

# P2P File Synchronizer — Report (Test Cases & Results)

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## 1 Overview

This assignment implements a peer-to-peer file synchronizer using a centralized tracker. Each peer:

- discovers peers and file metadata from the tracker,
- downloads missing or newer files from other peers (by mtime),
- serves file requests from peers using a simple TCP protocol with a `Content-Length` header.

## 2 Environment

- OS: Windows (local testing)
- Python: 3.x
- Network: localhost (127.0.0.1)

## 3 Project Layout Used for Testing

```
Project/
  tracker.py
  run_all.bat
  fileSynchronizer.py
  Peer1/
    fileSynchronizer.py
    fileA.txt
  Peer2/
    fileSynchronizer.py
    fileB.txt
  Peer3/
    fileSynchronizer.py
    fileC.txt
```

## 4 How to Run

Tracker:

```
python tracker.py 127.0.0.1 9000
```

Peers (each started from its own folder):

```
cd Peer1 && python fileSynchronizer.py 127.0.0.1 9000  
cd Peer2 && python fileSynchronizer.py 127.0.0.1 9000  
cd Peer3 && python fileSynchronizer.py 127.0.0.1 9000
```

(Optional) Batch script:

```
run_all.bat
```

## 5 Protocol Summary

### 5.1 Peer → Tracker

Messages are newline-terminated JSON.

- Init (once): {"port": <p>, "files": [{"name":..., "mtime":...}, ...]}
- KeepAlive (periodic): {"port": <p>}

### 5.2 Peer ↔ Peer

Requester sends:

```
<filename>\n
```

Server responds:

```
Content-Length: <size>\n<raw file bytes>
```

## 6 Test Cases and Results

### 6.1 TC0: get\_file\_info() Filtering Rules

**Goal:** Verify only valid files in the local directory are included, and filtering matches the rules.

**Setup:** In Peer1/ create:

- fileA.txt
- junk.dll, junk.so, temp.py
- subfolder sub/ containing subfile.txt

**Steps:**

1. Start Peer1 and observe what it advertises (via tracker directory response content).

**Expected:**

- Only fileA.txt is included.
- No subfolder files appear.
- mtime values are integers.

**Observed:** Only fileA.txt appeared in the directory listing; ignored .py/.dll/.so and subfolder.

**Result:** PASS.

## 6.2 TC1: get\_next\_available\_port() / Bind Success

**Goal:** Verify each peer binds to an available port (no collisions).

**Steps:**

1. Start tracker on 127.0.0.1:9000.
2. Start Peer1, Peer2, Peer3.

**Expected:** Each peer prints Waiting for connections on port <p> with distinct ports.

**Observed:** Peers bound successfully to ports (e.g., 8000, 8001, 8002) without errors.

**Result:** PASS.

## 6.3 TC2: Tracker Registration & Directory Aggregation

**Goal:** Verify peers register to the tracker and the tracker directory contains all files.

**Steps:**

1. Initial state: Peer1 has fileA.txt, Peer2 has fileB.txt, Peer3 has fileC.txt.
2. Start tracker and peers.

**Expected:** Tracker accepts connections and peers receive a directory JSON containing A/B/C with (ip, port, mtime).

**Observed:** Tracker logged 3 client connections and peers received directory responses including fileA.txt, fileB.txt, and fileC.txt.

**Result:** PASS.

## 6.4 TC3: Missing File Download (Convergence)

**Goal:** Verify peers download missing files and all peers converge to the same set.

**Steps:**

1. Ensure Peer1 has only fileA.txt, Peer2 only fileB.txt, Peer3 only fileC.txt.
2. Start tracker and peers; wait for 1–2 sync cycles.

**Expected:** Each peer downloads the missing files and ends with A/B/C.

**Observed:** After running, Peer1/Peer2/Peer3 all contained fileA.txt, fileB.txt, fileC.txt.

**Result:** PASS.

## 6.5 TC4: Newer Version Wins (mtime Update)

**Goal:** Verify a newer file version propagates based on modification time.

**Steps:**

1. Edit Peer2/fileB.txt (append a line) and save.
2. Wait 1–2 sync cycles.
3. Compare Peer1/fileB.txt and Peer3/fileB.txt content to Peer2.

**Expected:** Peer1 and Peer3 fetch the updated fileB.txt and match Peer2. File mtime becomes the newer value.

**Observed:** Updated fileB.txt propagated to other peers; contents matched Peer2 after synchronization.

**Result:** PASS.

## 6.6 TC5: Peer Serving Protocol (Content-Length Correctness)

**Goal:** Verify file transfers use the correct Content-Length and exact bytes.

**Steps:**

1. Delete `Peer1/fileC.txt`.
2. Wait for sync so Peer1 fetches `fileC.txt` from Peer3.
3. Verify the downloaded file size matches the source and the content is identical.

**Expected:** Peer1 receives Content-Length: <size> and writes exactly that many bytes.

**Observed:** Downloaded `fileC.txt` matched the source content and size.

**Result:** PASS.

## 6.7 TC6: Failure Handling (Peer Down / Discard Partial)

**Goal:** Verify that failed downloads do not leave partial files and synchronization continues.

**Steps:**

1. Start tracker and all peers; confirm all have A/B/C.
2. Stop Peer3 process (simulate a peer crash).
3. Delete `Peer1/fileC.txt`.
4. Wait 1–2 sync cycles.
5. Check Peer1 directory for any leftover `fileC.txt.part`.
6. Restart Peer3 and wait for sync again.

**Expected:**

- When Peer3 is down, Peer1 cannot download `fileC.txt`.
- No partial file (`.part`) remains after a failed transfer.
- After Peer3 restarts, Peer1 successfully downloads `fileC.txt`.

**Observed:** With Peer3 stopped, `fileC.txt` was not retrieved and no `.part` file remained.

After restarting Peer3, Peer1 downloaded `fileC.txt` successfully.

**Result:** PASS.

## 7 Results Summary

Test Case	Result
TC0: get_file_info() filtering	PASS
TC1: port selection / bind	PASS
TC2: tracker registration + directory	PASS
TC3: missing file download	PASS
TC4: mtime update propagation	PASS
TC5: Content-Length correctness	PASS
TC6: failure handling / discard partial	PASS

## 8 Conclusion

The implementation was validated with tests covering file filtering, port selection, tracker interaction, peer file serving, synchronization convergence, update propagation by mtime, and basic failure handling.