

**Prepared By:** Zian Rajeshkumar Surani  
RA2311026050085 - AIML B

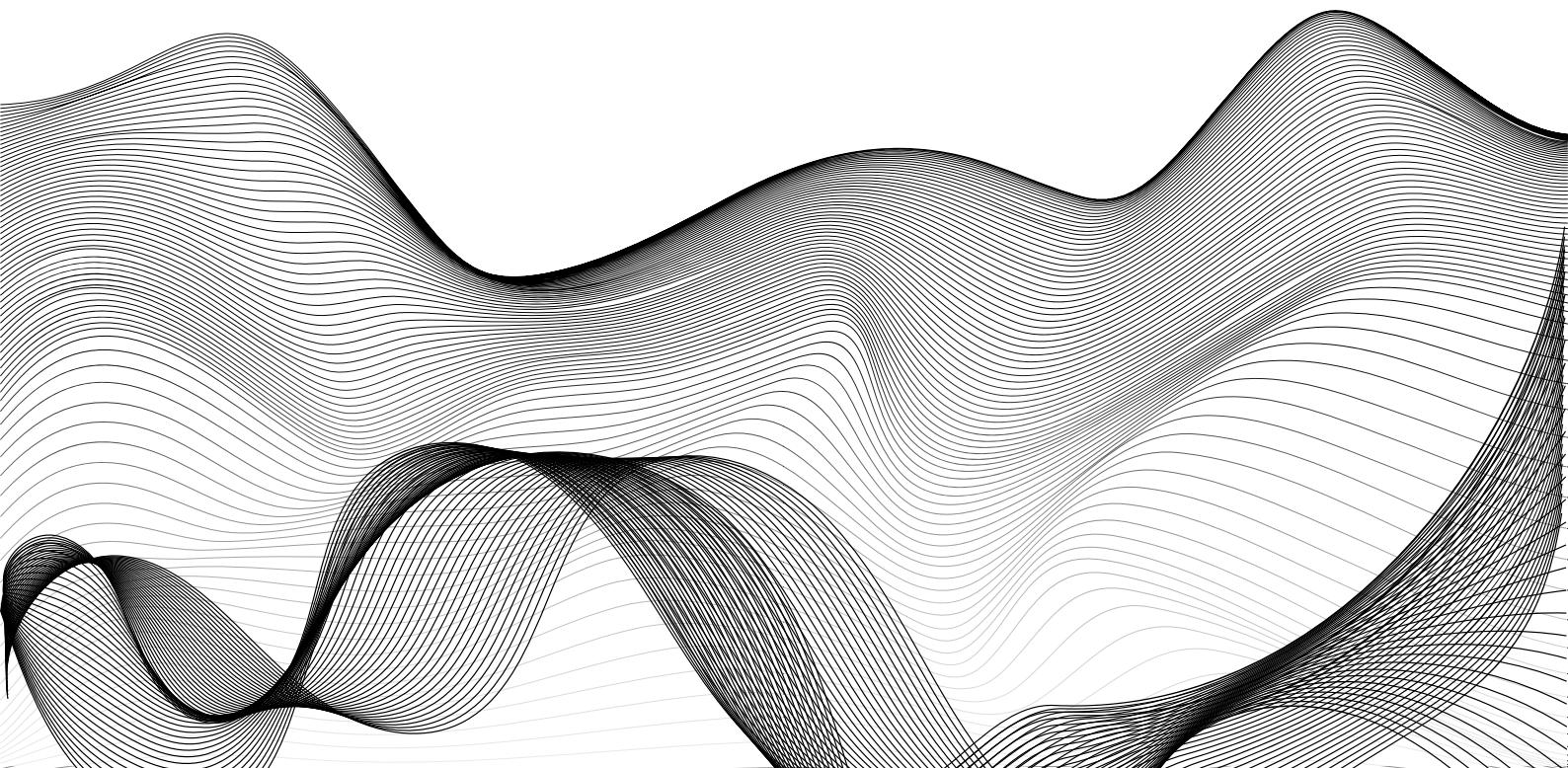
# Data Structure Algorithm

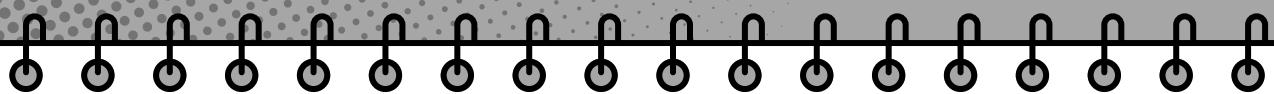


Dynamic Memory Allocation and List

**Date**

22 September, 2024





Implementation of Matrix Multiplication using Dynamic Memory Allocation. Ensure to allocate the memory using appropriate functions and access the array using pointers.

# ANSWER



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

// Function to allocate memory for a matrix
int* allocateMatrix(int rows, int cols) {
    int* matrix = (int*) malloc(rows * cols * sizeof(int));
    return matrix;
}

// Function to deallocate memory for a matrix
void freemat(int* matrix) {
    free(matrix);
}

// Function to multiply two matrices
void multiplyMatrices(int* matrixA, int* matrixB, int* matrixC, int rowsA, int colsA, int colsB) {
    for (int i = 0; i < rowsA; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < colsB; j++) {
            matrixC[i * colsB + j] = 0;
            for (int k = 0; k < colsA; k++) {
                matrixC[i * colsB + j] += matrixA[i * colsA + k] * matrixB[k * colsB + j];
            }
        }
    }
}

// Function to print a matrix
void printMatrix(int* matrix, int rows, int cols) {
    for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
            printf("%d ", matrix[i * cols + j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```

Note: Github link is in the github logo icon

```
int main() {
    int rowsA, colsA, rowsB, colsB;

    // Get dimensions of matrices A and B
    printf("Enter number of rows for matrix A: ");
    scanf("%d", &rowsA);
    printf("Enter number of columns for matrix A: ");
    scanf("%d", &colsA);
    printf("Enter number of rows for matrix B: ");
    scanf("%d", &rowsB);
    printf("Enter number of columns for matrix B: ");
    scanf("%d", &colsB);

    // Check if matrices can be multiplied
    if (colsA != rowsB) {
        printf("Matrices cannot be multiplied.\n");
        return 1;
    }

    // Allocate memory for matrices A, B, and C
    int* matrixA = allocateMatrix(rowsA, colsA);
    int* matrixB = allocateMatrix(rowsB, colsB);
    int* matrixC = allocateMatrix(rowsA, colsB);

    // Initialize matrices A and B
    printf("Enter elements of matrix A:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < rowsA; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < colsA; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &matrixA[i * colsA + j]);
        }
    }
    printf("Enter elements of matrix B:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < rowsB; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < colsB; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &matrixB[i * colsB + j]);
        }
    }
    // Multiply matrices A and B
    multiplyMatrices(matrixA, matrixB, matrixC, rowsA, colsA, colsB);

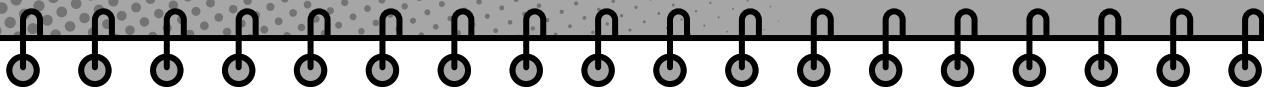
    printf("Matrix A:\n");// Print result matrix
    printMatrix(matrixA, rowsA, colsA);
    printf("Matrix B:\n");
    printMatrix(matrixB, rowsB, colsB);
    printf("Matrix C (A * B):\n");
    printMatrix(matrixC, rowsA, colsB);

    // free matrix memory
    freemat(matrixA);
    freemat(matrixB);
    freemat(matrixC);

    return 0;
}
```

# OUTPUT

```
Enter number of rows for matrix A: 3
Enter number of columns for matrix A: 3
Enter number of rows for matrix B: 3
Enter number of columns for matrix B: 3
Enter elements of matrix A:
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
Enter elements of matrix B:
9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
Matrix A:
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Matrix B:
9 8 7
6 5 4
3 2 1
Matrix C (A * B):
30 24 18
84 69 54
138 114 90
```



You are given a task with creating a simple student management system using arrays that will allow the user to manage student names. Implement the following operations on a list of student names using switch-case and arrays. After every operation, display the current list of students.

The operations to implement are:

- (i) Creation of the list: Allow the user to create a list of student names by entering them one by one.
- (ii) Insertion of a new student: Insert a new student's name into a specific position in the list. The user should provide the name and the index at which it should be inserted.
- (iii) Deletion of a student: Delete a student's name from the list based on their position or name. Ask the user whether they want to delete by name or by index.
- (iv) Traversal of the list: Display all the student names in the current order.
- (v) Search for a student: Search for a student's name in the list and display whether or not the student is found, along with their position if present.

# ANSWER



```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAX_STUDENTS 100
#define MAX_NAME_LENGTH 50

void createList(char students[][MAX_NAME_LENGTH], int* size) {
    printf("Enter the number of students: ");
    scanf("%d", size);
    for (int i = 0; i < *size; i++) {
        printf("Enter student name %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%s", students[i]);
    }
}

void insertStudent(char students[][MAX_NAME_LENGTH], int* size, int position, char* name) {
    for (int i = *size; i > position; i--) {
        strcpy(students[i], students[i - 1]);
    }
    strcpy(students[position], name);
    (*size)++;
}

void deleteStudent(char students[][MAX_NAME_LENGTH], int* size, int position) {
    for (int i = position; i < *size - 1; i++) {
        strcpy(students[i], students[i + 1]);
    }
    (*size)--;
}

void displayList(char students[][MAX_NAME_LENGTH], int size) {
    printf("Student list: [");
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        printf("%s", students[i]);
        if (i < size - 1) {
            printf(", ");
        }
    }
    printf("]\n");
}

void searchStudent(char students[][MAX_NAME_LENGTH], int size, char* name) {
    int found = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        if (strcmp(students[i], name) == 0) {
            printf("%s found at position %d\n", name, i);
            found = 1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (!found) {
        printf("%s not found\n", name);
    }
}

int main() {
    char students[MAX_STUDENTS][MAX_NAME_LENGTH];
    int size = 0;

    while (1) {
        printf("1. Create the list of students\n");
        printf("2. Insert a new student\n");
        printf("3. Delete a student\n");
        printf("4. Display student list\n");
        printf("5. Search for a student\n");
        printf("6. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
        int choice;
        scanf("%d", &choice);
    }
}
```

```
switch (choice) {
    case 1:
        createList(students, &size);
        displayList(students, size);
        break;
    case 2:
        char name[MAX_NAME_LENGTH];
        printf("Enter the student's name to insert: ");
        scanf("%s", name);
        int position;
        printf("Enter the position (0-based index) to insert the student: ");
        scanf("%d", &position);
        insertStudent(students, &size, position, name);
        displayList(students, size);
        break;
    case 3:
        char deleteMethod;
        printf("Delete by name or position? (n/p): ");
        scanf(" %c", &deleteMethod);
        if (deleteMethod == 'n') {
            char deleteName[MAX_NAME_LENGTH];
            printf("Enter the student's name to delete: ");
            scanf("%s", deleteName);
            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
                if (strcmp(students[i], deleteName) == 0) {
                    deleteStudent(students, &size, i);
                    displayList(students, size);
                    break;
                }
            }
        } else {
            int deletePosition;
            printf("Enter the position (0-based index) to delete the student: ");
            scanf("%d", &deletePosition);
            deleteStudent(students, &size, deletePosition);
            displayList(students, size);
        }
        break;
    case 4:
        displayList(students, size);
        break;
    case 5:
        char searchName[MAX_NAME_LENGTH];
        printf("Enter the student's name to search: ");
        scanf("%s", searchName);
        searchStudent(students, size, searchName);
        break;
    case 6:
        printf("Exiting the program...\n");
        return 0;
}
return 0;
```



# OUTPUT

```
1. Create the list of students
2. Insert a new student
3. Delete a student
4. Display student list
5. Search for a student
6. Exit

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the number of students: 2
Enter student name 1: zian
Enter student name 2: ritu
Student list: [zian, ritu]
1. Create the list of students
2. Insert a new student
3. Delete a student
4. Display student list
5. Search for a student
6. Exit

Enter your choice: 2
Enter the student's name to insert: bhuppi
Enter the position (0-based index) to insert the student: 2
1. Create the list of students
2. Insert a new student
3. Delete a student
4. Display student list
5. Search for a student
6. Exit

Enter your choice: 3
Delete by name or position? (n/p): n
Enter the student's name to delete: ritu
Student list: [zian, bhuppi]
1. Create the list of students
2. Insert a new student
3. Delete a student
4. Display student list
5. Search for a student
6. Exit

Enter your choice: 4
Student list: [zian, bhuppi]
1. Create the list of students
2. Insert a new student
3. Delete a student
4. Display student list
5. Search for a student
6. Exit

Enter your choice: 5
Enter the student's name to search: zian
zian found at position 0
1. Create the list of students
2. Insert a new student
3. Delete a student
4. Display student list
5. Search for a student
6. Exit

Enter your choice: 6
Exiting the program...
```