

Focus on $SL(2; \mathbb{C}) +$ trace free case.

X : cpt R.S. . genus(X) = g , $S = \{p_1, \dots, p_n\}$ marked points

Def: (Parabolic-Structure)

A vector bundle $\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{C}^r \\ \downarrow \\ E \\ \downarrow \\ X \end{array}$ with weighted flags m_p :
 $E_p = F_1 \supseteq F_2 \supseteq \dots \supseteq F_{d_p} \supseteq 0$ at $\forall p \in S$.
 $0 \leq d_1 < d_2 < \dots < d_{sp} < 1$

matrix of flags dimension.

Def: (Parabolic Higgs Field)

$(E_A, \bar{\phi})$, $\bar{\phi}: E_A \rightarrow k \otimes E_A$ with simple pole at $p \in S$, s.t.
 $\text{Res}_p \bar{\phi}(F_i(p)) \subset F_i(p)$.

Def: (Paradegree)

$\text{pardeg } E := \deg E + \sum_{p \in S} \sum_{i=1}^{d_p} m_i d_i(p)$, $\mu_d(E) = \frac{\text{par-deg } E}{\text{rank } E}$

semi-stability - condition.

Here: Fix determinant of $\bar{\phi}$ + trace free.

Assume: $\mu_d(E) = 0$, $d_2(p) = 1 - d_1(p)$,

$$\text{Res}_p \bar{\phi} = \begin{pmatrix} 6cp & 0 \\ * & -6cp \end{pmatrix}$$

There is a natural morphism:

$$\pi: \mathbb{P}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^n$$

$$(E_A, \bar{\phi}) \mapsto (6cp_1, \dots, 6cp_n)$$

semi-stable + weight α
+ $\text{par-deg}(E) = 0$

For $\delta \in \mathbb{C}^n \rightarrow \pi(\delta) := M_{\text{Dol}}(\alpha, \delta)$

Def: (α, δ) generic if no $(E_A, \bar{\phi}) \in M_{\text{Dol}}(\alpha, \delta)$ which are not α -stable.
(i.e. semi-stable \rightarrow stable)

(i.e. each element is α -stable)

Lemma: (d, α) not generic $\Leftrightarrow \exists d \in \mathbb{Z}, e = (e_1, \dots, e_n) \in \{0, 1\}^n$ s.t.

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} d + \sum_i (e_i + (-1)^{e_i} \alpha(p_i)) = 0 \\ \sum_i (-1)^{e_i} g(p_i) = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

Pf: (\Rightarrow) : if (d, α) not generic.

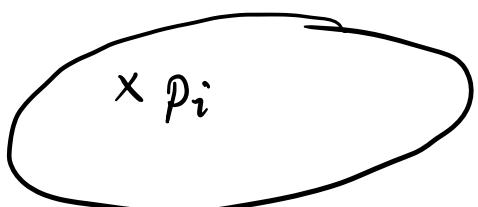
$\exists (\mathcal{E}_A, \bar{\Phi}) \in \text{Mod}_{\alpha}(d, \alpha)$ semi-stable: $\exists L \hookrightarrow V$ preserved by

\dots , st. $\text{pardeg } L = 0$, $\sim (\mathcal{E}_A, \bar{\Phi}) = (L_1, \bar{\Phi}_1) \oplus (L_2, \bar{\Phi}_2)$

$e_i = \dim(L_1 \cap F_2(p_i)) \in \{0, 1\}$, L_1 has weight $e_i + (-1)^{e_i} \alpha(p_i)$

$$\text{pardeg } L_1 = \deg L_1 + \sum (e_i + (-1)^{e_i} \alpha(p_i)) = 0$$

by Residue-thm



$$\sum \text{Res } \bar{\Phi} = 0 \sim \sum (-1)^{e_i} g(p_i) = 0$$

(\Leftarrow) we could construct $L_1, L_2, \bar{\Phi}_1, \bar{\Phi}_2$,

s.t. $(L_1, \bar{\Phi}_1) \oplus (L_2, \bar{\Phi}_2)$ α -semi but not α -stable.

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Let $W = (0, \frac{1}{2})^n$, For $d \in \mathbb{Z}, (e_1, \dots, e_n)$, denote

$\Delta(d)$ solution of $(\sum (-1)^{e_i} g(p_i)) = 0$

generic-set: (6 fixed)

$W = \bigcup H_{d, e}$: weights α , s.t.

$(d, e) \in \Delta(d)$. (d, α) generic.

\mathbb{P}^r
 \downarrow
 Σ

Smooth parabolic vector bundle,

Def: (Regular D -module)

Flat conn on $X - S = \{p_1, \dots, p_n\}$, s.t.
 (Project)

- (i) If $D = d' + d''$, d'' extends through S .
- (ii) $D = d + A \frac{dz}{z}$ in local-triv $(1,0)$
- (iii) $\text{Res}_p^{(D)}(V_{(p)}) \subset V_{(p)}$

Def: (degree + slope)

Just as parabolic Higgs field.

Here : $\mu_\beta(V) = 0$, $\beta_z(p) = 1 - \beta_r(p)$ weight.

$$\text{Res}_p^{(D)} = \begin{pmatrix} T(p) & 0 \\ * & -T(p) \end{pmatrix} \text{ eigenvalue.}$$

$M_{\text{dR}}(\beta, T)$: β -semistable filtered regular D -module.

Def: (β, T) generic same as before.

Prop: (β, T) not generic $\Leftrightarrow \exists d \in \mathbb{Z}$, s.t.

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} d + \sum (e_i + (-1)^{e_i} \beta_i(p_i)) = 0 \\ \sum (-1)^{e_i} T(p_i) = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$\rightsquigarrow W \sqcup H_{d,e}$

$$(d,e) \in \Delta(T)$$

Analytic Construction.



$$\text{here } h(e_i, e_i) = |z|^{2\alpha_i(p)} \rightarrow H = \begin{pmatrix} |z|^{2\alpha_1(p)} & \\ & |z|^{2\alpha_2(p)} \end{pmatrix}$$

parabolic higgs bundle, h hermitian over E with

singularity at each marked points $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n \in M$:

For $\forall p \in S$. let $\{e_1, e_2\}$ local-frame, $e_2(p) = F_2(p) \wedge$ flag.

define H . s.t. $\{|z|^{-\alpha_j(p)} e_j\}_{j=1,2}$ be local unitary frame.

\rightsquigarrow Chern - Connection:

$$d_A = d + \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1(p) & \\ & \alpha_2(p) \end{pmatrix} i d\theta + O(|z|^{\alpha_1(p) - \alpha_2(p)})$$

How to compute?

extend to whole X .

$$E = G_1 \oplus G_2$$

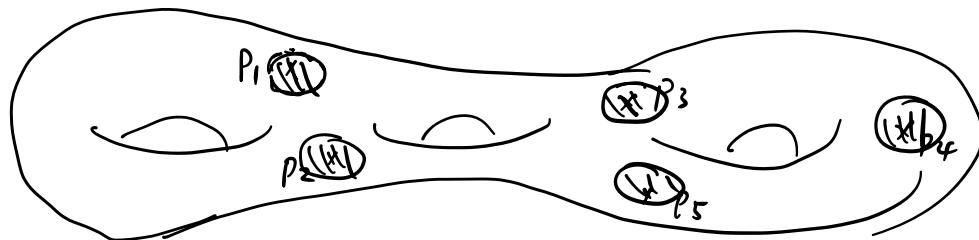
$$G_1 = \text{span}\{e_1\}, \quad G_2 = \text{span}\{e_2\}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \text{End } E = \underset{i}{\oplus} E_i \oplus E_H := \underset{i+j}{\oplus} \text{Hom}(G_i, G_j),$$

$$(\underset{i}{\oplus} \text{End } G_i)$$

Pick u be local section $\rightsquigarrow u = u_0 + u_H$, then
def: $\|u\|_{D_k^P} := \sum_{i+j \leq k} \left\{ \int \left| \frac{\partial^j}{\partial z^j} \frac{\partial^i}{\partial \bar{z}^i} u_0 \right|^P + \left| \frac{\partial^{i+k}}{\partial z^i} \frac{\partial^{j-k}}{\partial \bar{z}^j} u_H \right|^P \right\}$

local friv is taken w.r.t $\{ (z^i)^{-d_i(p)} e_j \}$



outside these neighborhoods
put usual L^2 -metric.

Def: $D_k^P \cap \overset{\circ}{\text{SL}}(2; \mathbb{C})$ be completion of
 $C_c^\infty(X-S, \text{End } E)$.

Def: $\mathcal{G}^C := \{ g \in D_2^P \cap \overset{\circ}{\text{End } E} \mid \det g = 1 \}$

$\mathcal{A}_{\text{ad}} := \{ (\bar{\partial}_A, \bar{\Phi}) \mid \bar{\partial}_A \bar{\Phi} = 0, \bar{\partial}_A - \bar{\partial}_{A_0} \in D_1^P \cap \overset{\circ}{\Omega}{}^{0,1}, \bar{\Phi} - \bar{\Phi}_0 \in D_1^P \cap \overset{\circ}{\Omega}{}^{1,0} \}$

Tangent Space at $(\bar{\partial}_A, \bar{\varphi})$:

complex:

$$0 \rightarrow D_2^P \Omega^0(SL(E)) \rightarrow D_1^P \Omega^0(SL(E) \oplus D_1^P \Omega^0(SL(E)) \rightarrow D_0^P \Omega^0(SL(E))$$

$$S \mapsto (\bar{\partial}_A S, \bar{\varphi} S)$$

$$(\bar{\partial}_A', \bar{\varphi}') \mapsto \bar{\partial}_A \bar{\varphi}' + \bar{\varphi} \bar{\partial}_A'$$

For generic (d,6)

$\longrightarrow M_{Dol}(2,6)$ complex-manifold

s.t.

$$M_{Dol}(d,6) \cong A_{Dol}^S / G^C.$$

D-Modules, Case.

Let $p \in S$ with local frame $\{e_1, e_2\}$

A filtered regular D-module :

$$D = dt + \begin{pmatrix} T(p) & 0 \\ * & -T(p) \end{pmatrix} \frac{dz}{z}$$

(flat connection)

Put hermitian-metric H with
 $\{ |z|^{-\beta_1 - (\tau(p) - \bar{\tau}(p))/2} e_1, |z|^{-\beta_2 - (\tau(p) - \bar{\tau}(p))/2} e_2 \}$

local unitary frame why?

$$\rightsquigarrow D = dt \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3\tau}{4} + \frac{\bar{\tau}}{4} - \frac{\beta_1}{2} & 0 \\ * & 1 - \frac{5\tau}{4} + \frac{\bar{\tau}}{4} - \frac{\beta_2}{2} \end{pmatrix} \frac{dz}{z} \\ + \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\tau - \bar{\tau}}{4} - \frac{\beta_1}{2} & 0 \\ * & -\frac{\tau - \bar{\tau}}{4} - \frac{\beta_1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \frac{d\bar{z}}{\bar{z}}.$$

$$\mathcal{G}^{\mathbb{C}} := \{ g \in D_2^P \Omega^0(\text{End } V) \mid \det g = 1 \}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{DR} := \{ D \mid D - D_0 \in \Omega^1(\text{sl } V) \}$$

Tangent-Complex:

$$D_2^P \Omega^0(\text{sl } E) \xrightarrow{D} D_1^P \Omega^1(\text{sl } E) \xrightarrow{D} D_0^P \Omega^2(\text{sl } E)$$

Harmonic Bundles and H̄yperkahler Structure

Let $(\bar{\partial}^A, \underline{\Phi})$ be parabolic higgs bundle

given hermitian metric h

\rightsquigarrow Chem-Conn $D = d_A = \partial^A + \bar{\partial}^A$

$(\bar{\partial}^A, \bar{\Phi})$

Def (harmonic) :

Trace free part of curvature.
(i.e. $R^\perp + [\bar{\Phi}, \bar{\Phi}^*] = 0$)

$$\frac{1}{2}(F^P - F^{P*}) + [\bar{\Phi}, \bar{\Phi}^*] = 0$$

$$\underline{\mathfrak{sl}}E = \underline{\mathfrak{su}}E \oplus i\underline{\mathfrak{su}}E$$

For D regular D -module

$$D = d_A + \underline{\Psi} : \mathcal{L}'(\underline{\mathfrak{su}(E)}) \oplus \mathcal{L}'(i\underline{\mathfrak{su}(E)})$$

anti-hermitian hermitian
part

Def: $d_A = \partial^A + \bar{\partial}^A$, $\underline{\Psi} = \bar{\Phi} + \bar{\Phi}^*$, then call
 D is harmonic if $\bar{\partial}^A \underline{\Phi} = 0$

Prop: D is harmonic D -module

$\Leftrightarrow (\bar{\partial}^A, \bar{\Phi})$ harmonic higgs
bundle.

(\Rightarrow) $(\bar{\partial}^A, \bar{\Phi})$ harmonic iff

$$R^\perp + [\bar{\Phi}, \bar{\Phi}^*] = 0$$

D flat $\Leftrightarrow (d^A + \underline{\Phi})(d^A + \underline{\Phi}^*) = 0$

$$\Leftrightarrow (d^A + \bar{\Phi} + \bar{\Phi}^*)(d^A + \bar{\Phi} + \bar{\Phi}^*) = 0$$

$$\bar{\partial}^A \bar{\partial}^A + \bar{\partial}^A \bar{\partial}^A + [\bar{\Phi}, \bar{\Phi}^*] = 0 \quad (*)$$

$(\bar{\partial}^A, \bar{\Phi})$ harmonic

$$\therefore \bar{\partial}^A \bar{\Phi} = 0, \bar{\partial}^A \bar{\Phi}^* = 0$$

Correspondence : (between harmonic higgs \longleftrightarrow -module
bundle) $\xrightarrow{\text{harmonic } D}$

Let $(\bar{\partial}^A, \bar{\Phi}) \in \mathcal{M}_{\text{hol}}^S(\mathbb{C}^n)$, in local frame $\{1/z^i e_i\}$. we

know:

$$\begin{cases} d_A = d + \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_1(p) & \\ & \alpha_2(p) \end{pmatrix} i dz + E_1, & E_1 \in D^P_1 \Omega^1(\text{su}(E)) \\ \bar{\Phi} = \begin{pmatrix} b(p) & \\ & -b(p) \end{pmatrix} \frac{dz}{z} + E_2 \end{cases}$$

$$\sim D = d_A + \bar{\Phi} + \bar{\Phi}^*$$

If $D \in \mathcal{M}_{dR}^S$: in the frame

$$\left\{ |z|^{-\beta_1 - (\tau(\varphi) - \bar{\tau}(\varphi))/2} e_1, |z|^{-\beta_2 - (\tau(\varphi) - \bar{\tau}(\varphi))/2} e_2 \right\}$$

$$\sim d_A = dt \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\tau(\varphi) + \bar{\tau}(\varphi)}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{\tau(\varphi) + \bar{\tau}(\varphi)}{2} \end{pmatrix} id\theta + E_3$$

$$\bar{\Phi} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\tau(\varphi) - \beta_1(\varphi)}{2} & \\ & \frac{-(\tau(\varphi) - \beta_2(\varphi))}{2} \end{pmatrix} \frac{dz}{z} + E_4$$

$$\therefore d_1(p) = \frac{\tau(p) + \bar{\tau}(p)}{z}, \quad b(p) = \frac{\tau(p) - \beta_1(p)}{z}$$

Hyperkahler Structure on harmonic
parabolic Higgs Bundle.

(The Moduli of harmonic parabolic higgs bundle is given by hyperkähler - construction:)

$$G \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ g \in D_x^P \cap {}^0(\text{End}(E)) \mid g \in \text{SU}(E_x), \forall x \in X \}$$

$$\mathcal{A} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ (d_A, \bar{\Phi}) \mid d_A \in \underline{\mathcal{N}}' \cap \underline{\text{SU}(E)}, \bar{\Phi} \in \underline{\mathcal{N}}'' \cap \underline{\text{SL}(E)} \}$$

$$\mu_I : \mathcal{A} \longrightarrow \Omega^{1,1} \\ (\mathrm{d}_A, \bar{\Phi}) \longmapsto R_A^\perp + [\bar{\Phi}, \bar{\Phi}^*]$$

$$\mu_J^+ : (\mathrm{d}_A, \bar{\Phi}) \longmapsto -2 \bar{\delta}_A \bar{\Phi}$$

i μ_K

\leadsto Higgs Moduli:

$$\mu_I^{-1}(0) \cap \mu_J^{-1}(0) \cap \mu_K^{-1}(0) / \mathbb{G}$$

where Riemann-Metric given by L^2 -inner product

$$I : (\xi, \phi) \mapsto (i\xi, i\phi)$$

$$J : (\xi, \phi) \mapsto (i\phi^*, -i\xi^*)$$

$$K : (\xi, \phi) \mapsto (-\phi^*, \xi^*)$$

Thm: We have 2 diffeomorphism:

$$(\mu_I^{-1}(0) \cap \mu_J^{-1}(0) \cap \mu_K^{-1}(0) / \mathbb{G}, I) \cong M_{\mathrm{hol}}(2, 6)$$

$$(\mu_I^{-1}(0) \cap \mu_J^{-1}(0) \cap \mu_K^{-1}(0) / \mathbb{G}, J) \cong M_{\mathrm{hol}}(\beta, T)$$

Thm: (NAH)

$$M_{Dol}(2,6) \cong M_{dR}(\beta, \gamma)$$

From $H(2,6), (\beta, \gamma)$.

