Problem Statement and Goals RoCam

Team #3, SpaceY
Zifan Si
Jianqing Liu
Mike Chen
Xiaotian Lou

Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
Sept. 8, 2025 Sept. 9, 2025	• 0	Initial Draft Details Elaboration
	•••	

1 Problem Statement

[You should check your problem statement with the problem statement checklist. —SS]

[You can change the section headings, as long as you include the required information. —SS]

1.1 Problem

In model rocketry, staging fails and parachute tangling has been the hardest engineering problems to solve due to difficulties to observe what actually happens when the rocket is in the air.

Model rockets fly extremely fast and high, some exceeding mach 3 and reach an altitude over 100km (TODO: citation here). This makes manual camera tracking basically impossible.

Tracing a small model rocket can be more challenging than big rockets like the Falcon 9, because the launch pad environment is more unpredictable and the target is smaller, which makes it harder to identify and track.

Some commercial tracking camera solutions exist (TODO: citation here), but they do not have the performance and accuracy required to track a small and fast accelerating model rocket.

This project aims to develop a production-ready software stack for the tracking camera with a modular interface for the gimbal mechanism.

1.2 Inputs and Outputs

• Inputs

- Visual data of a fast-moving object in flight
- Basic system state information for tracking

• Outputs

- Camera orientation adjustments to maintain object lock
- Stabilized video stream with the object centered in frame
- User interface for monitoring and control

1.3 Stakeholders

Direct Stakeholders

- 1. Capstone Development Team: Designs, implements, and validates the vision-guided tracking system. They are responsible for delivering a production-ready, reliable, and well-documented solution that meets course and project requirements.
- 2. McMaster Rocketry Team: The primary end users who will deploy the system during launches. They depend on accurate real-time tracking to analyze staging, parachute deployment, and overall flight performance.
- Dr. Shahin Sirouspour (Supervisor): Provides technical guidance, project oversight, and mentorship. Ensures the project aligns with academic standards, engineering best practices, and capstone deliverable expectations.

Indirect Stakeholders

- 1. **Aerospace Engineers and Researchers**: Benefit from high-quality flight footage to validate models, improve rocket designs, and support experimental research.
- 2. Event Organizers and Safety Officers: Rely on reliable tracking for live monitoring of rocket flights, particularly for confirming parachute deployment and safe recovery during launch events.
- 3. Engineering and Robotics Community: May adapt the system's design principles for other domains requiring precise tracking of fast-moving objects, such as UAV navigation, sports analytics, or autonomous robotics.

4. **Potential Commercial and Industrial Users**: Could adopt the system for broader applications in surveillance, wildlife monitoring, or industrial inspections where real-time vision-guided tracking is valuable.

1.4 Environment

Development Frameworks and Tools:

- 1. GitLab will be used for version control, project management, and CI/CD pipelines to automate testing and deployment.
- 2. Visual Studio Code will serve as the primary IDE for software development across the embedded system, computer vision pipeline, and web application components.
- 3. GitHub Actions (or GitLab CI) will provide automated unit/integration testing and continuous integration workflows for reliable code validation.
- 4. NVIDIA Jetson Orin Nano SDK will be used for computer vision model execution, GPU acceleration, and performance optimization.
- 5. STM32 Development Tools (STM32CubeIDE, OpenOCD, or equivalent) will support programming and debugging of the embedded gimbal motion controller.

1.5 Gimbal

An off-the-shelf cheap gimbal is used.

A custom developed PCB is used to adapt the gimbal to the Jetson.

1.6 Computer Vision

Nvidia Jetson Orin Nano Super

1.7 Web Management Portal

Runs on any recent web browser

2 Goals

Track small-scale rocket launches (apogee; 200m)

3 Stretch Goals

connected to a full-size gimbal developed by the McMaster Rocketry Team to track high-powered rocket launches (apogee 3km+)

4 Extras

[Teams may wish to include extras as either potential bonus grades, or to make up for a less advanced challenge level. Potential extras include usability testing, code walkthroughs, user documentation, formal proof, GenderMag personas, Design Thinking, etc. Normally the maximum number of extras will be two. Approval of the extras will be part of the discussion with the instructor for approving the project. The extras, with the approval (or request) of the instructor, can be modified over the course of the term. —SS]

4.1 Circuit Design

4.2 TODO: Extra 2

Appendix — Reflection

[Not required for CAS 741—SS]

The purpose of reflection questions is to give you a chance to assess your own learning and that of your group as a whole, and to find ways to improve in the future. Reflection is an important part of the learning process. Reflection is also an essential component of a successful software development process.

Reflections are most interesting and useful when they're honest, even if the stories they tell are imperfect. You will be marked based on your depth of thought and analysis, and not based on the content of the reflections themselves. Thus, for full marks we encourage you to answer openly and honestly and to avoid simply writing "what you think the evaluator wants to hear."

Please answer the following questions. Some questions can be answered on the team level, but where appropriate, each team member should write their own response:

- 1. What went well while writing this deliverable?
- 2. What pain points did you experience during this deliverable, and how did you resolve them?
- 3. How did you and your team adjust the scope of your goals to ensure they are suitable for a Capstone project (not overly ambitious but also of appropriate complexity for a senior design project)?