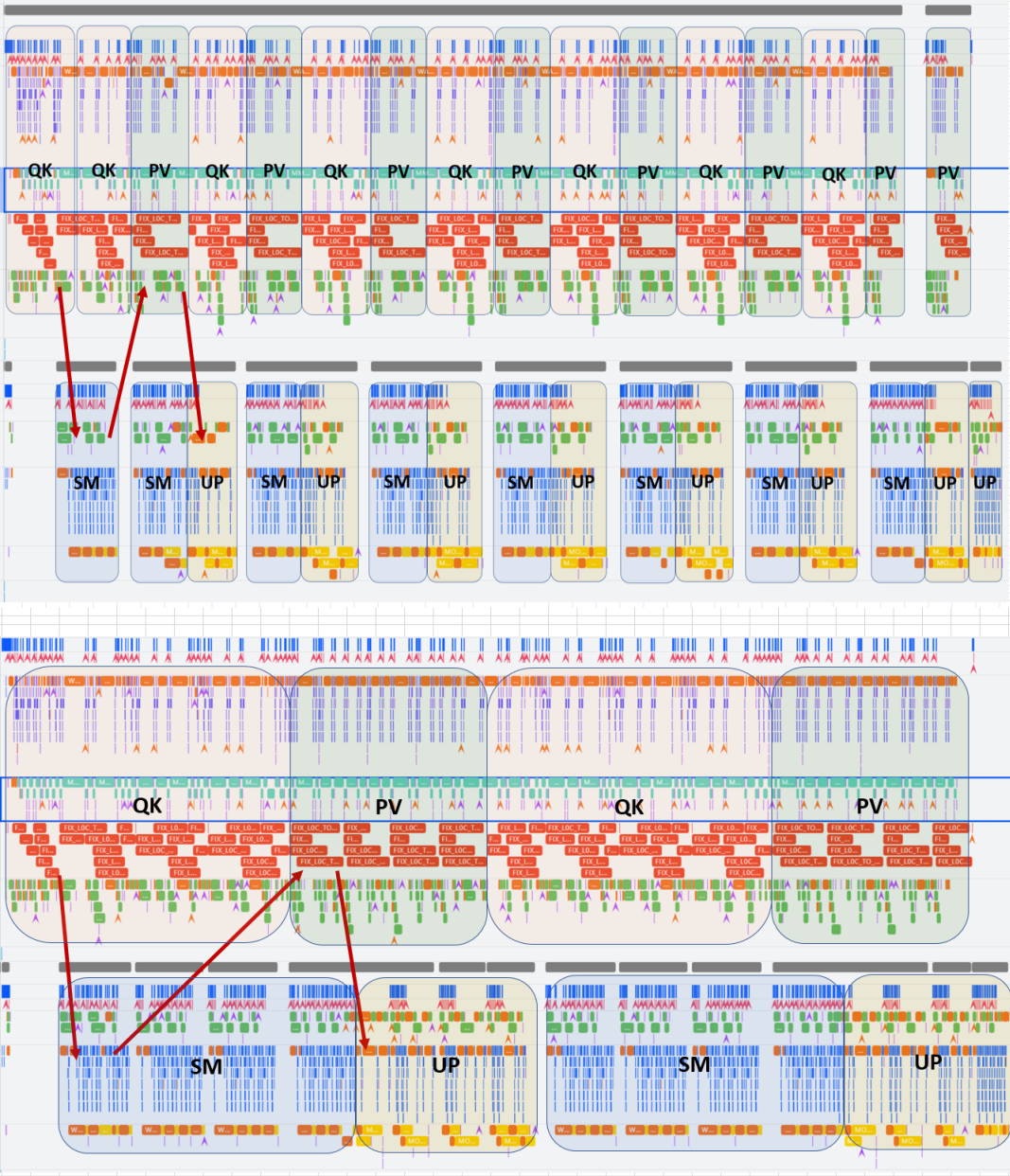


MLA Int8 Optimizations:

(I)



Original Pipeline:

(1) chunk=1
QK, QK, PV, QK, PV, QK, PV, PV, __
__, SM, SM, UP, SM, UP, SM, UP, UP

New Pipeline:

(2) chunk=2
QK, QK, PV, PV, QK, QK, PV, PV, __
__, SM, SM, UP, UP, SM, SM, UP, UP

(3) chunk=4
QK, QK, QK, QK, PV, PV, PV, PV ...
__, SM, SM, SM, SM, UP, UP, UP, UP...

SideNote: No need to change workspace.

SideNote: The gm workspace of S, P, Otmp would be doubled. But since in Int8, it still has the same workspace size compared to fp16.

- Observation:
- 1. The granularity of each stage is small, which requires perfect pipeline runtime to make the bubble disappear, which has less robustness.
 - 2. In the actual run(not the simulation), the SM duration is long, so there is a big bubble in the end for PV waiting for the SM.

Purpose of the New Pipeline with large chunksize: Enlarge the granularity of the pipeline between CV.

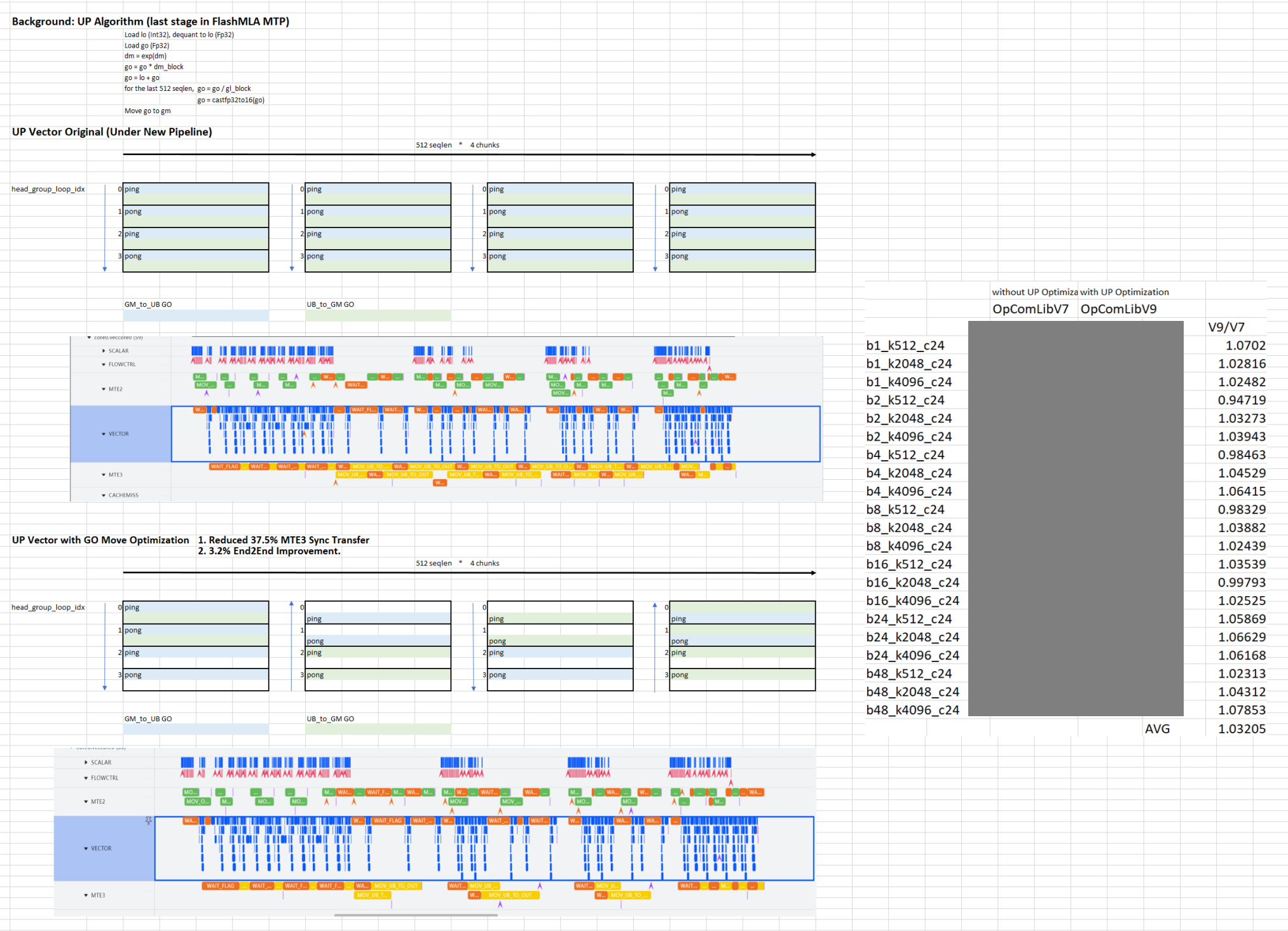
- Side Advantaged:
- 1 .Utilized more L1 Buffer with pingpong
 - 2. leave the room for full cube utilization
 - 3. leave the room for UP memory transfer reduction.

- Side Disadvantaged:
- 1. Doubled the HBM usages on S, P, Otmp.

Result:

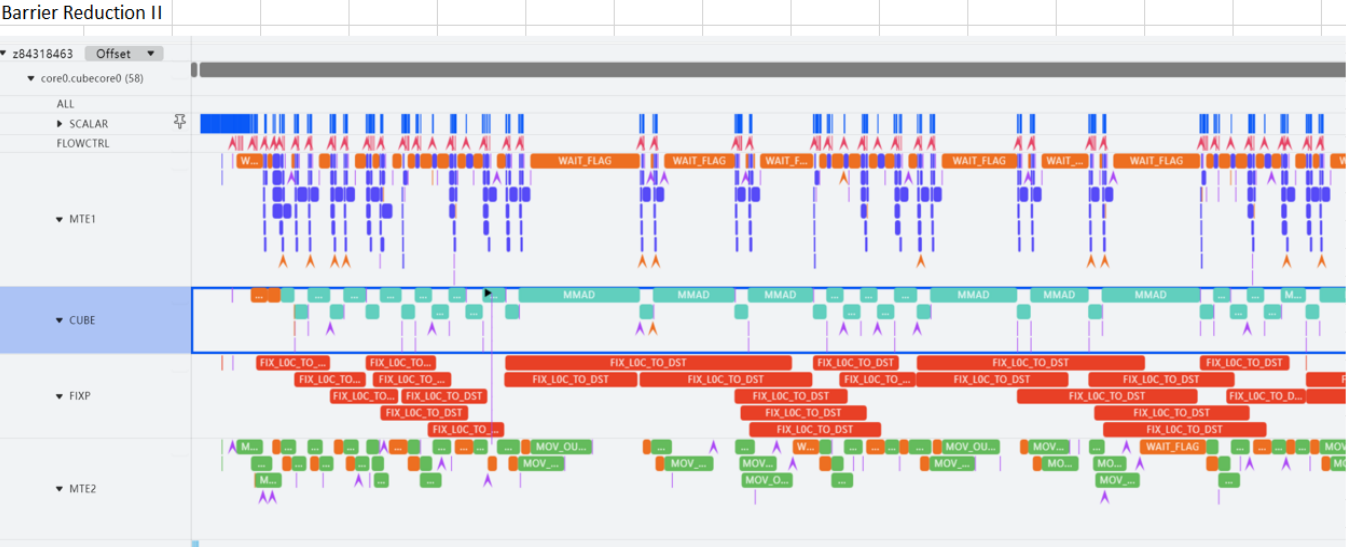
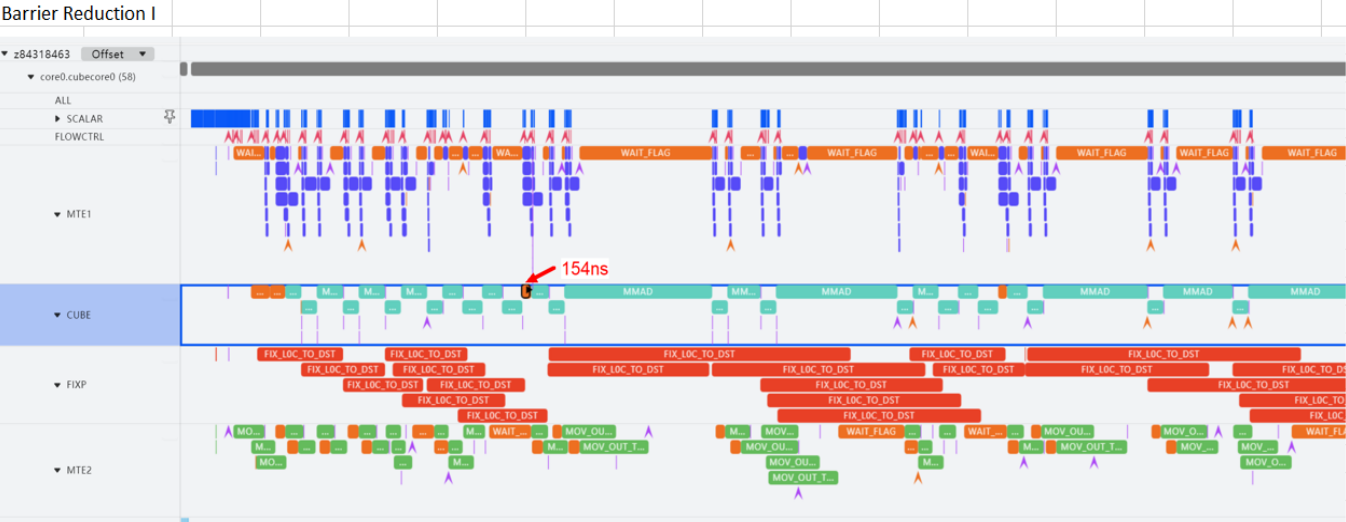
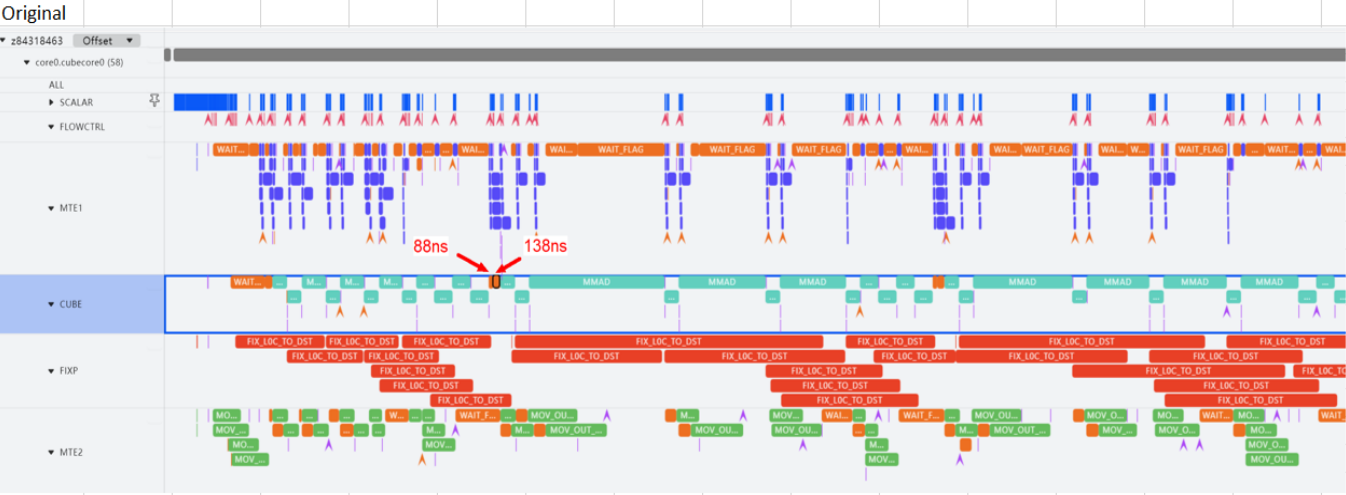
Bs1_K4096_C24	Bs1_K2048_C24
Original Pipeline:	Original Pipeline:
New Pipeline:	New Pipeline:
Improvement: 4.5%	Improvement: 9.2%

(II)



(III)

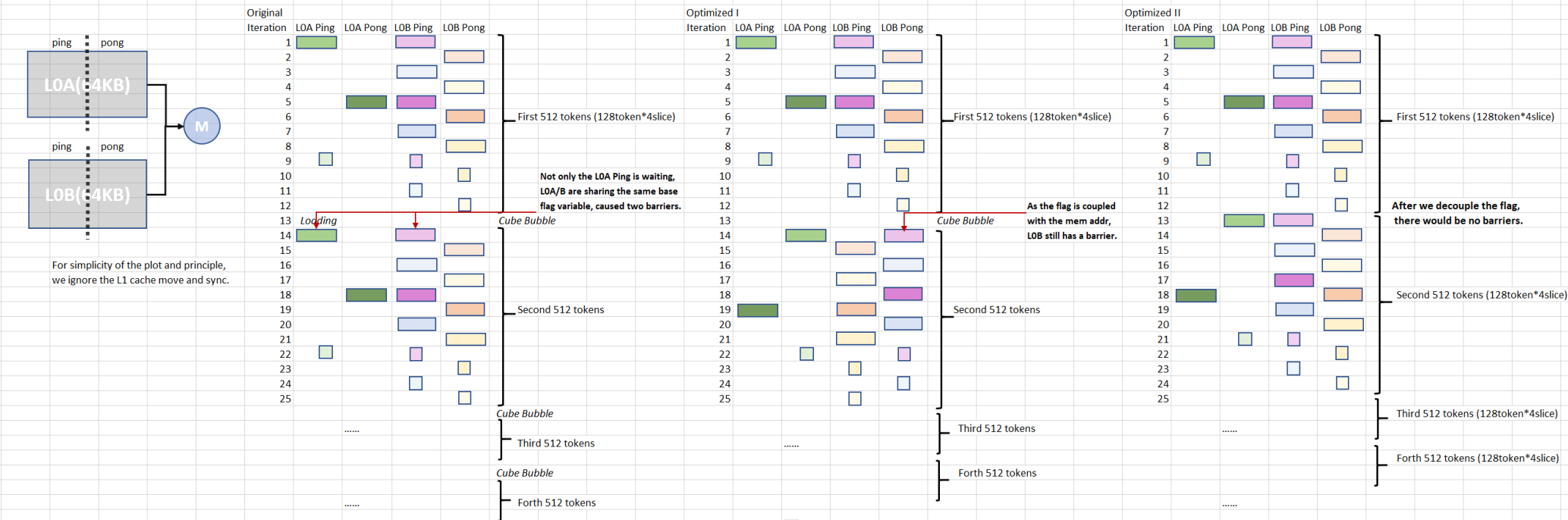
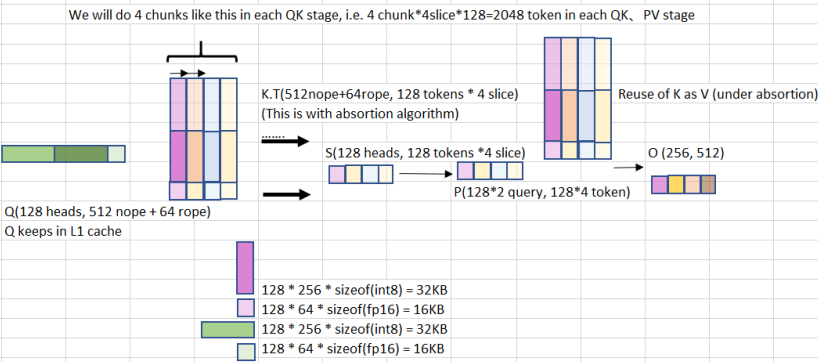
Int8 Kernel Optimization of Cube Bubble Under New Pipeline of chunksize 4



In the end, there is zero bubbles in the whole pipeline.

Reduction Strategy:

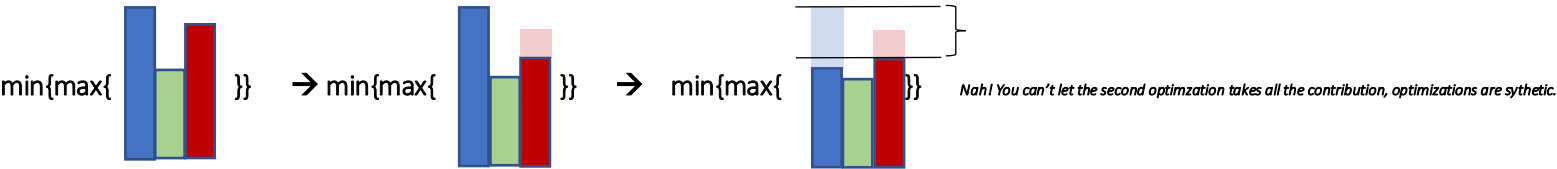
Int8 Kernel Optimization of Cube Bubble Under New Pipeline of chunksize 4



Int8 Overall Improvement: 19%

	OpComLibV0 (us)	OpComLibV11 (us)	V11/V0
b1_k512_c24			1.07568
b1_k2048_c24			1.39753
b1_k4096_c24			1.22115
b2_k512_c24			1.10849
b2_k2048_c24			1.20156
b2_k4096_c24			1.17252
b4_k512_c24			1.125
b4_k2048_c24			1.24277
b4_k4096_c24			1.19364
b8_k512_c24			1.13337
b8_k2048_c24			1.25688
b8_k4096_c24			1.22447
b16_k512_c24			1.04
b16_k2048_c24			1.23246
b16_k4096_c24			1.2045
b24_k512_c24			1.10615
b24_k2048_c24			1.23452
b24_k4096_c24			1.22962
b48_k512_c24			1.13204
b48_k2048_c24			1.2534
b48_k4096_c24			1.25591
		AVG	1.19246

Side Explanation:



The real case is more complicated since each component can not be seperated independently.

Other Optimizations:

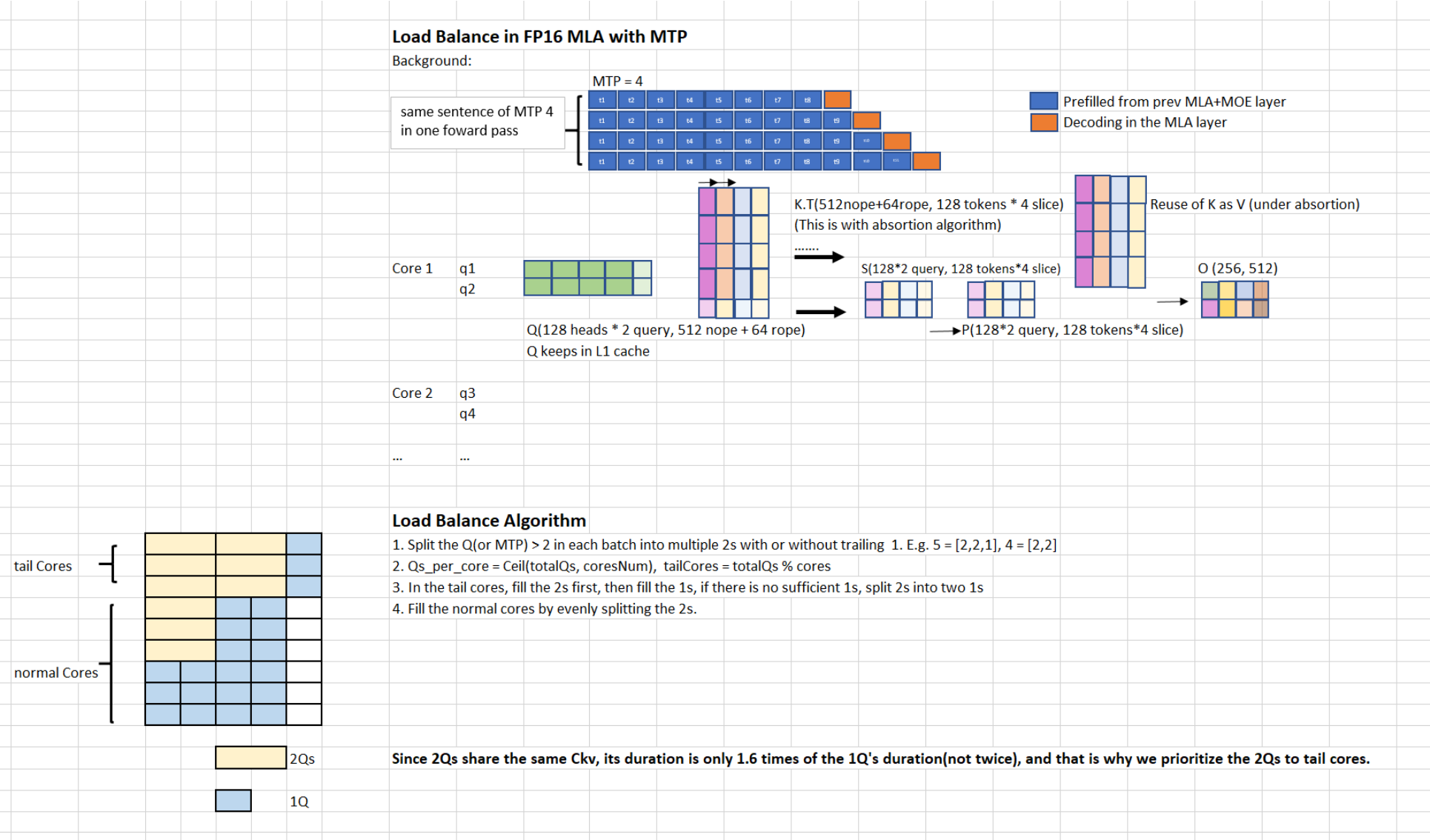
Some solid optimization without End2End Improvement (but definetely no harm):

- 1. S/P Layout optimization in Int8 case.
- 2. Setting two stages of cross-core synchronization for QK stage, one for nope(S_nope int32), one for rope(S_rope fp32). So once the S_nope is calculated, it can move to vector core and do dequantization.

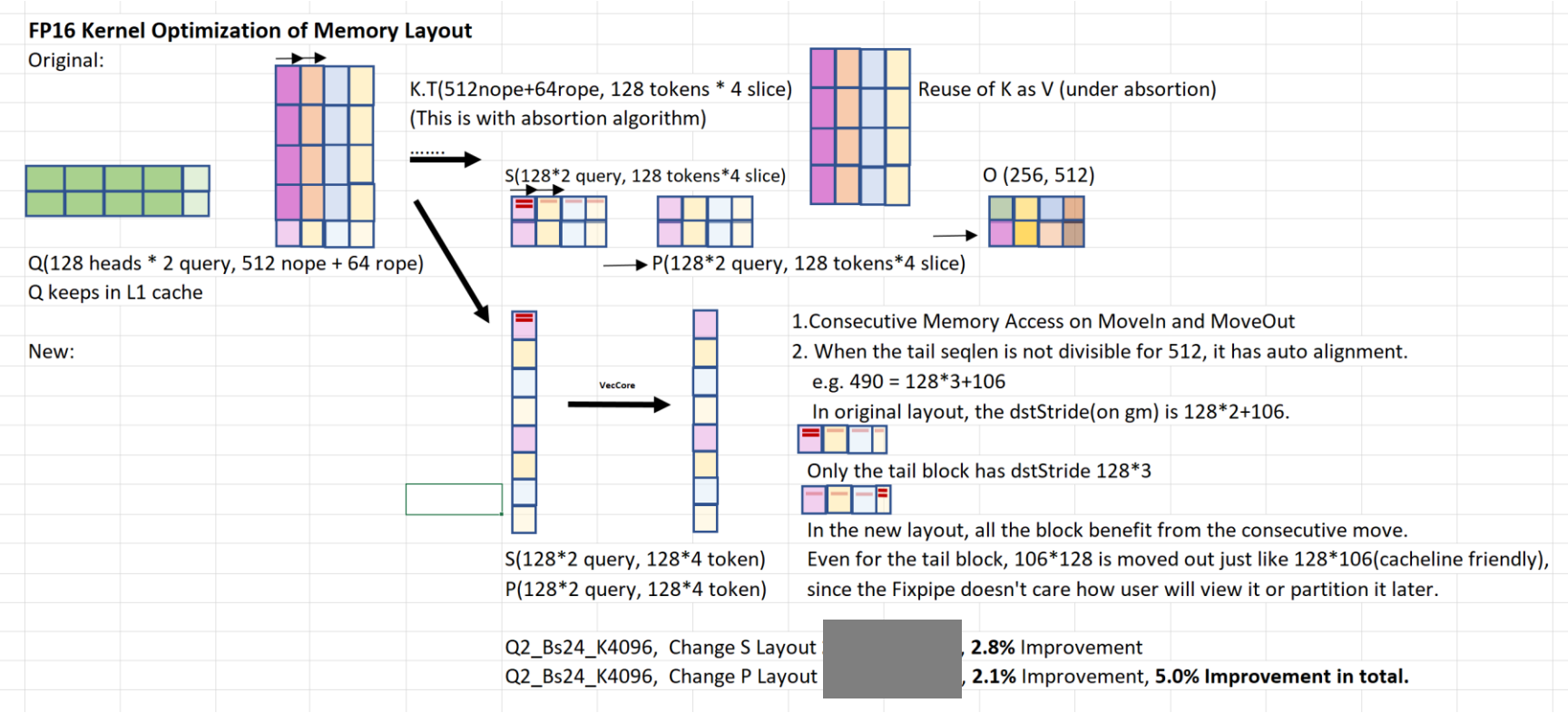


MLA FP16 Optimizations:

(I)

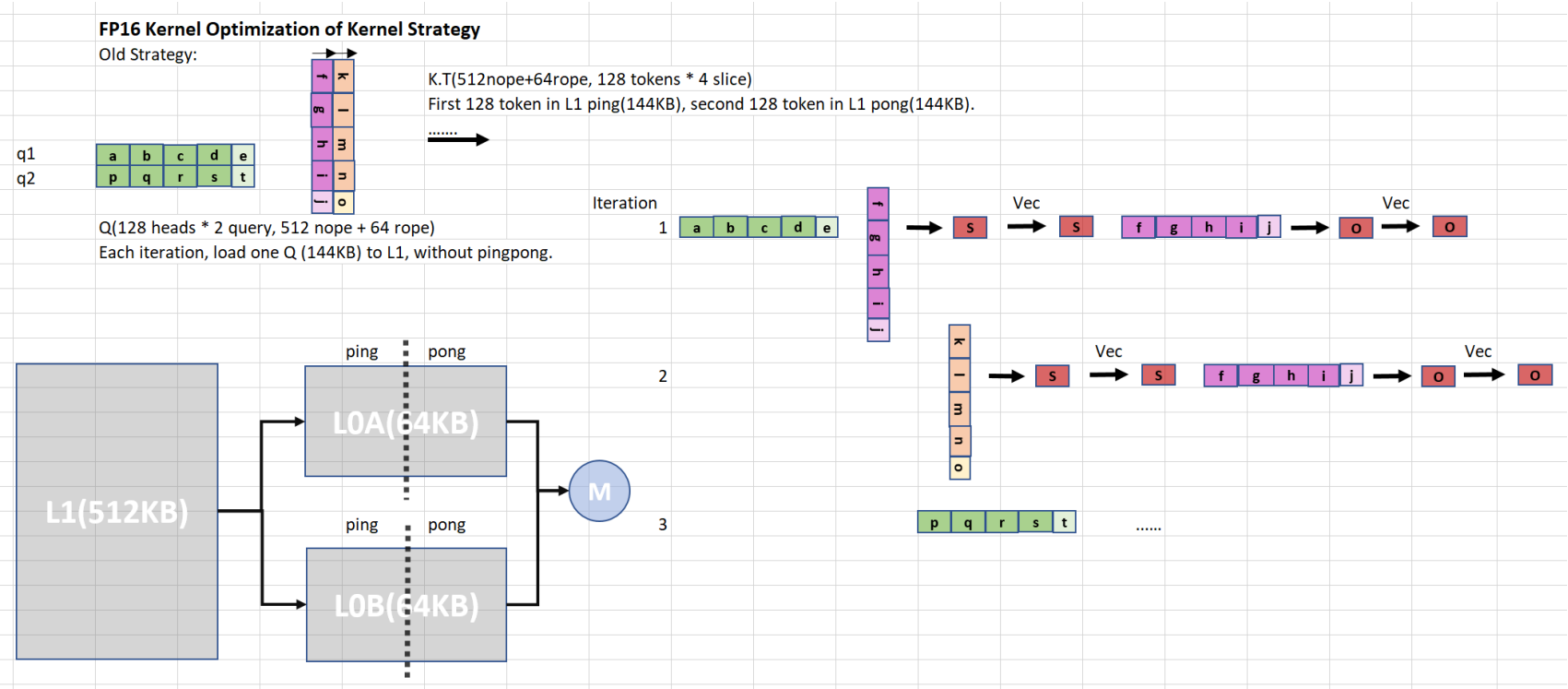


(II)

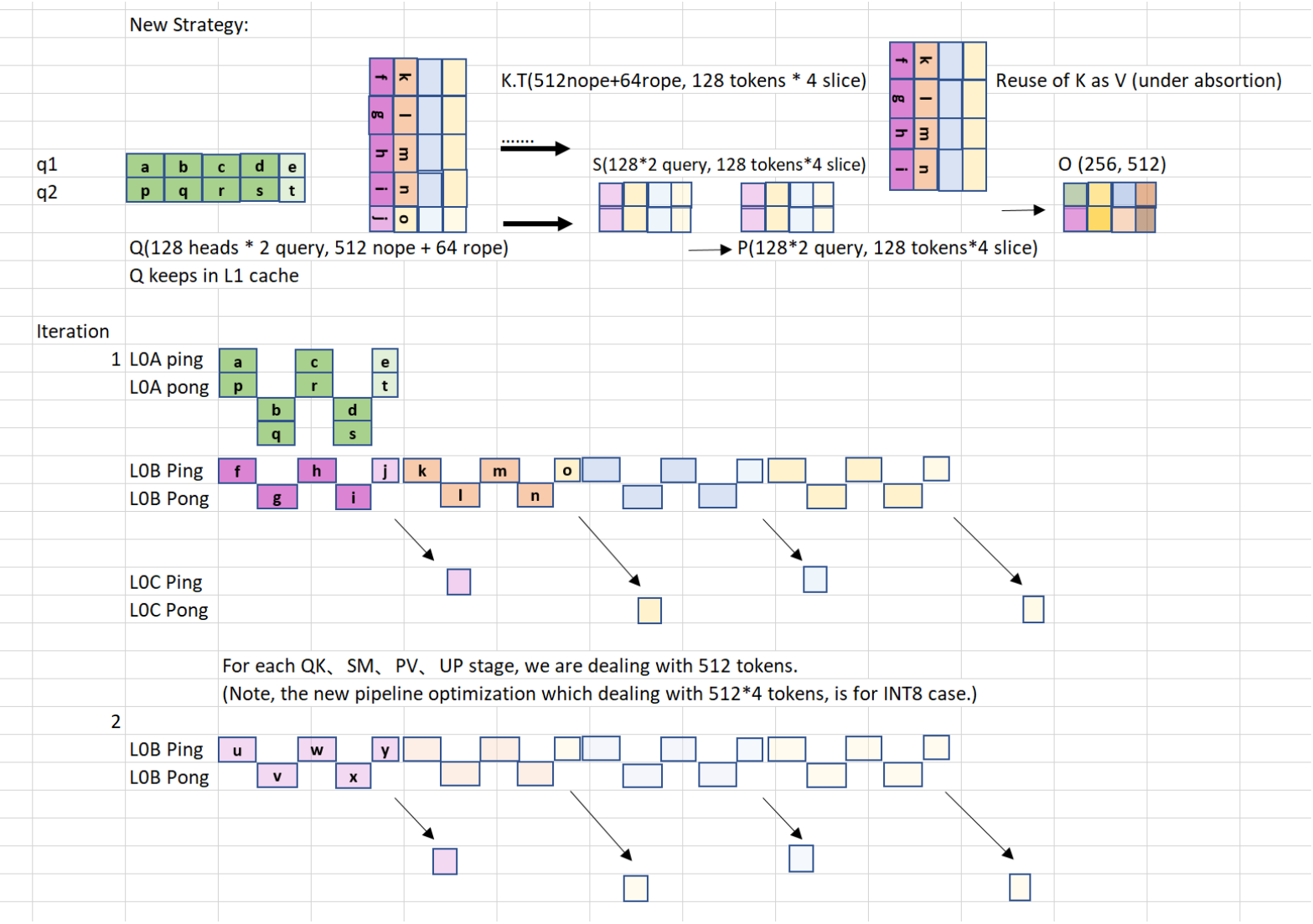


Appendix:

1.Old FP/BF16 kernel strategy:



2.New FP/BF16 Kernel Strategy:



3. MLA Inference Operators on Ascend (Execute Sequentially):

- 1. MLAPO(i.e. Preprocess Operator)[rope, Wk absortion, data preparation for paged attention]
- 2. MLAPA(i.e. Paged Attention) [MLA Decoding] ←This is what we are optimizing at
- 3. Einsum [Wv absortion]