

# Part 1: Data Cleaning and Preparation (Python)

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# Load the data
sales_df = pd.read_csv('sales_data.csv')
employee_df = pd.read_csv('employee_data.csv')
```

## Clean Sales Data:

```
# Convert `SalesAmount` to numeric after removing symbols and commas.
sales_df['SalesAmount'] = sales_df['SalesAmount'].replace('[\$,]', '',
regex=True).astype(float)
sales_df['SalesAmount'] = pd.to_numeric(sales_df['SalesAmount'], errors='coerce')
print(sales_df)
```

	TransactionID	CustomerID	SalesAmount	PurchaseDate	EmployeeID
0	T00001	C0001	2824.0	01-11-2022	1
1	T00002	C0002	1409.0	19-11-2023	2
2	T00003	C0003	5506.0	09-10-2023	3
3	T00004	C0004	5012.0	04-02-2022	3
4	T00005	C0005	4657.0	28-10-2024	7
..	...	...	...	...	...
95	T00096	C0096	4593.0	13-08-2022	5
96	T00097	C0097	3266.0	18-09-2023	8
97	T00098	C0098	9348.0	22-05-2022	4
98	T00099	C0099	9085.0	16-11-2022	9
99	T00100	C0100	2489.0	22-06-2024	3

[100 rows x 5 columns]

```
<>:2: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\$'
<>:2: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\$'
C:\Users\ziadz\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_26520\679283858.py:2: SyntaxWarning: invalid
escape sequence '\$'
sales_df['SalesAmount'] = sales_df['SalesAmount'].replace('[\$,]', '',
regex=True).astype(float)
```

```
# Standardize `PurchaseDate` to pandas `datetime`.
sales_df['PurchaseDate'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_df['PurchaseDate'], errors='coerce',
dayfirst=True)
sales_df
```

	TransactionID	CustomerID	SalesAmount	PurchaseDate	EmployeeID
0	T00001	C0001	2824.0	2022-11-01	1
1	T00002	C0002	1409.0	2023-11-19	2
2	T00003	C0003	5506.0	2023-10-09	3
3	T00004	C0004	5012.0	2022-02-04	3
4	T00005	C0005	4657.0	2024-10-28	7
..	...	...	...	...	...
95	T00096	C0096	4593.0	2022-08-13	5
96	T00097	C0097	3266.0	2023-09-18	8
97	T00098	C0098	9348.0	2022-05-22	4
98	T00099	C0099	9085.0	2022-11-16	9
99	T00100	C0100	2489.0	2024-06-22	3

```
[100 rows x 5 columns]

# Handle missing or invalid data by replacing them with appropriate defaults (e.g., `NaN`
for missing data).
sales_df.fillna(0 ,inplace=True)
sales_df
sales_df.dtypes

TransactionID      object
CustomerID         object
SalesAmount        float64
PurchaseDate       datetime64[ns]
EmployeeID         int64
dtype: object
```

## Clean Employee Data:

```
employee_df

EmployeeID      Name      DepartmentID      Salary      SupervisorID
0      1      Cheyenne Padilla      5      $96,438      NaN
1      2      Michael Martin      5      $105,519      6.0
2      3      Tim Wright      4      $103,883      5.0
3      4      Kristy Archer      2      $111,213      1.0
4      5      Robert Rios      4      $145,561      3.0
5      6      Gregory Casey      4      $57,100      3.0
6      7      Douglas Huber      2      $138,259      3.0
7      8      Bobby Browning      1      $135,649      8.0
8      9      Crystal Wilson      1      $134,696      7.0
9      10      Tammy Adams      4      $62,899      2.0

# Convert `Salary` to numeric after removing symbols and commas.
employee_df['Salary'] = employee_df['Salary'].replace('[\$,]', '',
regex=True).astype(float)
employee_df

<>:2: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\$'
<>:2: SyntaxWarning: invalid escape sequence '\$'
C:\Users\ziadz\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_26520\3334977909.py:2: SyntaxWarning: invalid
escape sequence '\$'
    employee_df['Salary'] = employee_df['Salary'].replace('[\$,]', '',
regex=True).astype(float)

EmployeeID      Name      DepartmentID      Salary      SupervisorID
0      1      Cheyenne Padilla      5      96438.0      NaN
1      2      Michael Martin      5      105519.0      6.0
2      3      Tim Wright      4      103883.0      5.0
3      4      Kristy Archer      2      111213.0      1.0
4      5      Robert Rios      4      145561.0      3.0
5      6      Gregory Casey      4      57100.0      3.0
6      7      Douglas Huber      2      138259.0      3.0
7      8      Bobby Browning      1      135649.0      8.0
8      9      Crystal Wilson      1      134696.0      7.0
9      10      Tammy Adams      4      62899.0      2.0

employee_df['Salary'] = pd.to_numeric(employee_df['Salary'], errors='coerce')
employee_df.dtypes
```

```
EmployeeID      int64
Name            object
DepartmentID    int64
Salary          float64
SupervisorID    float64
dtype: object
```

```
# Replace inconsistent `EmployeeID` or `SupervisorID` with clean integers.
employee_df['SupervisorID'] = pd.to_numeric(employee_df['SupervisorID'], errors='coerce')
employee_df
```

	EmployeeID	Name	DepartmentID	Salary	SupervisorID
0	1	Cheyenne Padilla	5	96438.0	NaN
1	2	Michael Martin	5	105519.0	6.0
2	3	Tim Wright	4	103883.0	5.0
3	4	Kristy Archer	2	111213.0	1.0
4	5	Robert Rios	4	145561.0	3.0
5	6	Gregory Casey	4	57100.0	3.0
6	7	Douglas Huber	2	138259.0	3.0
7	8	Bobby Browning	1	135649.0	8.0
8	9	Crystal Wilson	1	134696.0	7.0
9	10	Tammy Adams	4	62899.0	2.0

```
# Handle any missing `SupervisorID` values by filling them with `NaN`
employee_df['SupervisorID'].replace(np.nan, 0, inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\ziadz\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_26520\839830229.py:2: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.  
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
employee_df['SupervisorID'].replace(np.nan, 0, inplace=True)
employee_df['SupervisorID'] = employee_df['SupervisorID'].astype('Int64')
employee_df
```

	EmployeeID	Name	DepartmentID	Salary	SupervisorID
0	1	Cheyenne Padilla	5	96438.0	0
1	2	Michael Martin	5	105519.0	6
2	3	Tim Wright	4	103883.0	5
3	4	Kristy Archer	2	111213.0	1
4	5	Robert Rios	4	145561.0	3
5	6	Gregory Casey	4	57100.0	3
6	7	Douglas Huber	2	138259.0	3
7	8	Bobby Browning	1	135649.0	8
8	9	Crystal Wilson	1	134696.0	7
9	10	Tammy Adams	4	62899.0	2

```
# Save cleaned data
sales_df.to_csv('cleaned_sales.csv', index=False)
employee_df.to_csv('cleaned_employees.csv', index=False)
```