数 学 分 析 I

第4次讨论班

2024 # 11 H 21 H

6.
$$f(x) = x^{n} | nx, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}^{+}$$
. Please Calculate $\frac{1}{n^{n}} = \frac{f^{(n)}(\frac{1}{h})}{n!}$.

$$f(x) = n x^{n+1} | nx + x^{n+1}$$

denote: $f_n(x) = x^n / nx$. then: $f_n(x) = n f_{n-1}(x) + x^{n-1}$ $(n = 0, 1, \dots)$

$$\frac{\int_{n}^{(n)} q_{n}^{(n)}}{\int_{n}^{(n-1)} \frac{1}{n!}} = \frac{\int_{n}^{(n-1)} \frac{1}{n!} (x)}{\int_{n}^{(n-1)} \frac{1}{n!}} + \frac{1}{n!}$$

$$\frac{f_{n}^{(n-1)}}{n!} = \frac{f_{n}^{(n-1)}}{(n-1)!} + \frac{1}{n} .$$

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$$= 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} - \ln n \longrightarrow \text{Culer}$$

$$0, \quad \int \omega = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \dots + \frac{1}{n} - \ln n \longrightarrow \text{Culer}$$

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$$\frac{1}{x^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \cdot \frac{f_{(x)} - \frac{1}{2}}{x - \frac{1}{2}} \leq \frac{f_{(x)} - \frac{1}{2}}{x - \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{-x + \frac{1}{2}}{x - \frac{1}{2}} = -1$$

$$(1) \ y = x^{2} \cos 2x$$

$$(2) \ y = \frac{x}{1-x^{2}}$$

$$(3) \ y = e^{ax} \sin bx$$

$$(4) \ y = \arcsin \sqrt{1-x^{2}}$$

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$$(5) \ \frac{f(x)-\frac{1}{2}}{x-\frac{1}{2}} \le \frac{f(x)-\frac{1}{2}}{x-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{-x+\frac{1}{2}}{x-\frac{1}{2}} = -1$$

$$(3) \ \mathcal{D} \ p(x) = x, q(x) = 1-x, f(x) \ \mathcal{D} \ \mathcal{D}$$

(4./证明: 若函数

N1/写出下列高阶导数公式.

 $(1) (a^x)^{(n)}$ $(2) (e^x)^{(n)}$

 $(3) (\sin x)^{(n)}$ $(4) (\cos x)^{(n)}$

 $(5) (x^m)^{(n)}$ (6) $(\ln x)^{(n)}$

2/求下列函数的微分. $(1) y = x^2 \cos 2x$

$$\mathcal{N}^{\text{SQ}} \quad \text{the } \quad \text{definition of } \quad \text{the } \quad f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-\frac{1}{x^2}}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases} \qquad \left(e^{-\frac{1}{x^2}} \right)' = \underbrace{e^{-\frac{1}{x^2}}}_{\text{N}} \times \chi^{-\frac{1}{2}} . \quad \chi^{-\frac{1}{2}} . \quad$$

$$\left(e^{-\chi^2}\right) = e^{-\chi^2} \cdot \chi^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \chi$$
.

Because we don't know whether

 $f(x)$ can differentiate at $x=0$ or not.

 $\sqrt{5}$ 设 f(x) 在 x = 0 处可导, $f(0) \neq 0$, $f'(0) \neq 0$. 又有

(6) 设 $f(x) = x^n \ln x, n \in \mathbb{N}^*,$ 求 $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(1/n)}{n!}$.

7. 设 f(x) 在 $x = x_0$ 处可微, $\alpha_n < x_0 < \beta_n, (n = 1, 2, \cdots)$. 又有 $\lim_{n \to \infty} \alpha_n = \lim_{n \to \infty} \beta_n = x_0$. 证明: $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{f(\beta_n) - f(\alpha_n)}{\beta_n - \alpha_n} = f'(x_0).$

$$\left| \frac{f'(\beta_n) - f(x_0) + f(x_0) - f(x_0)}{\lambda_n} - f'(x_0) \right|$$

$$\left| \frac{\lambda_n}{\beta_n - \alpha_n} \right| \frac{f'(\beta_n) - f(\alpha_n)}{\beta_n - \alpha_n} - \left| \frac{f'(x_0) - f(\alpha_n)}{\alpha_n - \alpha_n} - f'(\alpha_n) \right|$$

$$\left| \frac{f'(\beta_n) - f(\alpha_n)}{\beta_n - \alpha_n} - \frac{f'(x_0)}{\beta_n - \alpha_n} - \frac{f'(x_0)}{\alpha_n} - \frac{f'(x_0)}{\alpha$$