



PEMROGRAMAN BERORIENTASI OBJEK LANJUT

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Prepared By:

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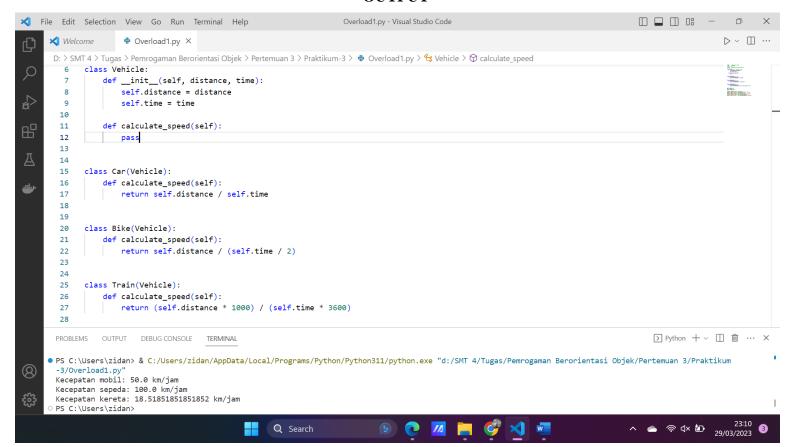
Kelas: R2

PRAKTIKUM 3

Buatlah masing-masing 2 contoh polymorphism statis (overload) dan polymorphism dinamis (overriding).

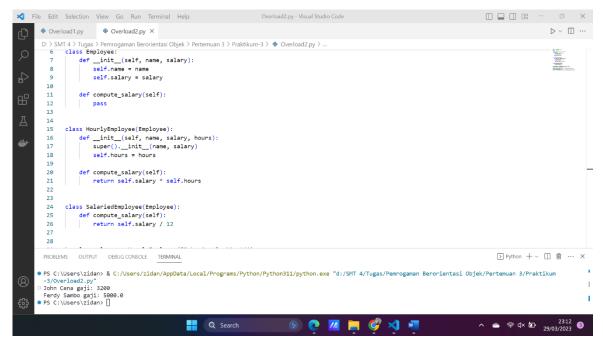
1. Overload1.py

```
class Vehicle:
   def __init__(self, distance, time):
        self.distance = distance
        self.time = time
   def calculate_speed(self):
        pass
class Car(Vehicle):
   def calculate_speed(self):
        return self.distance / self.time
class Bike(Vehicle):
   def calculate_speed(self):
        return self.distance / (self.time / 2)
class Train(Vehicle):
    def calculate_speed(self):
        return (self.distance * 1000) / (self.time * 3600)
car = Car(100, 2)
bike = Bike(50, 1)
train = Train(200, 3)
# Output: Kecepatan mobil: 50.0 km/jam
print("Kecepatan mobil:", car.calculate_speed(), "km/jam")
# Output: Kecepatan sepeda: 100.0 km/jam
print("Kecepatan sepeda:", bike.calculate_speed(), "km/jam")
# Output: Kecepatan kereta: 18.51851851851852 km/jam
print("Kecepatan kereta:", train.calculate_speed(), "km/jam")
```



2. Overload2.py

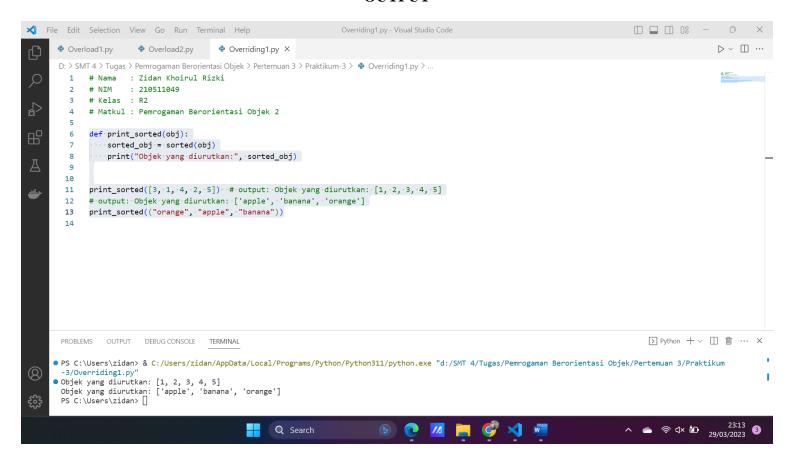
```
class Employee:
    def __init__(self, name, salary):
        self.name = name
        self.salary = salary
   def compute_salary(self):
        pass
class HourlyEmployee(Employee):
    def __init__(self, name, salary, hours):
        super().__init__(name, salary)
        self.hours = hours
   def compute salary(self):
        return self.salary * self.hours
class SalariedEmployee(Employee):
    def compute_salary(self):
        return self.salary / 12
hourly_employee = HourlyEmployee("John Cena", 20, 160)
salaried_employee = SalariedEmployee("Ferdy Sambo", 60000)
# Output: John Cena gaji: 3200
print(hourly_employee.name, "gaji:", hourly_employee.compute_salary())
# Output: Ferdy Sambo gaji: 5000.0
print(salaried_employee.name, "gaji:", salaried_employee.compute_salary())
```



3. Overriding1.py

```
def print_sorted(obj):
    sorted_obj = sorted(obj)
    print("Objek yang diurutkan:", sorted_obj)

print_sorted([3, 1, 4, 2, 5]) # output: Objek yang diurutkan: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
# output: Objek yang diurutkan: ['apple', 'banana', 'orange']
print_sorted(("orange", "apple", "banana"))
```



4. Overriding2.py

```
class Runnable:
    def run(self):
        pass
class Car(Runnable):
    def run(self):
        print("Mobil berjalan.")
class Bike(Runnable):
    def run(self):
        print("Sepeda berjalan.")
class Bus(Runnable):
    def run(self):
        print("Bus berjalan.")
def run_all(objects):
    for obj in objects:
        obj.run()
objects = [Car(), Bike(), Bus()]
run_all(objects)
```

