

# Notes on SDR

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2015-07-01

# 1 Introduction

The following document will contain information related to my efforts in software defined radio. From time to time, the document may include information on other topics as well. It will initially serve as a day to day journal of my activities. After a certain discovery phase, this document will be updated to create a manual or tutorial for future students to learn from. It is not recommended that the document be used for self study until a newer version is created. Many of the steps that are outlined will be dead ends or poor practices while the discovery process takes place.

## 2 7-1-2015

Currently working on using the RTL SDR.

What I have learned so far:

- This SDR is different than a FUNCUBE dongle
- It will work from around 500 Hz to 1700 Hz
- It can only RECIEVE

The fact that this can only recieve is by far the largest setback. This will ultimately not be what we can use for cognitive radio.

However, the tutorials still seem more widely available than those found for the BladeRF which is bi-directional. Therefore I will continue for a bit. It may serve a purpose as part of the larger sensor network at some point. We could still use it to relay information over a large distance.

There are "Cubelites" being sent out that are basically funcube dongle based satellites. These sound pretty cool.

I want to start taking notes in Latex so they will be more readable than a plain .txt file and still useable with version control.

I need to install texlive-full and texmaker.

Currently I am set back by needing to update ubuntu. I can't install anything else while the updates are installing.

**Success** So far I have made decent progress. The RTL is working with GNU SDR. I had trouble at first when the kernel was loading a separate driver that bogs it down.

I used this command to fix that problem:

```
# sudo rmmod dvb_usb_rt128xxu rt12823
```

There are more permanent ways of fixing the problem but I wanted to start with this as it is non-permanent and will default back to normal on a restart.

The new file in the RTL-SDR will allow you to hear FM stations. But they are extremely faint. I'm going to continue to play with the file settings to see if I can get a clearer transmission.

### 3 7-2-2015

I began the day with a quick interlude into learning LaTeX. After about an hour and a half of studying I was able to produce the document you are currently reading. I'm not making use of many libraries but I believe it already seems more organized and official than my traditional notes. Also, it is much more portable than a normal word document and less prone to formatting failures seen in google docs.

Yesterday I got the SDR to receive FM stations. However, they were static and sounded slowed down. I'm not sure if this is an error in my demodulation values or just that the computer that I'm using is too slow. I tried using a different one but that ended up being slower than I remembered. I will try to get linux installed on my laptop later tonight when I'm done working, but I'm not confident it will work as I had trouble in the past.

Today I will try to replicate the results I had yesterday, but through the use of the python libraries instead of relying on the GNURadio GUI interface. A small note about the gui interface. I did learn that its possible to make variables, attach them to GUI widgets, and then alter them live. It appears that having more than 3 of these can severely impact performance. To use the GUI widgets, simply drag one onto your workspace (I used the Wx widgets) and then give it a unique name, and appropriate value range (if its a slider). Then in the blocks for different components, you can use these variable names instead of hardcoded values. This is useful for gains and frequencies.

/paragraphGNURadio in Python

I will be following the tutorial found here. I will begin with the dial tone generator.

Listing 1: dial\_tone.py

```
#!/usr/bin/env python

# Gr is the basic gnu radio module
# gr is always required
from gnuradio import gr
# audio and analog are libraries of blocks
from gnuradio import audio, analog

# Here we define a top block that inherits from
# the gr class top block.
class my_top_block(gr.top_block):
    def __init__(self):
        gr.top_block.__init__(self)

        # standard quality sample rate and amplitude value
        sample_rate = 32000
        ampl = 0.1

        # We create two sine waves with the same amplitude and sameple rate
        # from above.

        src0 = analog.sig_source_f(sample_rate, analog.GR_SIN_WAVE, 350, ampl)
        src1 = analog.sig_source_f(sample_rate, analog.GR_SIN_WAVE, 440, ampl)

        # dst is the "destination" or audio sink block
        dst = audio.sink(sample_rate, "")

        # We then connect the two sine waves to the destination block
        self.connect(src0, (dst, 0))
        self.connect(src1, (dst, 1))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    try:
        my_top_block().run()
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        pass
```

**Static** I'm still only getting static when I run the RTL-SDR. I was able to use the GNURadio toolchain from just python no problem, however I still need to implment the RTL-SDR from the python toolchain. I used an additional tool put out by osmocom but that did not product better results. Automatic gain was on, so its possible I need to manually set the gain,

but I am not sure. It could also be the poor quality of the antenna. the command was:

```
# rtl_fm -f 96.3e6 -M wbfm -s 200000 -r 48000 - | aplay -r 48k -f S16_LE
```

aplay is a command line utility for playing audio. I had to run that separately as piping the data did not seem to work. I got this command from osmocom's website

## **4 07-03-2015**

I will not have much time to work today due to the holiday weekend. I will try to get Linux installed on my laptop in my free time. Either tomorrow or next week I will try to find a python example using the RTL-SDR driver. After that, I may switch gears back to the BladeRF.

## **5 07-04-2015**

Happy 4th of July! No progress will be made today as I'll be busy all day.

## **6 07-05-2015**

Didn't get a chance to work today either. Family event. Will continue progress tomorrow.

## 7 07-06-2015

Back to work today. I was attempting to install a program called Gqrx. Using the instructions from their github I added a repository and installed just the gqrx program. However, this created a massive conflict in my repositories. I uninstalled and figured I would just go back to working on the FM model to see if I could be sure its working right. However, installing that package messed up my installation of gnu radio. So now I must uninstall and reinstall everything. At the time, I was following this tutorial On Gqrx. I found a person with a similar problem to mine here. There are instructions below on how to reinstall everything. I will be trying that next and will hopefully get back to where I was. It may also be time to start learning more about virtuan environments or just how to reimage a computer quickly.

Currently trying to use the following command to reset the broken packages. This is taking a long time so I will have to wait for it to finish in order to continue reinstalling gnuradio. The command is:

```
# sudo apt-get dist-upgrade
```

This did not end up working. Next I tried using aptitude, which as I have read, will work to fix these broken dependencies and packages. The command for that is:

```
# sudo aptitude install <packagename>
```

Still trying to get everything installed and working. The repository made GNURadio work again, but I lost the Osmocom packages. Still trying. I have been following the instructions direct from osmocom but I'm getting errors related to "Gruel" when I try to use cmake.

**Success** Finally remembered that the instructables I was using previously had the commands listed (although for arch). The three necessary components can be installed by using:

```
# sudo apt-get install gnuradio
```

```
# sudo apt-get install rtl-sdr
```

```
# sudo apt-get install gr-osmosdr
```

As a note, the instructable used arch linux and the final package was installed as gr-osmosdr-git. Debian/Fedora/Arch users may need to use this form of the package instead of gr-osmosdr.