VAE Problem Set

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In the lecture of VAE, we've learned that the variational autoencoder (VAE) as a tweak of autoencoder with given objective. In this problem set we will explore how ELBO is the objective function of VAE.

1 Problem 1

Assume the observed variable x is random sampled from a distribution $p^*(x)$ that's unknown, our VAE is going to approximate a model $p_{\theta}(x) \approx p^*(x)$. Given the log marginal likelihood of x:

$$\log p_{\theta}(x) = \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}\theta(z|x)}[\log q_{\theta}(x)]$$

Rewrite it to separate it into two terms:

$$\log p_{\theta}(x) = \mathbb{E}_{q,\theta(z|x)}[\log[\frac{p_{\theta}(x,z)}{q_{\phi}(z|x)}]] - KL(q_{\theta}(z|x)||p_{\theta}(z))$$

2 Problem 2

Rewrite the equation you get from question 1 to explain why the term $\log\left[\frac{p_{\theta}(x,z)}{q_{\phi}(z|x)}\right]$ would be called evidence lower bound (ELBO).