Research Computing: Practical session 3

1 Using Makefiles

Download https://www-internal.lsc.phy.cam.ac.uk/pmb39/Compiling_Example.tar.bz2 and un-tar it.

You can compile two executables manually using:

```
g++ library.C -c -o library.o
g++ example1.C -c -o example1.o
g++ example1.o library.o -o example1 -lcblas
g++ example2.C -c -o example2.o
g++ example2.o library.o -o example2 -lcblas
```

and then run them as ./example1 and ./example2.

Your job is to write a Makefile that will do this for you.

In order to check that your Makefile has the correct dependencies, try the following:

- 1. make example1 or make example2 should compile each executable separately.
- 2. make all should compile both executables (if they do not already exist)
- 3. make clean should delete object files and executables.
- 4. Run touch library.C then make all. This should *only* recompile library.o and then relink the two executables.
- 5. Run touch example1.C then make example1. This should *only* recompile example1.o and then link example1.
- 6. Run touch library. H then make all. This should recompile all three object files and relink two executables.

You may need a few attempts to get the above to work consistently with all dependencies.

Note: touch file simply changes the last-modified time of file to be now. This has the same effect as editing the file and saving changes.

2 Using git

Try the following:

- 1. Initialize a new git repository in the Compiling_Example directory.
- 2. Add the original .C and .H files and commit them to the repository.
- 3. Add your Makefile and commit this separately to the repository.
- 4. Write a Bash script test_makefile.sh that checks whether the 6 test conditions for the Makefile are satisfied. (Hint: Use make all and wc -l to check how many commands have been run.)

- 5. Commit this script to the repository.
- 6. Create a file .git/hooks/pre-commit that calls test_makefile.sh. Make the pre-commit file executable.
- 7. Make any simple change to one of the .C files and commit the change. You should see that git now checks your Makefile before performing the commit.
- 8. Change the Makefile so that it does not pass the above tests.
- 9. Try committing the changed file. You should be unable to do so as the test fails.

Note that the client-side hooks described above are not committed to the repository. Ideally, this sort of thing should be implemented as a server-side test instead. However, this is dependent on the remote system (e.g. GitHub/GitLab/etc.).