

$w(x) = x^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ given
 ① $p(x) = \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{\int_0^1 x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$
 $\int_0^1 w(x) dx = \int_0^1 x^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx = 2.$
 Thus \Rightarrow Transform formula.
 $\int_0^{x(B)} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} dx = \int_0^{x(B)} \frac{1}{2} (x')^{-\frac{1}{2}} = (x'^{\frac{1}{2}}) \Big|_0^{x(B)} = x^2$
 $x^2 = x$
 $I \approx \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{f(x_i)}{w(x_i)} \int_a^b w(x) dx$
 $= \frac{2}{1000000} \sum_{i=1}^{1000000} \frac{1}{e^{x_i} + 1} = \frac{2}{1000000} \sum_{i=1}^{1000000} \frac{1}{e^{B^i} + 1}$

The formula used are listed in the book as 10.42, 10.39 and 10.7. and the derivation as shown above.