- 1. The following functions can be used to approximate the delta function. Plot the following window functions using Python.
  - (a) Rectangular Pulse:

$$x_1(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{T}, & -\frac{T}{2} < t < \frac{T}{2} \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases} - \infty < t < \infty \lim_{T \to 0} x_1(t) = \delta(t) \quad (1)$$

(b) Exponential Pulse:

$$x_2(t) = \frac{1}{2\tau} \exp^{-\frac{|t|}{\tau}} -\infty < t < \infty \lim_{\tau \to 0} x_2(t) = \delta(t)$$
 (2)

(c) Gaussian Pulse:

$$x_3(t) = \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp^{-\frac{t^2}{2\sigma^2}} -\infty < t < \infty \lim_{\sigma \to 0} x_3(t) = \delta(t)$$
 (3)

(d) Sinc Pulse:

$$x_4(t) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{T}\right)}{\frac{\pi t}{T}} - \infty < t < \infty \lim_{T \to 0} x_4(t) = \delta(t)$$
 (4)

In your report, please also include the Python source codes and plots for each window function. You may try various values approaching zero to observe the converging behaviour of these functions.