0 \end{bmatrix}
                                                                                                      \sin(\omega) \cos(\omega)
```

v = sym.Matrix([v\_x,v\_y,0]) / omega
# learned: remember to normalize
t = (sym.eye(3) \* omega + (1 - sym.cos(omega)) \* w\_hat + (omega - sym.sin(omega)) \* (w\_hat \* w\_hat)) \* v
display(t)

 $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{v_x}{\omega}\sin\left(\omega\right) + \frac{v_y}{\omega}(\cos\left(\omega\right) - 1) \\ \frac{v_x}{\omega}(-\cos\left(\omega\right) + 1) + \frac{v_y}{\omega}\sin\left(\omega\right) \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 

t.subs({omega: 0.25, v\_x: 0.05, v\_y: 0}) # example

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 $\begin{bmatrix} 0.0494807918509046 \\ 0.00621751565787105 \\ 0.0062175156578100 \\ 0.0062175156578100 \\ 0.0062175156578100 \\ 0.0062175156578100 \\ 0.0062175156578100 \\ 0.0062175156578100 \\ 0.0062175156578100 \\ 0.0062175100 \\ 0.0062175100 \\ 0.0062175100 \\ 0.0062175100 \\ 0.0062175100 \\ 0.006217500 \\$