Build Tools

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So what's all this about?

An *awful* lot of the things we do with a computer are about *format shifting* We do this when we compile code:

- ► cc -c library.c -o library.o
- ► cc hello.c library.o -o hello

When we archive files:

▶ zip -r coursework.zip coursework

When we draw figures:

▶ dot -Tpdf flowchart.dot -0 flowchart.pdf

Can we automate this?

YES!

We could write a shellscript and stick all the tasks in one place...

```
#! /usr/bin/env bash
cc -c library.c -o library.o
cc hello.c library.o -o hello
zip -r coursework.zip coursework
dot -Tpdf flowchart.dot -O flowchart.pdf
```

But can we do better than this?

- Do we really need to recompile the C program if only our flowchart has changed?
- Can we generalise build patterns?

Make

Make in an ancient tool for automating builds.

- ▶ Developed by Stuart Feldman in 1976
- ► Takes *rules* which tell you how to build files
- ► Then follows them to build the things you need!

Two main dialects of it (nowadays):

BSD Make More old fashioned, POSIX

GNU Make More featureful, default on Linux

In practice, unless your developing a BSD every one uses GNU Make

▶ If you're on a Mac, or BSD box install GNU Make and try gmake if things don't work

Makefiles

```
Rules for Make are placed into a Makefile and look like the following:
hello: hello.c library.o
        cc -o hello hello.c library.o
library.o: library.c
        cc -c -o library.o library.c
coursework.zip: coursework
        zip -r coursework.zip coursework
flowchart.pdf: flowchart.dot
        dot -Tpdf flowchart.dot -O flowchart.pdf
If you ask make to build hello it will figure out what it needs to do:
$ make hello
cc -c -o library.o library.c
cc -o hello hello.c library.o
```



Making changes

If you alter files... Make is smart enough to only rerun the steps you need: For example if you edit hello.c and rebuild:

```
$ make hello
cc -o hello hello.c library.o
```

But if you edit library.c it can figure out it needs to rebuild everything

```
$ make hello
cc -c -o library.o library.c
cc -o hello hello.c library.o
```

Phony targets

As well as rules for how to make files you can have *phony* targets that don't depend on files but just tell make what to do when they're run

Often a Makefile will include a phony:

all typically first rule in a file (or marked .default): depends on everything you'd like to build

clean deletes all generated files install installs the program

```
$ make
cc -c -o library.o library.c
cc -o hello.o hello.c library.o
zip -r coursework.zip coursework
dot -Tpdf flowchart.dot -O flowchart.pdf
```

```
.PHONY: all clean
all: hello coursework.zip flowchart.pdf
clean:
        git clean -dfx
hello: hello.c library.o
        cc -o hello hello.c library.o
librarv.o: librarv.c
        cc -c -o library.o library.c
coursework.zip: coursework
        zip -r coursework.zip coursework
flowchart.pdf: flowchart.dot
        dot -Tpdf flowchart.dot -O flowchart.pdf
```

Pattern rules

(So far, everything should have worked in GNU and BSD Make... here on out we're in GNU land) What if we wanted to add an extra library to our hello programs? We could go and update the Makefile but its better to generalise!

```
CC=clang
CFLAGS=-Wall -03
PHONY: all clean
all: hello coursework.zip flowchart.pdf
clean:
        git clean -dfx
hello: hello.c library.o extra-library.o
%.o: %.c
        $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c -o $@ $<
%: %.c
        $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ $<
%.zip: %
        zip -r $@ $<
%.pdf: %.dot
        dot -Tndf $< -0 $@
```

Implicit pattern rules

Actually because Make is so old, it knows about compiling C (and Fortran/Pascal...) code already:

```
.PHONY: all clean
all: hello coursework.zip flowchart.pdf
clean:
        git clean -dfx
hello: hello.c library.o extra-library.o
%.zip: %
       zin -r $@ $<
%.pdf: %.dot
        dot -Tpdf $< -0 $@
```

Lets get even more general!

Suppose we wanted to add more figures... we could add dependencies on all to build them or...

```
.PHONY: all clean
figures=$(patsubst .dot,.pdf,$(wildcard *.dot))
all: hello coursework.zip ${figures}
clean:
        git clean -dfx
hello: hello.c library.o extra-library.o
%.zip: %
       zip -r $@ $<
%.pdf: %.dot
        dot -Tpdf $< -0 $@
```

Make is crazy powerful

I love Make ...

- ► I abuse it for compiling everything
- ► For distributing reproducible science studies
- ► For building and deploying websites

Pattern rules and the advanced stuff is neat...

- ▶ ...but if you never use it I won't be offended
- Make is one of those tools that you'll come back to again and again over your careers.
- ▶ ...and there's a bunch of tricks I haven't shown you ;-)

Go and read the GNU Make Manual

► Its pretty good for a technical document

In conclusion

When you get a bit of software... and you find a Makefile in there... Just type make!

▶ (and make sure your projects build in the same way!)

(Actually often you'll have to type \cdot /configure then make for reasons we'll come to $next\ time$.)

▶ No I'm not going to teach you *autotools* don't worry!