POLAR High Level Data Products Format Design Specification

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1 Introduction

This chapter contains an introduction to the document "POLAR High Level Data Products Format Design Specification"

1.1 Purpose of the document

Three core pre-processing programs of POLAR SCI and HK raw data have been finished. They are SCI_Decode, HK_Decode and Time_Calculate. For raw data products from POAC, please see the document[1]. SCI_Decode is to directly decode 0B level POLAR SCI raw data from POAC, and do time sync at the same time. HK_Decode is to directly decode 0B level POLAR HK raw data from POAC, and do some physical value converting work. Time_Calculate is to calculate the absolute GPS time of each event in SCI decoded data using the GPS and timestamp sync information in HK decoded data. These three programs are tested by lots of ground data and work well. One important thing is the format or data structure of the output data files. Everyone who uses these programs should know the format and the way of data organization. This document is mainly to clarify the data structure of decoded data produced by the three pre-processing programs.

1.2 Levels of data products

POLAR data products has several different levels. 1M level data is the directly decoded data produced by SCI_Decode or HK_Decode. It should keep all information in 0B level raw data, and add some auxiliary data which is helpful for data monitor and data analysis later. The level of SCI data after absolute GPS time of each event is calculated and added by Time_Calculate is 1P. 1M and 1P level SCI data have almost the same data structure except for absolute GPS time added. HK data does not have 1P level, because 1M level HK data already have absolute GPS time.

One raw data file from POAC could be very big, because it may contain a day of data. The time span of one orbit is about 90 minutes, so it could be convenient to split the data by orbit. The data structure of orbit splitted data should be the same as the data that is not splitted. So, data monitor and data analysis software can directly process the data after and before splitted without any change. The level of orbit splitted data is 1R.

This document will give a clear clarification of data structure of 1M and 1P level SCI decoded data, 1M level HK decoded data. SCI data of one event include one trigger packet and one or more module packets. It is important to understand the data organization of event data in the output ROOT file.

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2 Usage of the three programs

Before introducing the data products format, this chapter gives a brief introduction to how to use the three core pre-processing programs.

2.1 Usage of SCI_Decode and HK_Decode

The way of using the two decoding programs SCI_Decode and HK_Decode are the same, we can run one of them without any command line parameters to see the help information.

Help information of SCI_Decode is as following:

And help information of HK_Decode is as following:

```
> HK_Decode
Usage:

HK_Decode [-1 <listfile.txt>] [<POL_HK_data_001.dat> <POL_HK_data_002.dat> ...]

[-o <POL_HK_decoded_data.root>] [-g <POL_HK_decoding_error.log>]

Options:

-1 <listfile.txt> text file that contains raw data file list
-o <decoded_data.root> root file that stores decoded data
-g <decoding_error.log> text file that records decoding error log info

--version print version and author information
```

There are two ways to input raw data files.

The first way is directly to use command line parameters without options to give file names as following:

```
> SCI_Decode POL_SCI_data_20160517_154345_001.dat POL_SCI_data_20160517_154345_002.dat ...
```

SCI_Decode will scan the designated raw data files one by one from left to right and generate only one decoded ROOT file. The default name of the output file is POL_SCI_decoded_data.root for SCI_Decode if it is not specified by option -o.

The second way is to use a text file which contains all the file names line by line. And use option -1 to input the raw data files. Just as following:

```
> cat listfile.txt
path/to/POL_SCI_data_20160517_154345_001.dat
path/to/POL_SCI_data_20160517_154345_002.dat
path/to/POL_SCI_data_20160517_154345_003.dat
...
> SCI_Decode -1 listfile.txt
```

Options -o and -g are optional. We can use option -o to specify the name of output decoded file. If option -g is used, SCI_Decode and HK_Decode will record some log information into a text file, including the raw data of bad packets.

After a run of SCI_Decode or HK_Decode finished, some counter information will be printed out, including count of total frames and packets, count of CRC error, count and percentage of packets lost, percentage of time aligned event packets, etc.. Such counter information can give some indications of quality of the raw data.

Screen output of SCI_Decode is as following:

										17706003		
		e count lid cou		783485 0				et count:		17786003 8090369		
				0.00%				acket count	:	9695515		
		lid per error o		0.00%				ket count:		65		
			ercent:	0.00%				ilid count: ilid percent		0.00%		
			on count:	0.00%				error count		633		
			count:	0				error perce		0.00%		
			count:	0				short count		291		
ct	mod	> pe	 d_trig p	 ed_event	ped_lost	perc	 ent	noped_tr	ig n	oped_event	 noped_lost	percent
1	405	> -	766	766	0	0.	00% I	2619	73	261973	0	0.00%
2	639	>	766	766	0	0.	00% I	3403	00	340300	0	0.00%
3	415		765	765	0		00% I	3590		359014	1	0.00%
4	522		758	758	0		00% I	3614		361436	0	0.00%
5	424		763	763	0		00% I	3227		322721	0	0.00%
6		>	763	763	0		00%	3176		317663	1	0.00%
7	408		760	760	0		00%	4064		406439	0	0.00%
8 9	638 441		757 758	757 758	0		00% 00%	4485 4715		448543 471523	0	0.00%
10	631		758 758	758 758	0		00% I	4118		471523 418859	0	0.00%
11	411		769	769	0		00% I	3050		305021	0	0.00%
12		>	757	756	1		13% I	4264		426403	-1	-0.00%
13	503		759	759	0		00% I	4959		495925	0	0.00%
14		>	742	742	Ö		00%	5199		519941	0	0.00%
15	410	>	762	762	0	0.	00%	4206	77	420677	0	0.00%
16	507	>	769	769	0	0.	00%	3218	57	321857	0	0.00%
17	402	>	758	758	0	0.	00% I	3922	00	392200	0	0.00%
18	602	>	754	754	0	0.	00% I	5068	62	506861	1	0.00%
19	414		765	765	0		00% I	4823		482388	0	0.00%
	524		747	746	1		13% l	4379		437999	0	0.00%
21		>	766	766	0		00% I	2461		246194	2	0.00%
22	601		761	761	0		00% I	3653		365308	0	0.00%
23	406		770	767	3		39%	3262		325397	869	0.27%
24 25	520 413	>	771 768	771 768	0		00%	4028 3179		402897 317960	0	0.00%
25	413	, 				0.0	00% 	3179		317960		0.00%
-			m: 969540		noped_trigg		8089584			_trigger:	785	
			ım: 969452		noped_event					_ped_trigger:		,
		-	it: 0.01% e: 19.96		mean event aligned sum		12719 c			evts per sec: gned percent:		/sec

Screen output of HK_Decode is as following:

```
POL_HK_data_20160517_154345_001.dat
                                                total obox packet count:
total frame count:
frame valid count:
                            12564
                                                obox valid count:
                                                                             6281
frame invalid count:
                                                 obox invalid count:
                            12564
                                                                             6281
frame crc passed:
                                                obox crc passed:
frame crc error count:
                                                obox crc error count:
frame interruption count:
```

2.2 Usage of Time_Calculate

Time_Calculate is used to calculate and add the absolute GPS time of each event in decoded SCI data. It can work only when the GPS time in HK data is valid. We can also run this program without any command line parameters to see the help information.

Help information of Time_Calculate is as following:

```
Usage:
Time_Calculate <POL_SCI_decoded_data.root> -k <POL_HK_decoded_data.root>
[-o <POL_SCI_decoded_data_time.root>] [-g <POL_SCI_time_error.log>]

Options:
    -k <hk_decoded_data.root> root file that stores hk decoded data
    -o <sci_decoded_data.root> root file that stores sci decoded data after absolute time is added
    -g <time_error.log> text file that records time calculating error log info

--version print version and author information
```

It is very straightforward. Just use option -k to designate the file name of decoded HK data. Options -o and -g are also optional. Option -o is used to specify the file name of the output ROOT file that stores the SCI data after absolute GPS time is added. If option -o is not used, the default file name is POL_SCI_decoded_data_time.root. When option -g is used, this program will record some error log information into a text file.

Screen output of Time_Calculate is as following:

Absolute GPS time is only added into trigger packets, and all of other data is just copied.

3 Data Structure of ROOT files

References

 $[1] \ \ POLAR_space_data_from_GESSA/POAC \ data \ products.pdf$