Tutorial of validating KGMN unknowns with repository mining

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This tutorial aims to help users to select and validate their interesting unknown peaks from KGMN through repository mining. In the manuscript, we mainly used **MASST** to perform repository mining. The MASST¹ is a tool to query spectrum in context of where it occurs against all GNPS data sets. In this tutorial, we focus on demonstrating how to combine KGMN results and MASST. The detail instructions of MASST can be found in **GNPS document**.

The step-by-step instruction has been provided below.

1. Data preparing.

In this workflow, the data files require KGMN (MetDNA2) processed firstly. Here, we utilized NIST human urine data set as example. The data set has been analyzed with KGMN (v1.0.4), and the results can be downloaded here.

The folders should look like as below:

Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
00_annotation_table	6/6/2022 2:54 PM	File folder	
02_result_MRN_annotation	6/6/2022 2:54 PM	File folder	
04_biology_intepretation	6/4/2022 3:36 PM	File folder	
5_analysis_report	6/6/2022 2:54 PM	File folder	
06_visualization	6/6/2022 2:54 PM	File folder	
data.csv	1/17/2022 9:12 AM	Microsoft Excel C	2,385 KB
NIST_urine01_pos-NIST_urine01.mgf	1/17/2022 9:10 AM	MGF File	9,877 KB
NIST_urine02_pos-NIST_urine02.mgf	1/17/2022 9:12 AM	MGF File	9,895 KB
NIST_urine03_pos-NIST_urine03.mgf	1/17/2022 9:12 AM	MGF File	9,921 KB
NIST_urine04_pos-NIST_urine04.mgf	1/17/2022 9:10 AM	MGF File	9,936 KB
para_list.txt	6/4/2022 3:33 PM	Text Document	2 KB
QC_pos-QC.mgf	1/17/2022 9:12 AM	MGF File	9,687 KB
RT_recalibration_table.csv	1/17/2022 9:12 AM	Microsoft Excel C	1 KB
sample.info.csv	1/17/2022 9:12 AM	Microsoft Excel C	1 KB

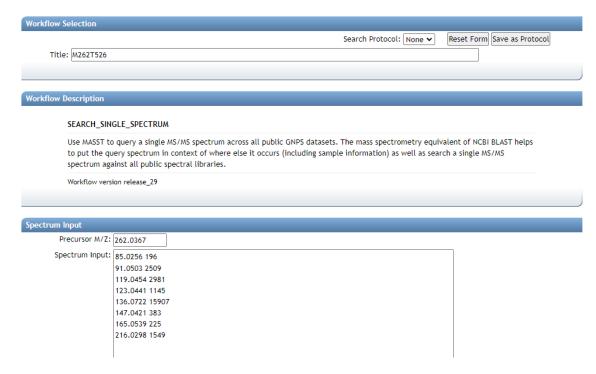
The users can browser and select interesting known/unknown peaks in the **annotation table** "table1_identification.csv" in the "00_annotation_table" folder. It should be note that the selection of targeted peak is customized.

For demonstration, we utilized the unknown peak M262T526 as an example (Figure 5d in manuscript). The MS/MS spectrum of this peak can be found in the "ms2_data.msp" in "06_visualization" folder. You can open it with text tool (e.g. Notepad++).

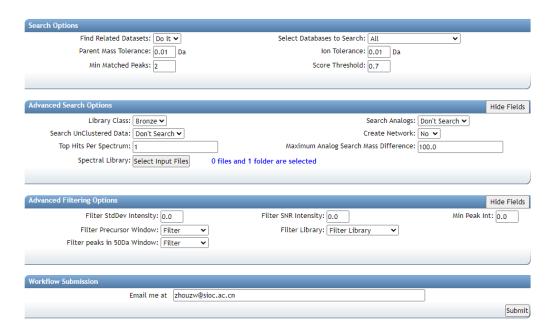
```
7925 NAME: M262T526
7926 PRECURSORMZ: 262.0367
7927
     IONMODE: positive
7928 RETENTIONTIME: 526.026
7929 Links:
7930 Comment:
7931 Num Peaks: 8
7932 85.0256 196
7933 91.0503 2509
7934 119.0454 2981
7935 123.0441 1145
7936 136.0722 15907
7937 147.0421 383
7938 165.0539 225
7939 216.0298 1549
```

2. Upload and analysis in MASST.

Users can upload this file to MASST (https://gnps.ucsd.edu/ProteoSAFe/static/gnps-splash.jsp?redirect=auth) to perform repository mining. The users need to login first. Then, click the "query spectrum" button in MASST panel to start the analysis. Copy related texts from MSP file to "title", "precursor m/z", "spectrum input" panel in the web server, respectively.

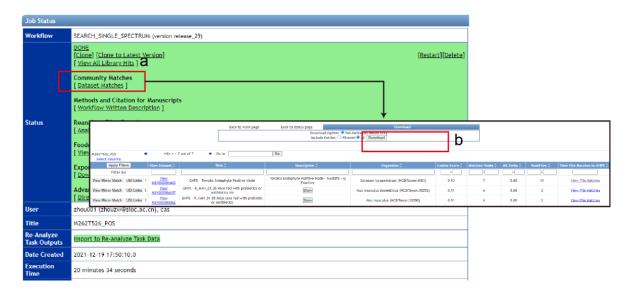


Modify the search parameters and click "submit" button. The **used parameters** in KGMN manuscript have been provided below.

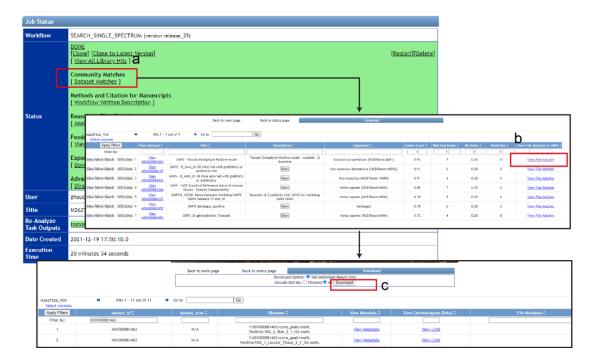


When the job finished, you will receive an email with a link. You can view and download results in the webserver.

Matched data set: Dataset Matches → View File Matches → Download



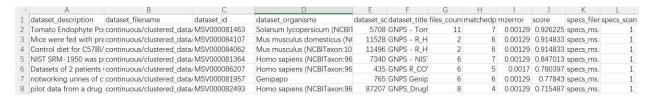
Matched files: Dataset Matches → View File Matches → Download



3. Result interpretation and visualization.

The downloaded results include 2 ZIP files, "view_all_datasets_matched.zip" and "view_all_file_datasets_matched.zip". The files in packages can be further opened with Microsoft Office Excel or other program tools (e.g. R, Python).

• The table of "view_all_datasets_matched" contains meta information of appeared data sets, like "dataset description", "dataset id", "dataset organisms" and "files count". Furthermore, we can conclude the species and sample information based on the dataset description. For our examples, it was appeared in 7 datasets, and 3 organisms (where genipapo is from human urine actually according to the data set description).



The table of "view_all_file_datasets_matched" contains names of matched files. Each
file can be viewed online through the filename in GNPS dashboard (https://gnps-lcms.ucsd.edu/), while the files and dataset can be accessed in GNPS datasets
(https://gnps.ucsd.edu/ProteoSAFe/datasets.jsp).

	А	В	С	D	Е
1	basefilename	cluster_sca	dataset_id	filename	metadata
2	018c.mzML	435	MSV000086207	f.MSV000086207/ccms_peak/018c.mzML	
3	018b.mzML	435	MSV000086207	f.MSV000086207/ccms_peak/018b.mzML	
4	018a.mzML	435	MSV000086207	f.MSV000086207/ccms_peak/018a.mzML	
5	017c.mzML	435	MSV000086207	f.MSV000086207/ccms_peak/017c.mzML	
6	017b.mzML	435	MSV000086207	f.MSV000086207/ccms_peak/017b.mzML	
7	017a.mzML	435	MSV000086207	f.MSV000086207/ccms_peak/017a.mzML	
8	E12_3.mzML	11528	MSV000084107	f.MSV000084107/ccms_peak/E12_3.mzML	
9	E12_2.mzML	11528	MSV000084107	f.MSV000084107/ccms_peak/E12_2.mzML	
10	E12_3.mzML	11496	MSV000084062	f.MSV000084062/ccms_peak/E12_3.mzML	
11	E12_2.mzML	11496	MSV000084062	f.MSV000084062/ccms_peak/E12_2.mzML	
12	DM000088099_RB7_01_29	87234	MSV000082493	f.MSV000082493/ccms_peak/urine/DM000088099_RB	
13	DM000086580_RF12_01_2	87207	MSV000082493	f.MSV000082493/ccms_peak/urine/DM000086580_RF	1
14	DM000078719_RA11_01_2	87214	MSV000082493	f.MSV000082493/ccms_peak/urine/DM000078719_RA	i.
15	DM000078708_RC10_01_2	87214	MSV000082493	f.MSV000082493/ccms_peak/urine/DM000078708_RC	
16	DM000078265_RD7_01_29	87207	MSV000082493	f.MSV000082493/ccms_peak/urine/DM000078265_RD) ·
17	DM000076834_RB8_01_29	87230	MSV000082493	f.MSV000082493/ccms_peak/urine/DM000076834_RB	8
18	DM000076821_RC12_01_2	87234	MSV000082493	f.MSV000082493/ccms_peak/urine/DM000076821_RC	
19	DM000076799_RC8_01_29	87230	MSV000082493	f.MSV000082493/ccms_peak/urine/DM000076799_RC	:
20	Urine83_Juice_12h_Top3_F	765	MSV000081957	f.MSV000081957/ccms_peak/Urine83_Juice_12h_Top3	

With above information, it would be easy to reproduce figures of repository validation. The result of above example can be downloaded here.

Reference:

1. Wang, M., Jarmusch, A.K., Vargas, F. et al. Mass spectrometry searches using MASST. Nat Biotechnol 38, 23–26 (2020). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41587-019-0375-9