$$\int_{0}^{t} \chi \, d\chi = \left[\frac{1}{2}\chi^{2}\right]_{0}^{t} = \frac{1}{2}t^{2} - \frac{1}{2}x0$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}t^{2}$$

=> 그러나 커性 雜帖 /t/ integral (吃 雅) 亡 커 벙바나 다른 것 !

$$Sol)$$
 $dY(t) = d(X(t)^2)$

- 3번 2제에 脊型-

$$= \frac{\partial V}{\partial t} dt + \frac{\partial V}{\partial \lambda} dX(t) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} dX(t) dX(t)$$

cf)
$$V(\lambda) = \chi^2 =$$

$$JY(t) = 2X(t)dX(t) + dX(t)dX(t)$$

$$-7 \text{ ML ALME } X(t) = 2X(t)dX(t) + dX(t)dX(t)$$

$$Y(t) -7 \text{ ML})^2 \qquad X(t) -7 \text{ WL}$$

$$J(W(t)^2) = 2W(t)dW(t) + dW(t)dW(t)$$

$$J(W(t)^2) = 2W(t)dW(t) + J(W(t)^2) = 2W(t)dW(t) + J(W(t)^2)$$

$$J(W(t)^2) = 2W(t)dW(t) + J(W(t)^2) = 2W(t)^2 + J(W(t)^2 + J(W(t)^2) = 2W(t)^2$$

$$\int_0^t d(y(s)^2) ds = \int_0^t 2w(s) dw(s) + \int_0^t ds$$

맨.쟨 간 및 게찍인 전바 그 가들은 그냥 그렇다~ 받아들이자.

$$W(t)^2 - W(0)^2 = 2 \int_0^t W(s) dw(s) + t - 0$$

$$W(0) = 0$$

$$\int_{0}^{t} w(s) dw(s) = \frac{1}{2}w(t)^{2} - \frac{1}{2}t$$

$$= 7 \int_0^t x \, dx = \frac{1}{2}t^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2$$

그러나 커너로 적過程 (平江1) 값이 조정되야 한다.

- 一 4 种 经 1 种 次 部 78数4?

$$E_{X}$$
 $dS(t) = aS(t)dt + sS(t)dw(t)$

ct) 15th 1414 - $(l_{1}x)' = \frac{1}{3}$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{t}} dS(t) = \lambda dt + \delta dw(t)$$

Let
$$Y(t) = l_n S(t) = V(t, S(t))$$

$$= \frac{1}{S(t)} dS(t) - \frac{1}{2S(t)^2} dS(t) dS(t)$$

$$dS(t) ds(t) + sS(t) dw(t) ds(t)$$

$$dS(t) dS(t) = 3$$

$$dS(t) dS(t) = a^2 dt dt + 2ab dt dw(t) + b^2 dw(t) dw(t)$$

$$= b^2 dt$$

=
$$adt + 8dw(t) - \frac{1}{2s(t)^2} \times b^2 dt$$

= $adt + 6dw(t) - \frac{1}{2s(t)^2} \times 8s(t)^2 dt$
= $adt + 6dw(t) - \frac{1}{2}6^2 dt$

$$d\Upsilon(t) = (k - \frac{1}{2}6^2) dt + \epsilon dw(t)$$

 $\Upsilon(t) \rightarrow lnS(t)$, th $there$ we see

$$\int_{0}^{t} d\left(\ln S(n) \right) dn = \int_{0}^{t} (\alpha \cdot \frac{1}{2} \delta^{2}) dn + \int_{0}^{t} \gamma dw(n)$$

$$l_nS(t) - l_nS(0) = (\alpha - \frac{1}{2}\delta^2) t + sw(t)$$

$$\ln S(t) = \ln S(0) + (\alpha - \frac{1}{2}6^{2}) t + \delta w(t)$$

$$= \ln S(0) + \ln C (\alpha - \frac{1}{2}6^{2}) t + \delta w(t)$$

$$= \ln S(0) + \log (1) = \log (1)$$

$$= \ln S(0) \cdot C (\alpha - \frac{1}{2}6^{2}) t + \delta w(t)$$

$$S(t) = S(0) \cdot C(\alpha - \frac{1}{2}6^2) t + 6w(t)$$

$$E_{x}$$
) $\int_{s}^{T} W(t) dW(t) = ?$

THM. It's - Doeblin formula for an It's process $f(T, X(T)) = f(0, X(0)) + \int_0^T f_t(t, X(t)) dt$ $+ \int_0^T f_{2t}(t, X(t)) dX(t) + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^T f_{2t}(t, X(t)) dX(t) dX(t)$

if HON 13-Doesin formen for Bronnian Motion

將 Hô tomala 11 吡 예 3... THM. 2- dimensional 1to-Doedin formula = X Y Let f(t, x, y) ; た t, x, y 多 呼전 許可, 工生 'f' 是 发 程. Let X(t) &Y(t) be 1th process Let f(t, X(t), Y(t)) = fThen, $df = \int_{\mathcal{X}} dx + \int_{\mathcal{X}} dx(t) + \int_{\mathcal{X}} dx(t)$

Then, $J = \int_{\mathcal{L}} dt + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dX(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dY(t)$ $+ \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_{\mathcal{L}} dt dt + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dX(t) dX(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dY(t) dY(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dX(t) dY(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dX(t) dY(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dX(t) dY(t) d$

= (0 + 0) = 0

 $dtdY(t) = dt(\sim dwt) + \sim dt)$

 $df = \int_{\mathcal{L}} dt + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dx(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dY(t)$ $+ \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_{\mathcal{L}} dt dt + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dx(t) dX(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dY(t) dY(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dY(t) dY(t) dY(t) + \int_{\mathcal{L}} dx(t) dY(t) dY(t)$

= 3번 에 맨은 다 dtd t & dtd w= 0 에 약해 스케됨. (직접 해보면 알 수 있음)

三 大主 尘帆 就过 迎 野 大豆 唯 怡堂 在 是吧!

cf) J(XY) = YJX + XJY + dXdY - 68

Let f(t, X, y) = XY ···· 柱 超 呼咽 f 燃火 ···· 柱 超 呼咽 f 燃火

=> 电区对 针对这个 X×下의 2-dimensional 哲时之 16-Doedin tormula 를 近时起时 时期外?

$$XT = \int_{\partial x}^{d} dx + \int_{\partial x}^{d} dx + \int_{\partial y}^{d} dx$$

$$+ \int_{\partial x}^{d} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial x^{2}} dx dx + \int_{\partial y}^{d} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial y^{2}} dT dT + \int_{\partial x}^{d} 2x dx dx$$

$$= YdX + XdY + dXdY$$

Ex>
$$d(t w(t)) = t dw(t) + w(t) dt + dt dw(t)$$

 $d(x Y) = X dY + Y dX + dx dY$
 $d(x Y) = X dY + Y dX + dx dY$

$$\pm w(t) = \int_0^t s dw(s) + \int_0^t w(s) ds$$

$$\int_{S}^{t} \frac{1}{t} dw(s) = \int_{S}^{t} s dw(s) + \int_{S}^{t} w(s) ds$$

$$\int_{S}^{t} \frac{1}{t} dw(s) = \int_{S}^{t} s dw(s) + \int_{S}^{t} w(s) ds$$

$$\int_{0}^{t} (t-s) dw(s) = \int_{0}^{t} w(s) ds$$

Ex) d(XY) i product rule

4 alm = Yar+ Yar+ dray 3th

Attit. 2-dimensional Ho-Doebtin formula

Hint. Martingale & HO Konsty

$$-1. \int_{0}^{4} (1-s) dw(s) = \int_{0}^{4} w(s) ds$$

Let
$$I(t) = \int_0^t (t-s) dW(s)$$

$$L'$$
. $\mathbb{E}[I(t)] = \mathbb{E}[I(0)] = 0$

$$V_{ar} [I(t)] = \mathbb{E}[I(t)] - \mathbb{E}[I(t)]^2$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\left[\left(\int_{0}^{t} (t-s) dw(s)\right)^{2}\right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\left[\int_0^x (\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{s})^2 \, d\mathbf{s}\right]$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\left[\int_0^t (\underline{t} - S)^2 dS\right]$$

$$= \int_0^t \mathbb{E}\left[(\underline{t} - S)^2\right] dS$$

$$= \int_{0}^{t} (t-s)^{2} ds$$

$$= \left[-\frac{1}{3} (\pm -5)^3 \right]_p^{t}$$

(t)
$$(t-s)^2 = s^2 - 2ts + t^2$$

$$\frac{1}{3}(t^2-0) - t(t^2-0) + t^2(t-0) + c - c = \frac{1}{3}t^3$$

$$=\frac{1}{3}t^3$$