

Assignment #2: 编程练习

Updated 0953 GMT+8 Feb 24, 2024

2024 spring, Compiled by ==周百川, 生命科学学院==

说明:

1) The complete process to learn DSA from scratch can be broken into 4 parts:

- Learn about Time and Space complexities
- Learn the basics of individual Data Structures
- Learn the basics of Algorithms
- Practice Problems on DSA

2) 请把每个题目解题思路 (可选), 源码Python, 或者C++ (已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC), 截图 (包含Accepted), 填写到下面作业模版中 (推荐使用 typora <https://typoraio.cn>, 或者用word)。AC 或者没有AC, 都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。

3) 课程网站是Canvas平台, <https://pku.instructure.com>, 学校通知3月1日导入选课名单后启用。**作业写好后, 保留在自己手中, 待3月1日提交。**

提交时候先提交pdf文件, 再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧“作业评论”。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、“作业评论”区有上传的md或者doc附件。

4) 如果不能在截止前提交作业, 请写明原因。

编程环境

== (请改为同学的操作系统、编程环境等) ==

操作系统: windows 11

Python编程环境: PyCharm 2023.1.4 (Community Edition)

C/C++编程环境: Visual Studio 2022

1. 题目

27653: Fraction类

http://cs101.openjudge.cn/2024sp_routine/27653/

思路:

练习一下类的基本写法, 构造、重载等等。

代码

```
class Fraction:
    def __init__(self,a,b):
        self.numerator=a;self.denominator=b
    def __str__(self):
        return f'{self.numerator}/{self.denominator}'
    def __add__(self, other):
        a=self.denominator*other.denominator
        b=self.numerator*other.denominator+self.denominator*other.numerator
        _sum_=Fraction(b,a)
        _sum_.reduction()
        return _sum_
    def reduction(self):
        t=self.numerator if self.numerator<self.denominator else self.denominator
        for i in range(t,1,-1):
            if self.numerator%i == 0 and self.denominator%i == 0:
                self.numerator//=i
                self.denominator//=i

a,b,c,d=map(int,input().split())
add1=Fraction(a,b);add2=Fraction(c,d)
print(add1+add2)
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

#43994984提交状态

[查看](#)

[提交](#)

[统计](#)

状态: **Accepted**

源代码

```
class Fraction:
    def __init__(self,a,b):
        self.numerator=a;self.denominator=b
    def __str__(self):
        return f'{self.numerator}/{self.denominator}'
    def __add__(self, other):
        a=self.denominator*other.denominator
        b=self.numerator*other.denominator+self.denominator*other.numer
        _sum_=Fraction(b,a)
        _sum_.reduction()
        return _sum_
    def reduction(self):
        t=self.numerator if self.numerator<self.denominator else self.de
        for i in range(t,1,-1):
            if self.numerator%i == 0 and self.denominator%i == 0:
                self.numerator//=i
                self.denominator//=i

a,b,c,d=map(int,input().split())
add1=Fraction(a,b);add2=Fraction(c,d)
print(add1+add2)
```

基本信息

#: 43994984

题目: 27653

提交人: 23n2300012301

内存: 3640kB

时间: 21ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2024-02-27 13:01:43

04110: 圣诞老人的礼物-Santa Clau's Gifts

greedy/dp, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04110>

思路:

代码

```
n,W=map(int,input().split())
candies=[]
value=0
for i in range(n):
    v,w=map(int,input().split())
    candies.append((v,w,v/w))
candies.sort(key=lambda x:-x[2])
#print(candies)
for i in candies:
    if W >= i[1]:
        value+=i[0]
        W-=i[1]
    else:
        value+=W*i[2]
        break
print('%.1f'%value)
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

#41768707提交状态

[查看](#)

[提交](#)

[统计](#)

状态: **Accepted**

源代码

```
n,W=map(int,input().split())
candies=[]
value=0
for i in range(n):
    v,w=map(int,input().split())
    candies.append((v,w,v/w))
candies.sort(key=lambda x:-x[2])
#print(candies)
for i in candies:
    if W >= i[1]:
        value+=i[0]
        W-=i[1]
    else:
        value+=W*i[2]
        break
print('%.1f'%value)
```

基本信息

#: 41768707

题目: 04110

提交人: 23n2300012301

内存: 3600kB

时间: 20ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-10-18 21:42:17

18182: 打怪兽

implementation/sortings/data structures, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18182/>

思路:

代码

```
N=int(input())
for _ in range(N):
    n,m,b=map(int,input().split())
    flag=1
    dict_tricks={}
    t_=[]
    for l in range(n):
```

```

a=list(map(int,input().split()))
t=a[0]
t_.append(t)
if t not in dict_tricks.keys():
    dict_tricks[t]=[a,]
else:
    dict_tricks[t].append(a)
t_.sort()
for i in range(len(t_)):
    if i and t_[i] == t_[i-1]:
        continue
    ii=t_[i]
    if len(dict_tricks[ii])>m:
        dict_tricks[ii].sort(key=lambda x:-x[1])
        tricks_t=dict_tricks[ii][:m]
    else:
        tricks_t=dict_tricks[ii]
    for j in tricks_t:
        b-=j[1]
    if b<=0:
        print(ii)
        flag=0
        break
if flag:
    print('alive')

```

代码运行截图 == (AC代码截图, 至少包含有"Accepted") ==

#42185882提交状态

[查看](#)

[提交](#)

[统计](#)

状态: **Accepted**

源代码

```
N=int(input())
for _ in range(N):
    n,m,b=map(int,input().split())
    flag=1
    dict_tricks={}
    t_=[]
    for l in range(n):
        a=list(map(int,input().split()))
        t=a[0]
        t_.append(t)
        if t not in dict_tricks.keys():
            dict_tricks[t]=[a,]
        else:
            dict_tricks[t].append(a)
    t_.sort()
    for i in range(len(t_)):
        if i and t_[i] == t_[i-1]:
            continue
        ii=t_[i]
        if len(dict_tricks[ii])>m:
            dict_tricks[ii].sort(key=lambda x:-x[1])
            tricks_t=dict_tricks[ii][:m]
        else:
            tricks_t=dict_tricks[ii]
        for j in tricks_t:
            b-=j[1]
        if b<=0:
            print(ii)
            flag=0
            break
    if flag:
        print('alive')
```

基本信息

#: 42185882

题目: 18182

提交人: 23n2300012301

内存: 3824kB

时间: 84ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-11-02 18:47:21

230B. T-primes

binary search/implementation/math/number theory, 1300, <http://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/230/B>

思路:

代码

```
num=[1]*1000001
i=2
while i<1000001:
    if num[i]:
        j=2
        while i*j<1000001:
            num[i*j]=0
            j+=1
        i+=1
dict1={}
for i in range(2,1000001):
    if num[i]:
        dict1[i**2]=1
#print(dict1)

n=int(input())
```

```

numbers=list(map(int,input().split()))
for i in numbers:
    print('YES'if i in dict1 else'NO')

```

代码运行截图 == (AC代码截图, 至少包含有"Accepted") ==

General

#	Author	Problem	Lang	Verdict	Time	Memory	Sent	Judged		
227639644	Practice: Julius_Marcus	230B - 28	PyPy 3-64	Accepted	434 ms	30476 KB	2023-10-11 11:07:18	2023-10-11 11:07:18	★	Compare

→ Source

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```

num=[1]*1000001
i=2
while i<1000001:
    if num[i]:
        j=2
        while i*j<1000001:
            num[i*j]=0
            j+=1
        i+=1
dict1={}
for i in range(2,1000001):
    if num[i]:
        dict1[i*2]=1
#print(dict1)

n=int(input())
numbers=list(map(int,input().split()))
for i in numbers:
    print('YES' if i in dict1 else 'NO')

```

1364A. XXXXX

brute force/data structures/number theory/two pointers, 1200,

<https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/1364/A>

思路:

代码

```

m=int(input())
for k in range(m):
    n,x=map(int,input().split())
    a=0    #有多少数能被x整除
    total=0    #手动计算总和
    i1=0
    i2=0
    flag=1
    arr=input().split()
    for i in range(len(arr)):
        b=int(arr[i])
        arr[i]=b
        total+=b
        if b%x != 0:
            if flag:
                flag=0
                i1=i
            i2=i
        else:
            a+=1
    if a == n:
        print(-1)
    elif total%x != 0:
        print(n)
    else:

```

```
print(n-(i1+1 if (i1+1)<=(n-i2) else n-i2))
```

代码运行截图 == (AC代码截图, 至少包含有"Accepted") ==

General

#	Author	Problem	Lang	Verdict	Time	Memory	Sent	Judged		
226734374	Practice: Julius_Marcus	1364A - 15	Python 3	Accepted	327 ms	13840 KB	2023-10-05 15:25:43	2023-10-05 15:25:43	★	<button>Compare</button>

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```
m=int(input())
for k in range(m):
    n,x=map(int,input().split())
    a=0 #有多少数能被x整除
    total=0 #手动计算总和
    i1=0
    i2=0
    flag=1
    arr=input().split()
    for i in range(len(arr)):
        b=int(arr[i])
        arr[i]=b
        total+=b
        if b%x != 0:
            if flag:
                flag=0
                i1=i
            i2=i
        else:
            a+=1
    if a == n:
        print(-1)
    elif total%x != 0:
        print(n)
    else:
        print(n-(i1+1 if (i1+1)<=(n-i2) else n-i2))
```

18176: 2050年成绩计算

<http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18176/>

思路:

代码

```
m,n=map(int,input().split())
list1=[1]*10001
for i in range(2,10001):
    j=2
    if list1[i] == 1:
        while i*j<10001:
            list1[i*j]=0
            j+=1
list2= {}
for i in range(2,10001):
    if list1[i]:
        list2[i**2]=1
for _ in range(m):
    *a,=map(int,input().split())
    ans=0
    for i in a:
        if i in list2.keys():
            ans+=i
        else:
            continue
    print('{:.2f}'.format(ans/len(a)) if ans else 0)
```

代码运行截图 == (AC代码截图, 至少包含有"Accepted") ==

#42989383提交状态

查看提交统计

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
m,n=map(int,input().split())
list1=[1]*10001
for i in range(2,10001):
    j=2
    if list1[i] == 1:
        while i*j<10001:
            list1[i*j]=0
            j+=1
list2= {}
for i in range(2,10001):
    if list1[i]:
        list2[i**2]=1
for _ in range(m):
    *a,=map(int,input().split())
    ans=0
    for i in a:
        if i in list2.keys():
            ans+=i
        else:
            continue
    print('{:.2f}'.format(ans/len(a)) if ans else 0)
```

基本信息

#: 42989383

题目: E18176

提交人: 23n2300012301

内存: 3784kB

时间: 58ms

语言: Python3

提交时间: 2023-12-07 15:16:33

2. 学习总结和收获

==如果作业题目简单, 有否额外练习题目, 比如: OJ“2024spring每日选做”、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站题目。==

现阶段作业题还是以回顾基本语法为主, 有空的话会做一些每日选做的题目来更多的接触数算相关的知识。