5261-Project

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Read data

```
library(zoo)
## Warning: package 'zoo' was built under R version 3.3.3
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       as.Date, as.Date.numeric
LIBOR <- read.csv("../data/1-Month_LIBOR_daily.csv", header = TRUE, as.is = T)
LIBOR[,1] \leftarrow as.Date(LIBOR[,1], "%m/%d/%Y")
SHIBOR <- read.csv("../data/SHIBOR.csv", header = TRUE, as.is = T)
SHIBOR[,1] \leftarrow as.Date(SHIBOR[,1], "%m/%d/%Y")
CSI300 <- read.csv("../data/CSI300_daily.csv", header = TRUE, as.is = T)
CSI300[,1] \leftarrow as.Date(CSI300[,1], "%m/%d/%Y")
GSPC <- read.csv("../data/S&P500(^GSPC)_daily.csv", header = TRUE, as.is = T)
GSPC[,1] \leftarrow as.Date(GSPC[,1], "%m/%d/%Y")
EX <- read.csv("../data/ExRate.csv", header = TRUE, as.is = T)
EX[,1] \leftarrow as.Date(EX[,1], "%m/%d/%Y")
TRADE <- read.csv("../data/Trade.csv", header = TRUE, as.is = T)
TRADE[,1] <- as.Date(as.yearmon(TRADE[,1], "%Y/%m"))</pre>
TRADE <- TRADE[order(TRADE[,1]),]</pre>
M_US <- read.csv("../data/m1m2_US.csv", header = TRUE, as.is = T)
M_US[,1] \leftarrow as.Date(as.yearmon(M_US[,1], "%Y-%m"))
M_CN <- read.csv("../data/m1m2_China.csv", header = TRUE, as.is = T)</pre>
M_{CN}[,1] \leftarrow as.Date(as.yearmon(M_{CN}[,1], "%Y-%m"))
M_CN <- M_CN[order(M_CN[,1]),]</pre>
LIBOR <- LIBOR[-nrow(LIBOR),]
TRADE[1,1] \leftarrow TRADE[1,1]+1
M_{CN[1,1]} \leftarrow M_{CN[1,1]+1}
M_{CN} \leftarrow M_{CN}[-c(nrow(M_{CN}), nrow(M_{CN})-1),]
M_US[1,1] \leftarrow M_US[1,1]+1
```

Combine into main dataframe

```
DATE <- seq(min(LIBOR[,1]), max(LIBOR[,1]), by="days")

DATE <- data.frame(DATE)

main <- merge(CSI300, DATE, by.x='Date', by.y='DATE', all.x=T, all.y=T)

main <- merge(main, EX, by.x='Date', by.y='Date', all.x=T, all.y=T)

main <- merge(main, GSPC, by.x='Date', by.y='Date', all.x=T, all.y=T)

main <- merge(main, LIBOR, by.x='Date', by.y='DATE', all.x=T, all.y=T)

main <- merge(main, M_CN, by.x='Date', by.y='Time.Period', all.x=T, all.y=T)

main <- merge(main, M_US, by.x='Date', by.y='Time.Period', all.x=T, all.y=T)

main <- merge(main, SHIBOR, by.x='Date', by.y='Date', all.x=T, all.y=T)

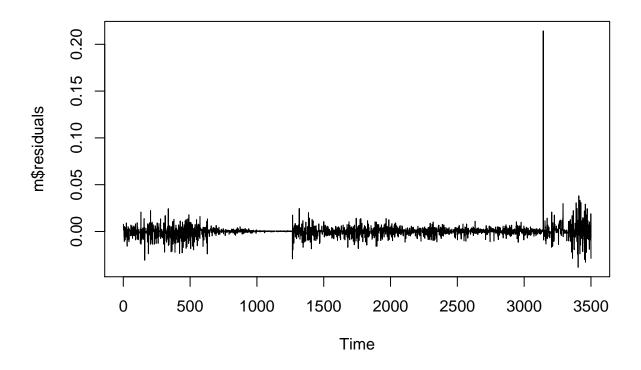
colnames(main) <- c("Date", "CSI300", "RMBperUSD", "GSPC", "LIBOR", "m2_CN", "m1_CN", "m1_US", "m2_US",

main <- main[, c("Date", "RMBperUSD", "SHIBOR", "LIBOR", "CSI300", "GSPC", "m1_CN", "m2_CN", "m1_US", "m2_US", "
```

Use interpolation to fill missing spaces

```
for (i in 4:10) {
  main[,i][is.na(main[,i])] <- "."</pre>
  main[,i] <- as.numeric(paste(main[,i]))</pre>
}
for (i in 2:6) {
  main[3:nrow(main),i] <- na.approx(main[3:nrow(main),i])</pre>
}
for (j in 7:10) {
  for (i in 1:nrow(main)) {
    if (is.na(main[i,j])) {
      k <- max(which(is.na(main[1:i,j]) == FALSE))</pre>
      main[i,j] <- main[k,j]</pre>
    }
  }
}
main \leftarrow main [-c(1,2),]
save(main, file = "main.RData")
Scale regressors
main[,3:8] <- scale(main[,3:8])
Divide dataset into training and test sets
train <- main[1:3500,]
test <- main[3501:3709,]
Arima model with regressors
library(zoo)
library(forecast)
## Warning: package 'forecast' was built under R version 3.3.3
m <- auto.arima(train$RMBperUSD, xreg = train[,3:10])</pre>
## Series: train$RMBperUSD
## Regression with ARIMA(0,1,1) errors
##
## Coefficients:
##
            ma1
                  drift SHIBOR
                                  LIBOR
                                            CSI300
                                                      GSPC
                                                               m1_CN
                                                                       m2_CN
##
         0.1777 -3e-04 -1e-04 0.0236 -0.0051 0.0009 -0.0045 0.0090
## s.e. 0.0167 1e-04
                           9e-04 0.0109 0.0017 0.0035
                                                             0.0096 0.0233
         m1_US m2_US
##
##
         0e+00
                     0
## s.e. 1e-04
                     0
## sigma^2 estimated as 3.776e-05: log likelihood=12858.25
## AIC=-25694.5 AICc=-25694.43 BIC=-25626.74
Plot residuals
```

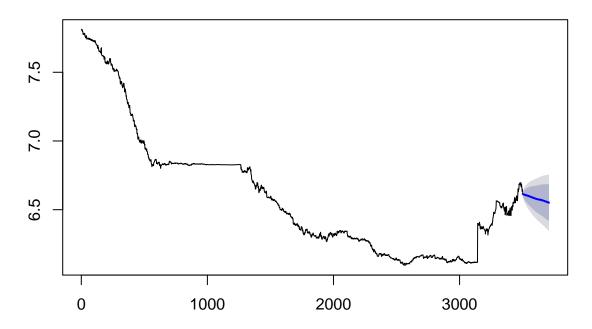
plot(m\$residuals)



Use model to forecast over test set

```
pred <- forecast(m, xreg = test[,3:10], h = 209)
plot(pred, main = "Prediction using ARIMA model with regressors")</pre>
```

Prediction using ARIMA model with regressors



Calculate mean test error

```
forecasted <- as.numeric(pred$mean)
actual <- test$RMBperUSD
errors <- (forecasted - actual)^2
mse <- mean(errors)
mse</pre>
```

[1] 0.06113678