# How to run a program with Colab

# 1. Why Colab?

Colaboratory, or "Colab" for short, allows you to write and execute Python in your browser, with

- Zero configuration required
- Free access to GPUs
- Easy sharing

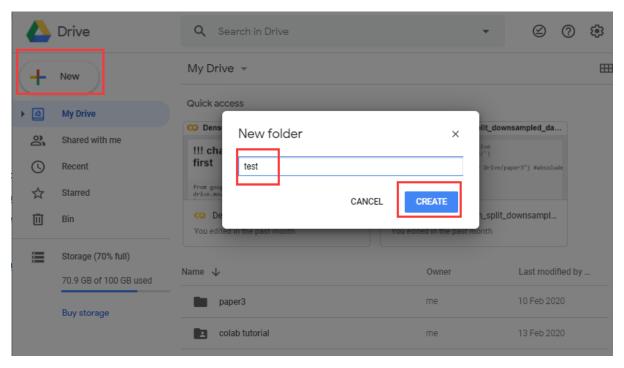
Whether you're a student, a data scientist or an AI researcher, Colab can make your work easier. Below is an official tutorial link.

https://Colab.research.Google.com/notebooks/intro.ipynb#scrollTo=5fCEDCU\_qrC0

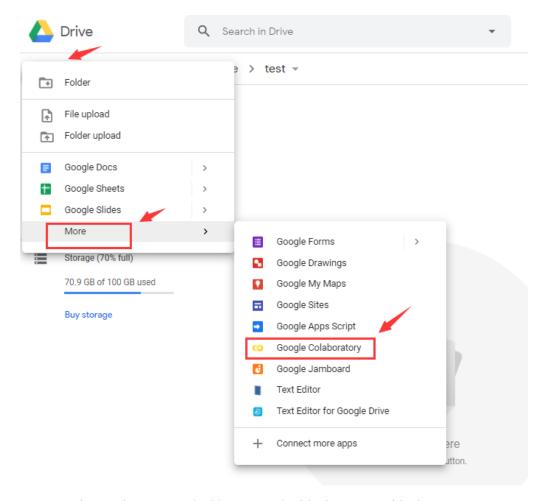
2. How to use Colab to run your program?

step 1: Log in your Google Drive and create a folder to hold your files.

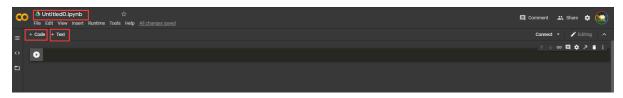
https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/my-drive



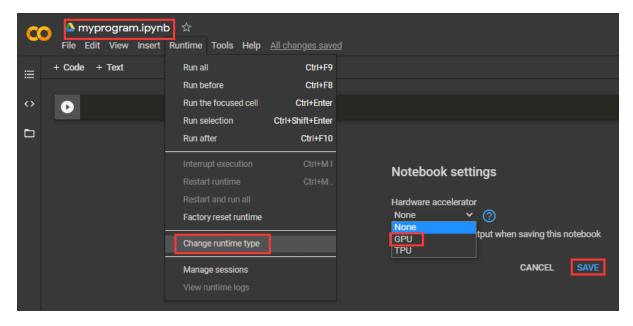
step 2: Enter the created folder and create a new Colab notebook.



You can change the name and add more 'code' blocks or 'test' blocks as shown below.

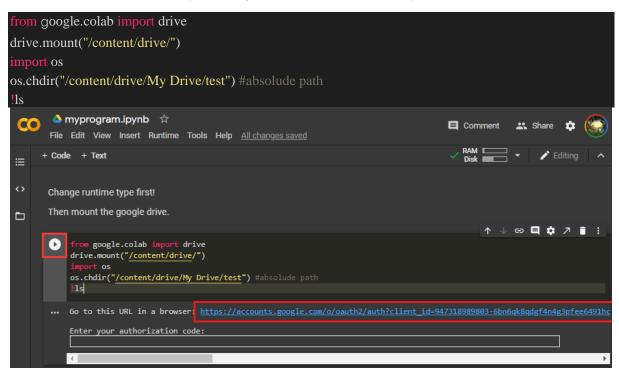


step 3: Change runtime type and choose GPU as the hardware accelerator

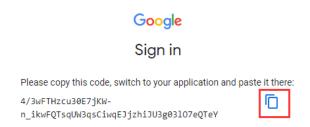


step 4: Mount Google Drive.

This step is optional but very recommended. Because it enables you to import files from your Google Drive folder or save results to your Google Drive folder conveniently.



The first two lines of codes will ask for getting the authorization code by logging into your Google account.



Then, copy and paste the authorization code and press Enter.

If everything goes well, you should see the response "Mounted at /content/Drive"

```
Go to this URL in a browser: <a href="https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?client_id=947318989803-6bn6qk8qdgf4n4g3pfee6491hc">https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?client_id=947318989803-6bn6qk8qdgf4n4g3pfee6491hc</a>

Enter your authorization code:

4/3wEe6v8nSkrOKmsaAG7yM5rAØyDnPP5uXjtuvLTK_8hEHR_TupD5GK8

Mounted at /content/drive/
myprogram.ipynb
```

The next two lines change the current folder to the new created folder 'test'.

```
import os
os.chdir("/content/drive/My Drive/test") #absolute path
```

The last line '!ls' is used to double-check whether the Drive folder is properly mounted to 'test'. We can see the notebook 'myprogram.ipynb' is in the folder 'test'.

```
Go to this URL in a browser: <a href="https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?client_id=947318989803-6bn6qk8qdgf4n4g3pfee6491hc">https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?client_id=947318989803-6bn6qk8qdgf4n4g3pfee6491hc</a>
Enter your authorization code:

4/3wEe6v8nSkrOKmsaAG7yM5rAØyDnPP5uXjtuvLTK_8hEHR_TupD5GK8

Mounted at /content/drive/

myprogram.ipynb
```

step 5: Use the code block as a Linux terminal.

Add a '!' before a commend, then the code block will work as a Linux terminal. For example, run '!nvidia-smi' you will the usage status of the current Active sessions.

```
!!nvidia-smi
['Wed Sep 9 12:02:16 2020 ',
   NVIDIA-SMI 450.66
                       Driver Version: 418.67
                                                  CUDA Version: 10.1
   GPU Name Persistence-M| Bus-Id Disp.A | Volatile Uncorr. ECC
   Fan Temp Perf Pwr:Usage/Cap| Memory-Usage | GPU-Util Compute M.
                                                                 MIG M.
    0 Tesla T4 Off |
N/A 31C P8 9W / 70W |
                                00000000:00:04.0 Off
                                                                      0
                                                         0%
   N/A
                                   0MiB / 15079MiB
                                                                 Default
                                                                   ERR!
   Processes:
                            Type Process name
    GPU GI
              CI
                       PID
                                                              GPU Memory
         ID
                                                              Usage
    No running processes found
```

Run '!pip list', you will see many packages like tensorflow and torch are pre-installed by Colab.

0	!pip list	
_	عدد اد ا	1.0.2
D-	statsmodels	0.10.2
_	sympy	1.1.1
	tables	3.4.4
	tabulate	0.8.7
	tblib	1.7.0
	tensorboard	2.3.0
	tensorboard-plugin-wit	1.7.0
	tensorboardcolab	0.0.22
	tensorflow	2.3.0
	tensorflow-addons	0.8.3
	tensorflow-datasets	2.1.0
	tensorflow-estimator	2.3.0
	tensorflow-gcs-config	2.3.0
	tensorflow-hub	0.9.0
	tensorflow-metadata	0.23.0
	tensorflow-privacy	0.2.2
	tensorflow-probability	0.11.0
	termcolor	1.1.0
	terminado	0.8.3
	testpath	0.4.4
	text-unidecode	1.3
	textblob	0.15.3
	textgenrnn	1.4.1
	Theano	1.0.5
	thinc	7.4.0
	tifffile	2020.8.25
	toml	0.10.1
	toolz	0.10.0
	torch	1.6.0+cu101
	torchsummary	1.5.1
	torchtext	0.3.1
	torchvision	0.7.0+cu101

step 6: Install and uninstall packages.

If the packages you used are not pre-installed. You can install it by yourself. For example, when I try to import Transformers (a State-of-the-art Natural Language Processing Package for PyTorch and TensorFlow 2.0. <a href="https://huggingface.co/transformers/index.html">https://huggingface.co/transformers/index.html</a>), an error occurred --- ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'transformers'. Therefore, I need to install the package by myself.

# !pip install transformers

On the other hand, you can uninstall packages when you don't need them anymore or you want another version. Below is an example of uninstalling packages.

# !pip uninstall transformers

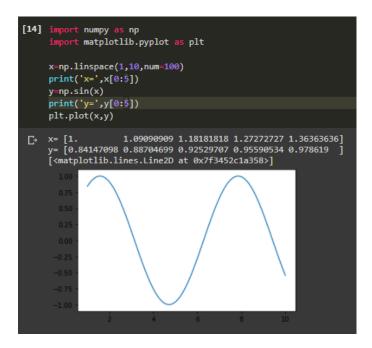
```
Ipip uninstall transformers

Uninstalling transformers-3.1.0:
    Would remove:
        /usr/local/bin/transformers-cli
        /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/transformers-3.1.0.dist-info/*
        /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/transformers/*
Proceed (y/n)? y
    Successfully uninstalled transformers-3.1.0
```

step 7: Code and run.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

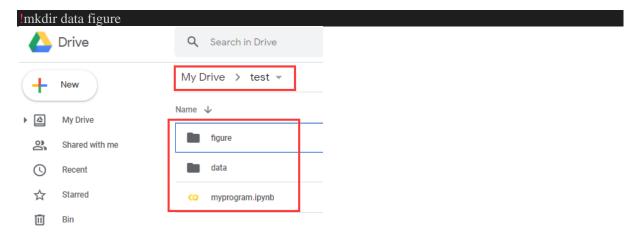
x=np.linspace(1,10,num=100)
print('x=',x[0:5])
y=np.sin(x)
print('y=',y[0:5])
plt.plot(x,y)
```



step 8: Save and load

In this step, I will show how to import data to Google Drive and save data to Google Drive.

(1) Create a 'data' folder and a 'figure' folder under the 'test' folder.



#### (2) Save data

```
np.savez('./data/mydata.npz', x=x, y=y)
!ls './data'
```

```
np.savez('./data/mydata.npz', x=x, y=y)
!ls './data'

p. mydata.npz
```

## (3) Save figure

```
plt.savefig('./figure/myfigure.png',dpi=300)
!ls './figure/'
```

```
plt.savefig('./figure/myfigure.png',dpi=300)
!ls './figure/'

myfigure.png
<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>
```

You may find that the figure is blank. Use the codes below to solve the problem.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x=np.linspace(1,10,num=100)
print('x=',x[0:5])
y=np.sin(x)
print('y=',y[0:5])

plt.figure() # creat a new figure
myfig = plt.gcf() # Get the current figure. If no current figure exists, a new one is created using figure().
plt.plot(x,y) # plot on current figure. (and create another new figure, which usually happens after plt.show().)
myfig.savefig('./figure/figure.png',dpi=300) #save myfig
```

#### (4) Load data

```
data = np.load('./data/mydata.npz')
loaded_x=data['x']
loaded_y=data['y']
print('loaded_x',loaded_x[0:5])
print('loaded_y',loaded_y[0:5])
print(x==loaded_x)
print(y==loaded_y)
```

```
data = np.load('./data/mydata.npz')
loaded x=data['x']
loaded_y=data['y']
print('loaded_x',loaded_x[0:5])
print('loaded_y',loaded_y[0:5])
print(x==loaded_x)
print(y==loaded_y)
   1.09090909 1.18181818 1.27272727 1.36363636]
loaded x [1.
loaded y [0.84147098 0.88704699 0.92529707 0.95590534 0.978619 ]
True True True]
True True True]
```

## 3. Limitations of Colab

Colab is a very good platform for beginners to learn python programming. However, it also has the below limitations.

- (1) Inconvenient debugging.
- (2) Limited runtime

"Google Colab notebooks have an idle timeout of 90 minutes and absolute timeout of 12 hours. This means, if user does not interact with his Google Colab notebook for more than 90 minutes, its instance is automatically terminated. Also, maximum lifetime of a Colab instance is 12 hours."

(3) Very slow Google Drive disk access speed when a folder contains thousands of files.