

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

$$t = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{(N_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (N_2 - 1)s_2^2}{N_1 + N_2 - 2}\right)\left(\frac{1}{N_1} + \frac{1}{N_2}\right)}}$$

Social Science Statistics

Wilcoxon Signed-Rank Test Calculator

Success!

Explanation of results

We have calculated both a W-value and Z-value. If the size of N is at least 20 - see the Results Details box - then the distribution of the Wilcoxon W statistic tends to form a normal distribution. This means you can use the Z-value to evaluate your hypothesis. If, on the other hand, the size of N is low, and particularly if it's below 10, you should use the W-value to evaluate your hypothesis.

You should also note that if a subject's difference score is zero - that is, if a subject has the same score in both treatment conditions - then the test discards the individual from the analysis and reduces the sample size. If you have a lot of ties, this procedure will undermine the reliability of the test (and also suggests that the requirement that the data is continuous has not been met).

Treatment 1	Treatment 2	Sign	Abs	R	Sign R
0.9183345958350	0.9065805275993	1	0.0118	7	7
331,	746,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.9082376251742	0.8543895181151	1	0.0538	16	16
517,	872,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.9229097162120	0.8706123270248	1	0.0523	15	15
01,	18,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.8326876707944	0.8577475633130	-1	0.0251	10	-10
14,	907,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.8561850495358	0.8622434631373	-1	0.0061	4	-4
609,	538,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.9125746704507	0.8499116376961	1	0.0627	20	20
633,	569,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.9280025377104	0.8556035467695	1	0.0724	26	26
443,	252,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.8623482426152	0.9240472500553	-1	0.0617	19	-19
249,	362,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.8498930710910	0.9115000816755	-1	0.0616	18	-18
673,	838,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.8421225977100	0.9159591883359	-1	0.0738	27	-27
735,	102,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.8477995598975	0.9125856602812	-1	0.0648	22	-22
077,	035,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.91767131631936	0.9193552285015	-1	0.0017	2	-2
26,	09,	n/a	0	n/a	n/a
0.91154347811079	0.8623993196326	1	0.0481	14	14

Significance Level:

0.01

☐ 0.05

1 or 2-tailed hypothesis?:

☐ One-tailed

☒ Two-tailed

Result Details

W-value: 209
Mean Difference: 0.88
Sum of pos. ranks: 209
Sum of neg. ranks: 256

Z-value: -0.4834
Mean (W): 232.5
Standard Deviation (W): 48.62
Sample Size (N): 30

Result 1 - Z-value

The Z-value is -0.4834. The p-value is 0.63122. The result is *not* significant at $p \leq 0.01$.

Result 2 - W-value

The W-value is 209. The critical value of W for $N = 30$ at $p \leq 0.01$ is 109. Therefore, the result is *not* significant at $p \leq 0.01$.

Calculate

Reset