

# 并行程序设计报告

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## 基准测试 单线程程序

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>

#define MATRIX_LINE 2048
int matrix[MATRIX_LINE][MATRIX_LINE];
volatile int ans[MATRIX_LINE];

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    //fill the matrix
    srand(time(NULL));
    int i, j;
    for (j = 0; j < MATRIX_LINE; j++)
    {
        for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
        {
            int r = rand();
            matrix[j][i] = r;
        }
    }

    struct timeval start;
    struct timezone tz;
    gettimeofday(&start, &tz);
    for (j = 0 ; j < MATRIX_LINE; j++)
    {
        int ans_tmp;
        for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
        {
            ans_tmp += matrix[j][i]*matrix[i][j];
        }
        ans[j] = ans_tmp;
    }
    struct timeval end;
    gettimeofday(&end, &tz);
    long int diff = end.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
    printf("time used: %ld\n", diff);
}
```

```
FILE *f;
f = fopen("single.ans", "w");
for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
{
    fprintf(f, "%d\n", ans[i]);
}
fclose(f);
}
```

## 使用pthread并行计算的场合

注意编译时要加上 -pthread

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>

#define MATRIX_LINE 2048
int matrix[MATRIX_LINE][MATRIX_LINE];
volatile int ans[MATRIX_LINE];

void *worker(void *arg)
{
    int i, j;
    if (*(int *)arg == 1)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < MATRIX_LINE / 2; j++)
        {
            int ans_tmp;
            for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
            {
                ans_tmp += matrix[j][i]*matrix[i][j];
            }
            ans[j] = ans_tmp;
        }
    }
    else if (*(int *)arg == 2)
    {
        for (j = MATRIX_LINE / 2; j < MATRIX_LINE; j++)
        {
            int ans_tmp;
            for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
            {
                ans_tmp += matrix[j][i]*matrix[i][j];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        }
        ans[j] = ans_tmp;
    }
}

return NULL;
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    //fill the matrix
    srand(time(NULL));
    int i, j;
    for (j = 0; j < MATRIX_LINE; j++)
    {
        for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
        {
            int r = rand();
            matrix[j][i] = r;
        }
    }

    pthread_t p1, p2;

    struct timeval start;
    struct timezone tz;
    gettimeofday(&start, &tz);
    int arg1 = 1;
    int arg2 = 2;
    pthread_create(&p1, NULL, worker, (void *)&arg1);
    pthread_create(&p2, NULL, worker, (void *)&arg2);
    pthread_join(p1, NULL);
    pthread_join(p2, NULL);
    struct timeval end;
    gettimeofday(&end, &tz);
    long int diff = end.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
    printf("time used: %ld\n", diff);
    FILE *f;
    f = fopen("pthread.ans", "w");
    for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
    {
        fprintf(f, "%d\n", ans[i]);
    }
    fclose(f);
}
```

## 使用fork方法并行计算的场合

fork方法使用共享变量需要使用shmget和shmat

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/sem.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/prctl.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <malloc.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#define MATRIX_LINE 2048
int matrix[MATRIX_LINE][MATRIX_LINE];
volatile int ans[MATRIX_LINE];

sem_t son, son1;

static void sig_child(int signo);

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int shmid;
    int *shmaddr;
    signal(SIGCHLD, sig_child);
    shmid = shmget(IPC_PRIVATE, sizeof(int) * MATRIX_LINE, IPC_CREAT | 0600);
    sem_init(&son, 0, 0);
    sem_init(&son1, 0, 0);
    //fill the matrix
    srand(time(NULL));
    int i, j, i2, j2;
    for (j = 0; j < MATRIX_LINE; j++)
    {
        for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
        {
            int r = rand();
            matrix[j][i] = r;
        }
    }

    struct timeval start;
    struct timezone tz;
    gettimeofday(&start, &tz);
    int pid = fork();
```

```
if (pid == 0)
{
    shmaddr = (int *)shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
    prctl(PR_SET_PDEATHSIG, SIGHUP);
    for (j = MATRIX_LINE / 2; j < MATRIX_LINE; j++)
    {
        int ans_tmp;
        for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
        {
            ans_tmp += matrix[j][i] * matrix[i][j];
        }
        shmaddr[j] = ans_tmp;
    }
    sem_post(&son);
    printf("son posted\n");
    return 0;
}
else if (pid > 0)
{
    pid = fork();
    if (pid == 0)
    {
        shmaddr = (int *)shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);

        prctl(PR_SET_PDEATHSIG, SIGHUP);
        for (j = 0; j < MATRIX_LINE / 2; j++)
        {
            int ans_tmp;
            for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
            {
                ans_tmp += matrix[j][i] * matrix[i][j];
            }
            shmaddr[j] = ans_tmp;
        }
        printf("son1 posted\n");
        sem_post(&son1);
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        printf("main waitng\n");
        sem_wait(&son);
        sem_wait(&son1);
        printf("main go\n");
        struct timeval end;
        gettimeofday(&end, &tz);
        long int diff = end.tv_usec - start.tv_usec;
        printf("time used: %ld\n", diff);
    }
}
else
{
    printf("fork fail\n");
}
```

```

    }
    shmaddr = (int *)shmat(shmid, NULL, 0);
    FILE *f;
    f = fopen("fork.ans", "w");
    for (i = 0; i < MATRIX_LINE; i++)
    {
        fprintf(f, "%d\n", shmaddr[i]);
    }
    fclose(f);

    return 0;
}

static void sig_child(int signo)
{
    pid_t pid;
    int stat;
    while ((pid = waitpid(-1, &stat, WNOHANG)) > 0)
    {
        //printf("child %d exited with signal %d\n", pid, signo);
        fflush(stdout);
    }
}

```

## makefile文件

```

# makefile

all : pthread fork single

single : single.c
        gcc -o single single.c

pthread :      pthread.c
        gcc pthread.c -o pthread -pthread

fork      :      fork.c
        gcc fork.c -o fork -pthread

.PHONY: clean

clean:
        rm -f *.o pthread fork

```

## 运行结果

在windows subsystem linux上运行，可以看到运算pthread比单线程快，而fork反而更慢了

```
root@azusebook: /mnt/e/w1652238/dr
root@azusebook:/mnt/e/w1652238/dr# uname -a
Linux azusebook 4.4.0-17134-Microsoft #345-Microsoft Wed Sep 19 17:47:00 PST 2018 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
root@azusebook:/mnt/e/w1652238/dr# ./single
time used: 85078
root@azusebook:/mnt/e/w1652238/dr# ./pthread
time used: 51862
root@azusebook:/mnt/e/w1652238/dr# ./fork
main waitng
son posted
son1 posted
main go
time used: 107155
root@azusebook:/mnt/e/w1652238/dr#
```