The tutorial of data processing with MZmine for KGMN

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Introduction

MZmine is a common and flexible software for mass spectrometry data analysis. Users can set a sequence of steps to perform peak picking and alignments. Here, we present a simple tutorial to process an untargeted metabolomics data set, and demonstrate how to export required files for KGMN (MetDNA2) annotation.

There are many useful resources to demonstrate how to use MZmine to process LC-MS/MS data:

- The official document: http://mzmine.github.io/documentation.html
- The FBMN document (Major procedures are similar): https://ccms-ucsd.github.io/GNPSDocumentation/featurebasedmolecularnetworking-with-mzmine2/

Important note:

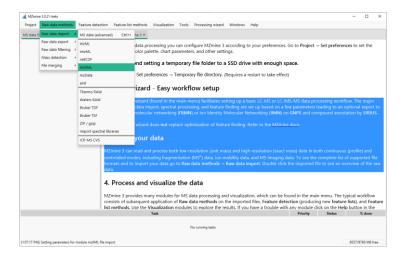
The parameter of data processing should be adjusted according to the instrument types, parameter settings and experimental designs. This tutorial only demonstrates how to generate required files for KGMN.

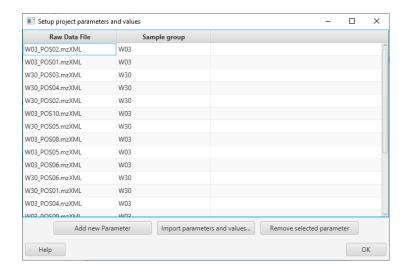
1. Installation

- Download MZmine software (MZmine v3.0.21 used here) at https://github.com/mzmine/mzmine3
- Demo data set: Fruit Fly data sets (<u>mzXML files</u>)

2. Step-by-step data processing with MZmine

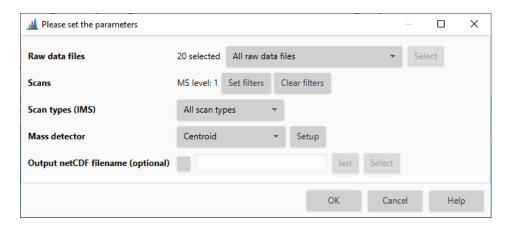
- 1) Raw data import and modify sample parameters:
 - Raw data methods → Raw data import → mzXML
 - Project → Set sample parameters



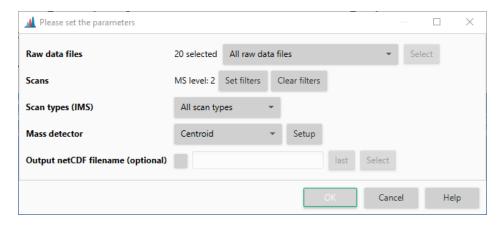


2) Mass detection.

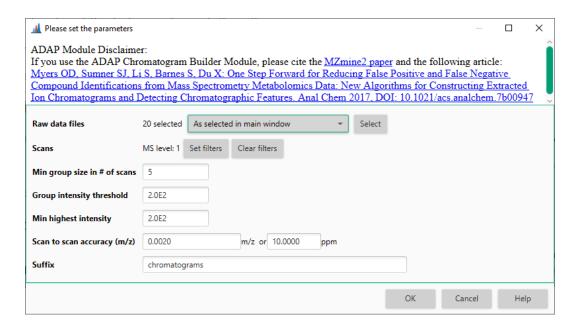
 MS1 mass detection: Raw data methods → Mass detection (Note: "Scan" parameter uses "MS level: 1")



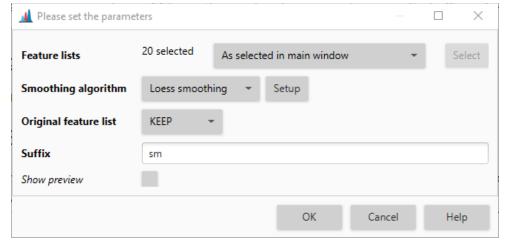
 MS2 mass detection: Raw data methods → Mass detection (Note: "Scan" parameter uses "MS level: 2")



3) **Chromatogram detection**: Feature detection → LC-MS → ADAP chromatogram builder



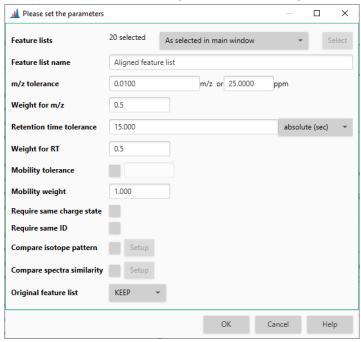
4) **Smoothing:** Feature detection → Smoothing



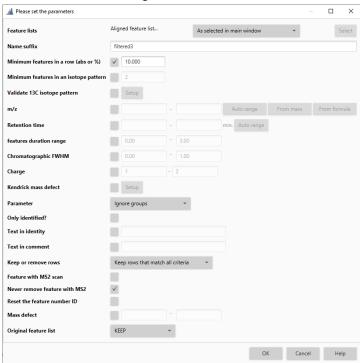
5) **Chromatogram deconvolution (Optional).** The step of chromatogram deconvolution would further improve the data quality, but it may take a lot of time if you run a large dataset.

6) Feature alignment and filtering.

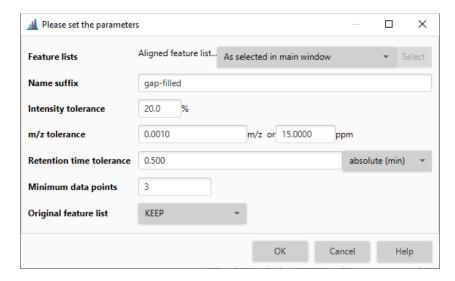
Feature alignment: Feature list methods → Alignment → Join Aligner



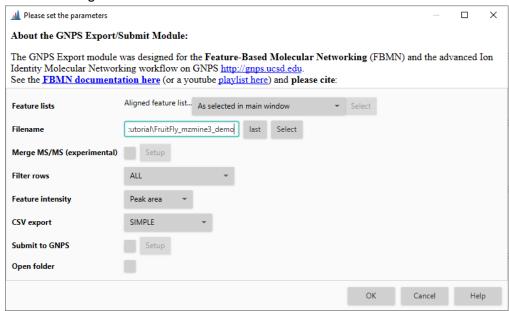
Filtering: keep features which appears more than half samples Feature list methods → Feature list filtering → Feature list rows filter



7) **Gap filling (Optional)**: select aligned feature table, then, Feature detection → Gap filling

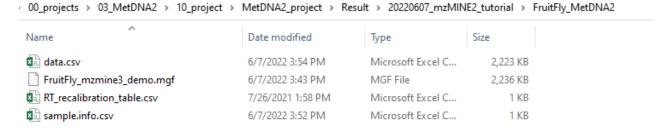


8) Export for KGMN: Feature list methods → Export feature list → GNPS – feature based molecular networking

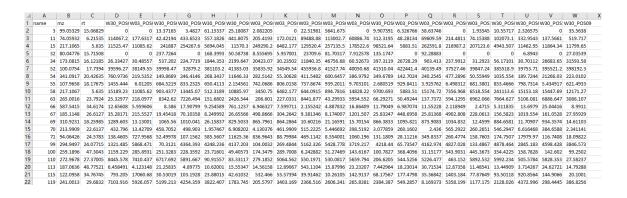


3. Modification results for KGMN

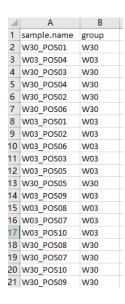
The KGMN requires 4 type files, peak table with quantification information, MS2 files, sample information table and RT recalibration files.



- MS1 peak table (Required): modify the "quant_table.csv" as below:
 - The first column is the peak name ("name");
 - The second column is the mass-to-charge ratio ("mz");
 - The third column is the retention time ("rt");
 - The unit of retention time must be second (not minute);
 - Other columns are peak abundances of MS1 peaks in each sample.



- MS2 data files (Required): directly upload MGF file
- Sample information table (Required): similar with sample parameter. This is a CSV file with two columns, "sample.name" and "group". Note: The "sample.name" column in sample information file must be the **EXACTLY same** as the sample names in the MS1 peak table.



 RT recalibration table (Optional). Please see instruction of MetDNA2 website (http://metdna.zhulab.cn/metdna/help).