

EX.1

7.1 对于右图所示的依赖图

- 下面各组调度和投影中哪组是可行的？

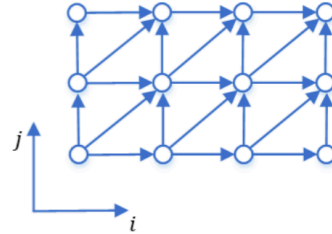
a) $s^T = [1 \ 0]$, $d^T = [1 \ 0]$

b) $s^T = [1 \ 2]$, $d^T = [2 \ -1]$

c) $s^T = [1 \ 1]$, $d^T = [1 \ 0]$

d) $s^T = [1 \ -2]$, $d^T = [1 \ 0]$

- 推导每个可行组的投影脉动阵列



Solution to EX.1

(a)

In the DG, each node has input[0:1] and input[1:0], with output[1:1]. It's similar to the example we mentioned in class. For a systolic design, $s^T d^T \neq 0$. And the delay mapping should be larger than 0, due to Delay mapping: $[1,-2][0,1]=-2$, $[1,-2][1,0]=1$, $[1,-2][1,1]=-1$ in the case (d), it's invalid. So for **a)**, **c)**, they're okay. And $HUE = 1$ for all.

(b)

assume that $p^T = [0, 1]$

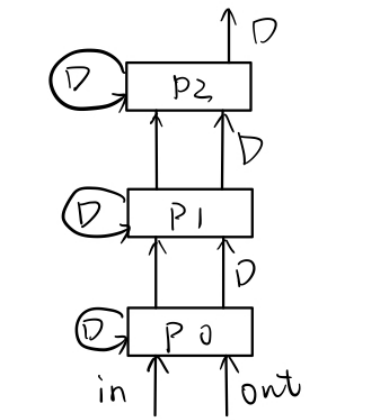
a)

$I = [i, j]$, $p^T I = j$, so for each line, they have the same processor mapping.

$s^T = [1, 0]$, $s^T I = i$, so for each column, they have the same edge delay.

Edge mapping: $[0,1][0,1]=1$, $[0,1][1,0]=0$, $[0,1][1,1]=1$.

Delay mapping: $[1,0][0,1]=0$, $[1,0][1,0]=1$, $[1,0][1,1]=1$.



c)

$I = [i, j]$, $p^T I = j$, so for each line, they have the same processor mapping.

$s^T = [1, 1]$, $s^T I = i+j$, so for each column, they have the same edge delay.

Edge mapping: $[0,1][0,1]=1$, $[0,1][1,0]=0$, $[0,1][1,1]=1$.

Delay mapping: $[1,1][0,1]=1$, $[1,1][1,0]=1$, $[1,1][1,1]=2$.

