

My Key Lessons From (ATTEMPTING) To Build & Deploy A Simple ML App As Experienced By A NOOb Programmer

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AGENDA

Part 1: Background — Inspiration & Motivation https://youtu.be/4B8sGQgTUmg

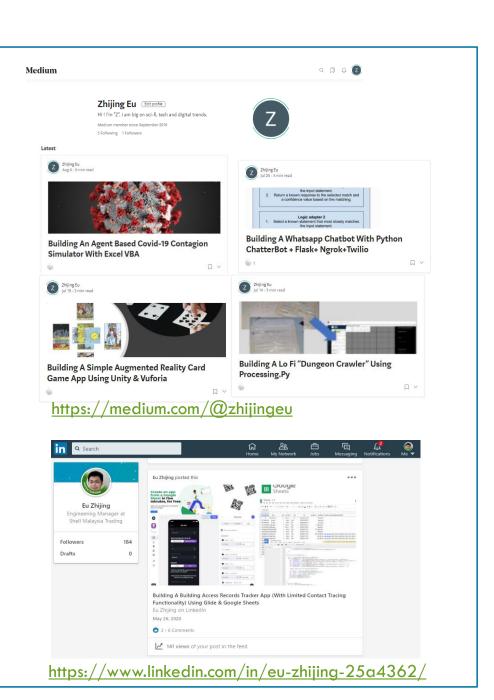
Part 2: App Development & Deployment Workflow & Tools Used https://youtu.be/R_IVjGwUhIA

ATTEMPTING

Part 3: My Key Lessons From [^] To Build & Deploy A Simple ML App https://youtu.be/_VNsYQfGz_I

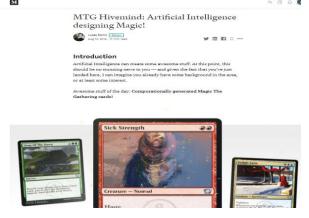
1.BACKGROUND: MOTIVATION

- As a noob (non CS background) programmer / tech enthusiast, I have been shotgun style learning different toolsets (e.g. Python, Unity (C++), Android Studio (Java), etc) with general interest in Machine Learning
- •Have been building mini-apps for my own entertainment but these are usually 'stand-alone' and local (on my own PC/phone only)
- This time, I wanted to build & deploy a rough demo of Machine Learning application to the web with intention to:-
 - Learn by doing across all the different steps in the journey
 - Try to focus on using a Neural Network solution
 - Have some fun and (hopefully) provide a few seconds of entertainment to others



1.BACKGROUND: INSPIRATION

Inspired by amazing work by others in Magic The Gathering to auto-generate 'artificial' cards

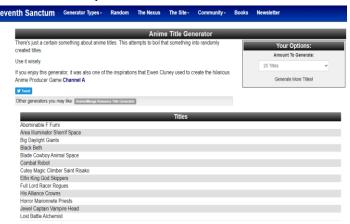


https://medium.com/@lukbebalduke/mtg-hivemind-artificial-intelligence-designing-magic-372530640cc1

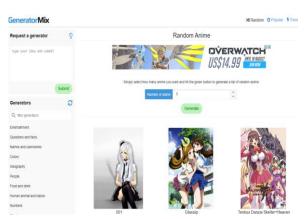


https://andymakesgames.tumblr.com/post/167733819 029/urzas-dream-engine-the-roborosewater-robodraft

•However, I realised I could not find any sites that did the same for Anime.



Some sites existed but they generated only Titles and no descriptions or images.



Others had just used existing anime images paired with randomly generated Titles

https://www.seventhsanctum.com/generate.php?Genname=animetitle

https://www.generatormix.com/random-anime

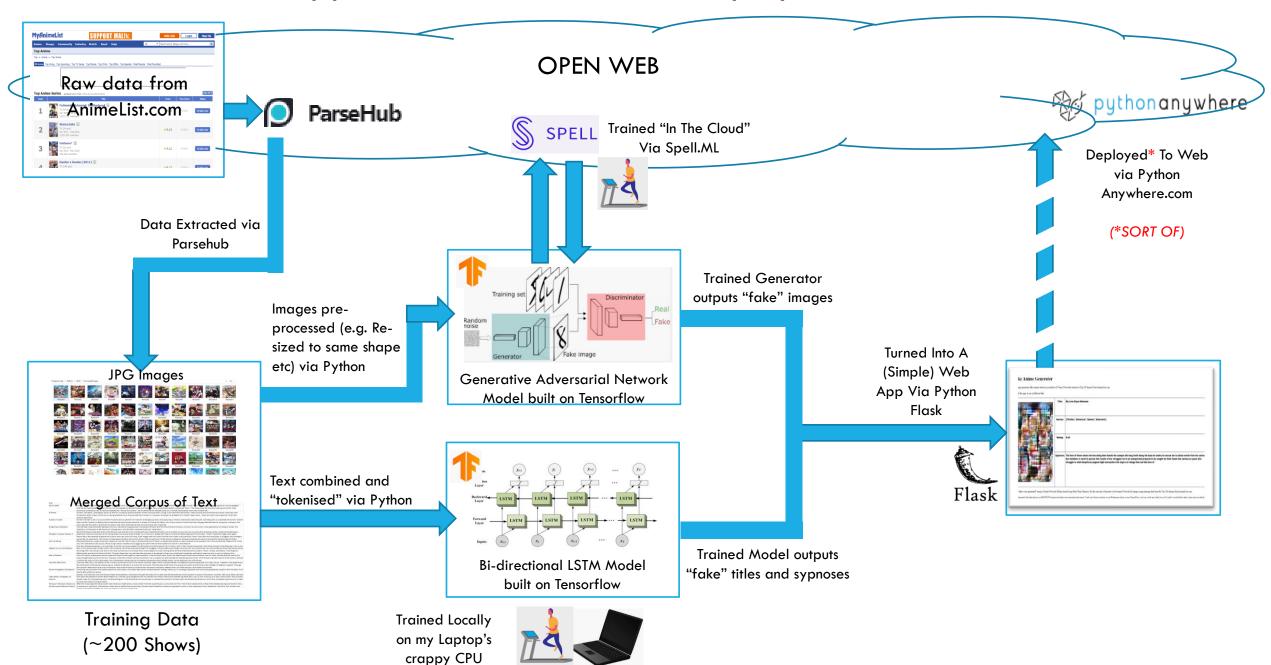
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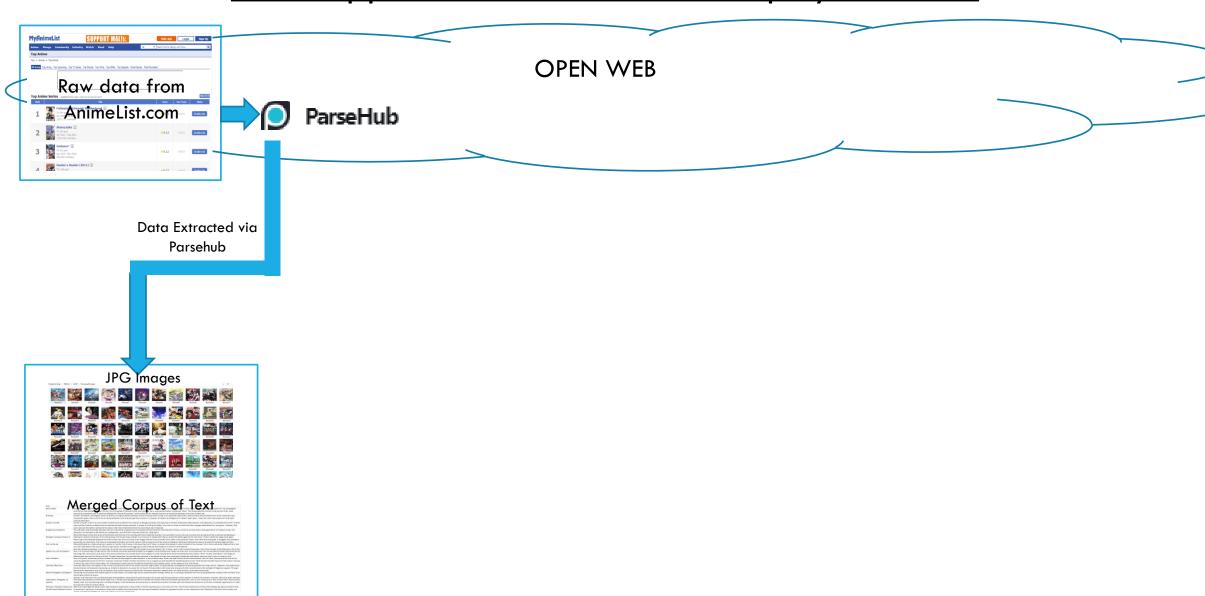
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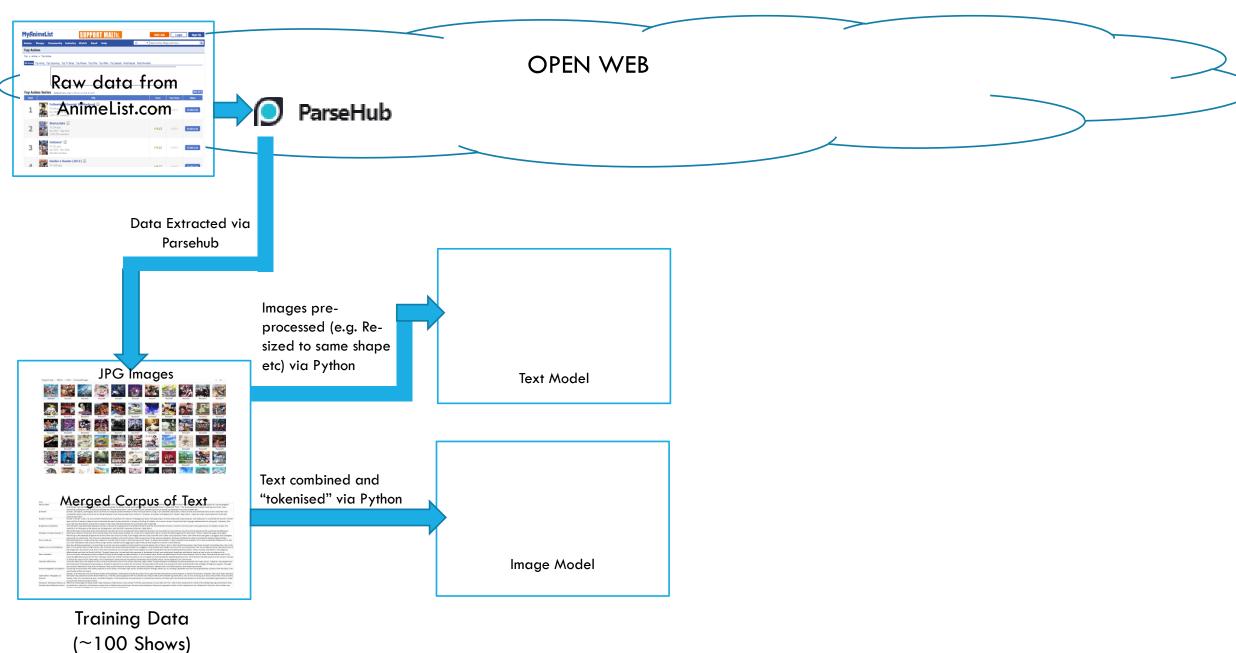
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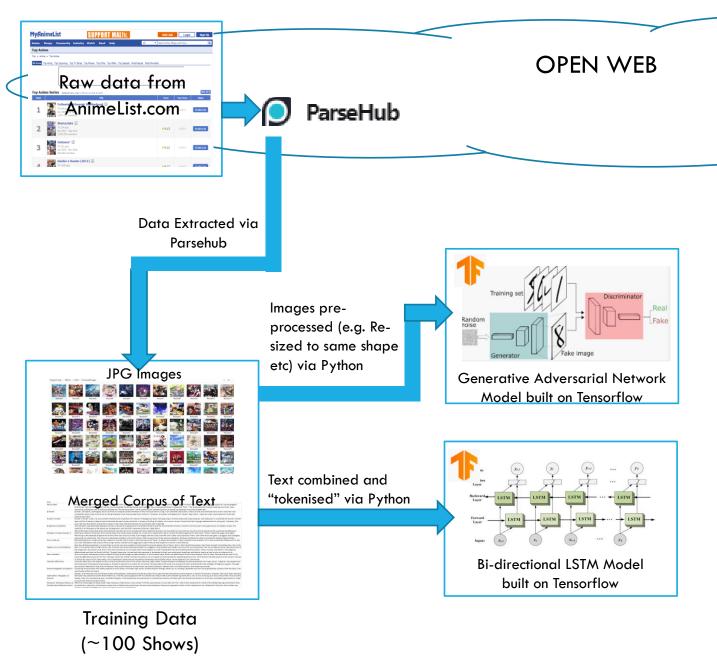
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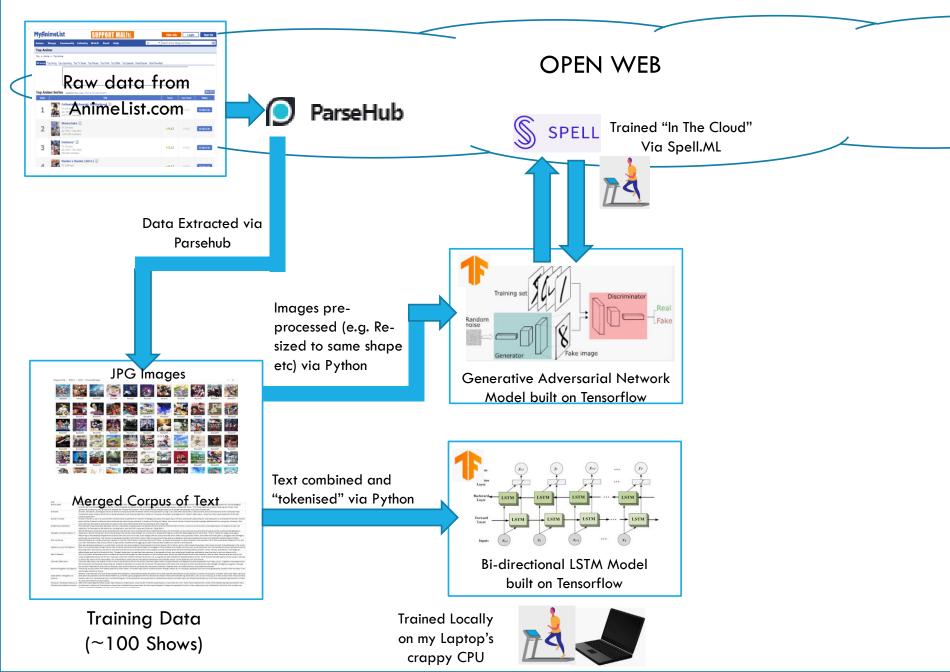


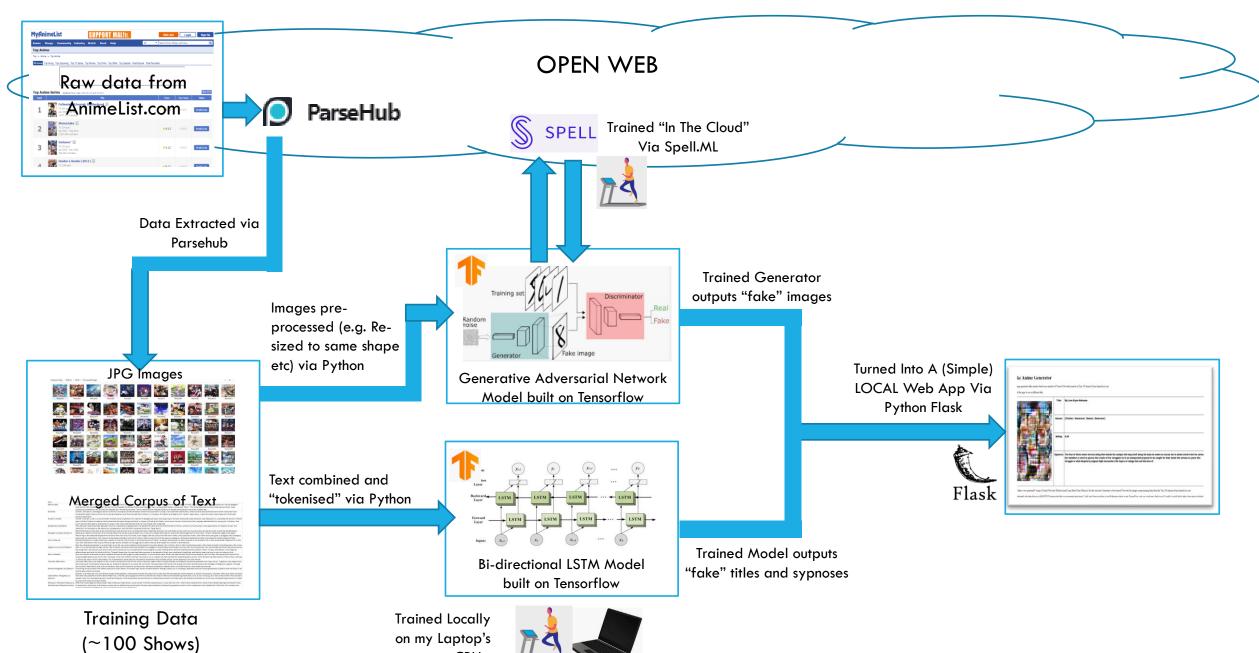


Training Data (~100 Shows)

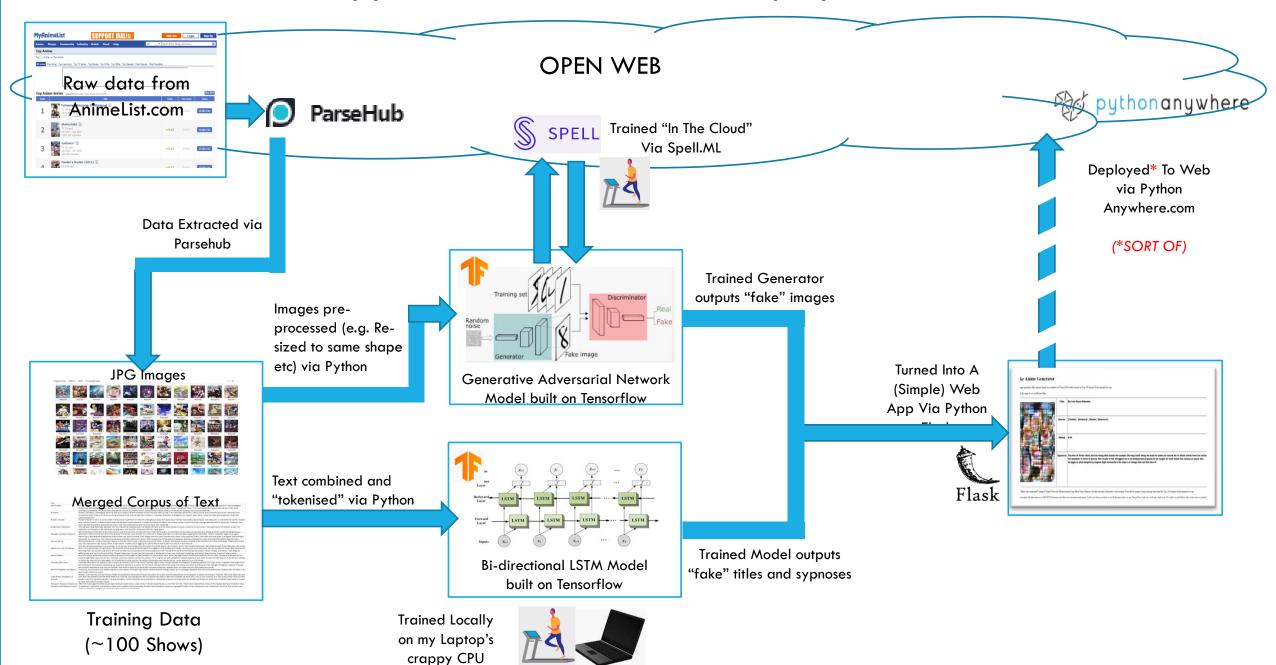








crappy CPU



AGENDA

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Attempting

3.MY KEY LESSONS LEARNT FROM 1 TO BUILD & DEPLOY A SIMPLE ML APP

- 1) Characteristics of Training Data is key
- 2) Deep Learning can be computationally/hardware intensive
- 3) Deep Learning is easy to run but requires lot of math/theory knowledge to fine-tune and optimize
- 4) Trade-off of "build your own" vs 'buying' packaged solutions
- 5) End To End Development & Deployment Requires Wide Skillsets

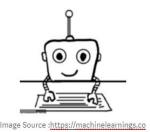




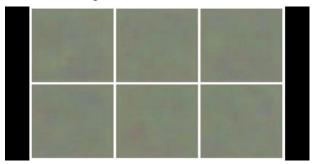




PART 3.LESSONS LEARNT 1. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRAINING DATA IS KEY



Increasing no of iterations even from 1000 to 10,000 Epochs doesn't (seem to) help improve the image quality





- •Maybe dataset too small $\sim\!200$ images or should I have applied more pre-processed (e.g. cropping areas without features ? , color adjustment ?)
- •More fundamentally perhaps there are no defining traits across the dataset for the network to learn from?
- Potentially could have grouped into categories eg Based on size of faces against foreground/background etc and train indiv models by category?
- •For text generator dataset pre-processing maybe could have optimised the corpus generation results were ok for title but not so much for sypnosis

PART 3.LESSONS LEARNT 2.DEEP LEARNING COMPUTATIONALLY/HARDWARE INTENSIVE

•For the GAN model – training on CPU on local laptop for just 1000 Epochs took almost 8-12 hours

Eventually gave up and went looking for a Cloud service to do this. Lots of options on big Cloud players (Google Cloud, Amazon Web Service, etc) but decided on Spell ML for simplicity — took 2-3 hours for 10,000 Epochs on a GPU

•GANs seem inherently tricky to train – as 2 different networks being trained in tandem and many hyperparameters to optimise – am certain it can be optimised to be less computationally intensive but did not pursue.

PART 3.LESSONS LEARNT 3. DL REQUIRES A LOT OF KNOWLEDGE TO OPTIMIZE



Implemented by copy-pasta-ing example code but did not optimise the hyper-parameters

- ■E.g.
- How many nodes for the LSTM and no of dimensions for the Word Embedding Layer
- Selection of Learning Rates and Choice of Optimiser other than ADAM
- Choice of Loss Function e.g. For text generation
 used Cat Cross Entropy as loss function but...

"The hardships and sense particular towards entire free adventures aiming the destined hotaru awaits limit basketball till she met cat beings"

Sample Text After 1 Epoch Of Training Loss: 6.4118 & Accuracy: 0.0712

"The owner of a fearsome attempt to their mission to impress haruko that not only reflect on a missing girl president to find the story of france"

Sample Text After 100 Epochs Of Training Loss: 3.0129—accuracy: 0.4081

- Use of early stopping or drop outs during training to avoid overfitting
- Understanding of model architecture text generation bi-directional LSTM vs image generation GAN



■ <u>GAN training</u> troubles — I used Mini Batch Stochastic Gradient Descent— not sure if it was converging-Generator accuracy always low compared to Discriminator

PART 3.LESSONS LEARNT 4.TRADEOFF OF "BUILD YOUR OWN" VS PACKAGED SERVICES



Build your own is FREE but still costs YOUR OWN TIME

Source: 123rf.com

Packaged services good but normally the useful functionality is behind a pay-wall

In retrospect, maybe could have been better off, using an end-to-end solutions from one of the major cloud players as integration may be easier

•However mid-way solutions (using mix-match'ed packaged services and build own 'clean-up' to post process) can still work as long as aware of what the trade-offs are

PART 3.LESSONS LEARNT 5.E2E DEPLOYMENT NEEDS AN DIFFERENT SKILL SETS



Source : PublicDomainPicture

- Even at start for the dataset building EFFICIENT web-scraping requires knowledge on how to set Request Headers and use Proxy IP-s to avoid being 'booted' out as a robot by website
- With Flask ran into some issues with caching as initially wanted the images to be generated "on the fly" and stored in memory/deleted upon reloading but realised it was harder than just serving new static files each time
- Professionally more complex applications are deployed in containerized strategy but even for a simple case
- PythonAnywhere does not allow integration of Tensorflow in web app <<u>LINK</u>>
- Advice by admin is to "modularize" the prediction portion into a separate 'always on task and deploy it separately or (or call an API'ed version of the TF model) so the flask app is front end only
- Additional learning curve barriers in order to use Task Queue managers like Celery with Python Anywhere or mix-match solutions (e.g. Heroku, Google App Engine, etc)
- Ended up with a "fake" solution that cycles through archived data generated from the models

CONCLUSION — SO WAS IT WORTH IT?

Short answer - Yes

Learn by doing across all the different steps in the journey	
Get familiar with Neural Network solutions	
Have some fun	
Provide a few seconds of entertainment to others	Ś

My key insight was that there are MANY different ways to solve a problem and it really depends on understanding the user behaviour e.g. anticipating the level of traffic, how people will use the results, etc and deciding what you can live with (reliability, latency, security/privacy concerns, etc)