**机密★考试结束前**

**2024年云南省初中学业水平考试**

**英语 试题卷**

**(全卷三个部分, 共8页; 满分70分, 考试用时120分钟)**

**注意事项:**

**1. 本卷为试题卷。考生必须在答题卡上解题作答。答案应书写在答题卡的相应位置上, 在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。**

**2. 考试结束后, 请将试题卷和答题卡一并交回。**

**第一部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分20分)**

**第一节 单项填空 (共10小题; 每小题1分, 满分10分)**

**从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。**

1. —Maria, you should believe in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. That’s the secret of success.

—OK, I will.

A. myself B. yourself C. herself D. himself

2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Spring Festival, lanterns can be seen almost everywhere in my hometown.

A. Τo B. Above C. Between D. During

3. —Whose dictionary is this?

—It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be Sarah’s. Look! Her name is on it.

A. must B. need C. mustn’t D. needn’t

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ meaningful day! We volunteered to clean up our city park.

A. How B. What C. What a D. What an

5. The students worked in groups to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the difficult problem in the math class.

A. work out B. turn down C. cut off D. worry about

6. —Which kind of movies do you prefer, action movies or comedies?

—I like action movies \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. well B. better C. the better D. the best

7. —Helen, I didn’t see you in the classroom at five yesterday afternoon.

—Oh, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ singing for the graduation ceremony at that time.

A. will practice B. have practiced C. am practicing D. was practicing

8. Chinese \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by more and more people in the world these days.

A. speak B. spoke C. is spoken D. was spoken

9. Our headmaster will invite a scientist \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us a speech on space technology.

A. give B. given C. giving D. to give

10 —Can you tell me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—Sure. I usually give some books to a village library.

A. when World Book Day is B. when is World Book Day

C. how you celebrate World Book Day D. how do you celebrate World Book Day

**第二节完形填空 (共10小题; 每小题1分, 满分10分)**

从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。

In a small village, there lived a young boy named Ravi. He was always glad to lend a helping hand.

One day, he saw a wounded \_\_\_11\_\_\_ lying on the ground with a broken wing (翅膀). It was unable to \_\_\_12\_\_\_. Filled with worry, Ravi picked up the bird and carefully bandaged (包扎) up its wing. He provided food and water \_\_\_13\_\_\_ it. Days turned into weeks, and the bird became better and better. It was \_\_\_14\_\_\_ ready to fly again.

As Ravi watched the bird flying higher and higher in the \_\_\_15\_\_\_, he felt a deep sense of happiness and realized he could have a great influence on the lives of others. So he began to do a lot, including feeding homeless animals and visiting \_\_\_16\_\_\_ people. His kindness spread throughout the village, encouraging people to follow his example.

Years passed, and Ravi \_\_\_17\_\_\_ to be a beloved (深受喜爱的) member of the community. His simple deeds (行为) \_\_\_18\_\_\_ the village into a place full of love and care.

Our acts, no matter how \_\_\_19\_\_\_, can make a difference. \_\_\_20\_\_\_ kindness is spread around, we will have the power to create a better world.

11 A. ant B. bee C. bird D. butterfly

12. A. see B. fly C. eat D. drink

13. A. for B. by C. from D. about

14. A. widely B. hardly C. strangely D. happily

15. A. sky B. lake C. box D. house

16. A. rich B. sick C. strict D. wise

17. A. got up B. gave up C. grew up D. woke up

18. A. cut B. divided C. poured D. changed

19. A. brave B. small C. terrible D. dangerous

20. A. If B. Before C. Unless D. Although

**第二部分阅读理解 (共三节,满分30分)**

**第一节 (共5小题:每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)**

根据短文内容，判断正误 (正确“T”，错误“F”) 。

Everyone should be proud of who they are. What makes you who you are? Part of who you are comes from the past. It comes from the culture of your parents, grandparents, and people before them. It comes from the art you see, the stories and music you hear, and the traditions you share.

Traditional Chinese painting is one of the oldest art forms in the world. It usually shows the painters’ love for nature and life. It mainly includes three kinds: landscapes (山水), flowers and birds, figures. Landscape painting is seen as the highest form of Chinese painting.

Traditional Chinese folk stories are part of our history. They usually carry some information about Chinese beliefs (信念) and traditions. Many traditional folk stories such as Yu Gong Moves the Mountains, Hou Yi Shoots the Suns, Chang’e Flies to the Moon, are passed down from one generation to the next. People tell these stories to teach, to remember and just to pass time.

Traditional Chinese music is a treasure of the Chinese nation. It is a medium (媒介) for the ancient people to express their feelings, experiences and thoughts and is still much loved by people so far.

Dragon boats have a history of more than 2,000 years. Dragon boat racing is a popular tradition in China. Racers must work together to win. Today dragon boat racing has become a modern world sport.

21. People regard the painting of flowers and birds as the highest form of Chinese painting.

22. Traditional Chinese folk stories can give us some information about Chinese beliefs and traditions.

23. The ancient Chinese can express their feelings, experiences and thoughts through traditional Chinese music.

24. Teamwork is very important in a dragon boat racing.

25. The passage mainly talks about traditional Chinese festivals.

**第二节 (共15小题:每小题1分,满分15分)**

**根据短文内容, 从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项**

**A**

|  |
| --- |
| Monet’s Gardens  Follow in Monet’s footsteps and enjoy yourselves in Monet’s Gardens. Here is some useful information about planning a visit to Monet’s Gardens.  **Online ticketing**  Tickets can be bought online. Sale starts from Sunday, May 12th, 2024.  **Opening times**  Monet’s Gardens are open every day from March 29th, 2024 to November 1st, 2024, from 9:30 am to 6:00 pm. The latest entry (进入) is 5:30 pm.  **Prices**  •Adults: €11  •Children over 7 and students: €6.50  •Children under 7: free  **Safety**  •Pets are not allowed.  •Picnic, painting, and drawing are not allowed.  •Bags over the size of 55cmx35cmx20cm are not allowed.  学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材以及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ |

26. When can people begin to buy tickets to Monet’s Gardens online?

A. On May 1st, 2024. B. On May 12th, 2024.

C. On March 29th, 2024. D. On November 1st, 2024.

27. How many hours are Monet’s Gardens open every day?

A. 6.5 hours. B. 7.5 hours. C. 8.5 hours. D. 9.5 hours.

28. If Mr. Lee and Mrs. Lee with their 6-year-old son visit Monet’s Gardens, how much should they pay?

A. €11. B. €17.50. C. €22. D. €28.50.

29. Which of the following is TRUE according to the text?

A. You can take pets into Monet’s Gardens.

B. You can’t have a picnic in Monet’s Gardens.

C. You can take a bag over the size of 55cm×35cm×20cm.

D. You can’t enter Monet’s Gardens at 5:00 pm on opening days.

30. What is the main purpose of the text?

A To list the reasons for visiting Monet’s Gardens.

B. To introduce different activities in Monet’s Gardens.

C. To compare different prices of visiting Monet’s Gardens.

D. To give some information about visiting Monet’s Gardens.

**B**

Liu Lingli has been a teacher for hearing-impaired (听力受损的) children for 33 years. Her first communication with hearing-impaired people was with her neighbor, Mrs. Wang. One day, when Liu was playing in her house, Wang used sign language (手语) to communicate with her. But Liu couldn’t understand. Wang’s husband told Liu that Mrs. Wang wanted to make her a scarf.

“I was moved by her kindness, and thought it would be great if she could speak,” Liu said, “so I decided to become a teacher for hearing-impaired students.”

At first, Liu almost gave up because of difficulties. She then thought about her neighbor and the pain on her face when she could not make people understand what she was trying to say. That made Liu stick to her dream of being a “special education” teacher and she succeeded.

Although she was only 18 at that time, she regarded the students as her children. Every day, she spent much time teaching them to speak. One of her students, Jiang Yan, said Liu would show over 100 times how to speak just one word. She also taught the students how to wash their face and clothes, and clip their nails (剪指甲).

Liu Lingli put lots of efforts to help them live better, too. With her help and encouragement, another student Liu Hanxiang could communicate normally with others. Liu Hanxiang learned dancing and is a member of an art group now.

Thanks to Liu’s devotion (奉献), more than 20 students have received higher education. “Whenever they tried to say ‘mom’ or ‘dad’ for the first time, I felt it was the sweetest sound in the world,” Liu Lingli said.

31. Why did Liu Lingli decide to become a teacher of “special education”?

A. Because she was interested in sign language.

B. Because she wanted to be a successful teacher.

C. Because she was moved by her neighbor’s kindness.

D. Because she wanted to help Wang’s husband to speak.

32. What did Liu Lingli teach her students to do according to paragraph 4?

a. Speak. b. Learn art. c. Clip nails. d. Wash face and clothes.

A. a, b, c B. a, b, d C. b, c, d D. a, c, d

33. What can we know from the text?

A. Jiang Yan dances well and is a member of an art group now.

B. Liu Hanxiang advised Liu Lingli to communicate with others.

C. Liu Lingli makes great efforts to help her students to live better.

D. Less than 20 of Liu Lingli’s students have got higher education.

34. Which of the following words can best describe Liu Lingli?

A. Devoted. B. Honest. C. Quiet. D. Lucky.

35. In which part of a newspaper can you probably read the text?

A. People. B. Science. C. Sports. D. Travel.

**C**

All around the world, buildings are going green! People are making green buildings. What does it mean to go green or to make a green building? A green building is designed (设计) in a way that is not harmful to the environment. The building uses energy, water, and other materials in ways that are good for the environment.

When planning green buildings, architects (建筑师) must think about how to use energy, water, and materials in an environment-friendly way. There are many ways to save energy. Architects can design buildings to use natural light. Buildings can also be made with solar or wind power to get energy from the sun or the wind. To save water, green buildings can have areas on the roofs to collect rainwater. Kitchens and bathrooms can have sinks (洗池) and toilets (马桶) that **conserve** water. As for the materials used to build the building, it is important to use materials that do not have chemicals that are harmful to the air or water. Recycled materials can also be used for buildings.

Buildings around the world use all three of these ways to go green. An office building called CH2 in Melbourne, Australia, uses wind and solar power. A cultural center in London, England, is made from recycled train cars and is powered by solar and wind power. The Academy of Sciences building in California in the U.S. has recycled materials, solar energy, and a huge “living roof” of plants. A temple in Thailand is made out of one million recycled glass bottles! This is a good use of recycled material, and it also lets natural light into the temple.

More and more green buildings are being built and they are making the world a better place!

36. What do we know about a green building?

A. It is usually painted green outside. B. It uses more materials than other buildings.

C. It is designed by famous architects. D. It is built in an environment-friendly way.

37. Why do architects design buildings to use natural light?

A. To save energy. B. To save materials.

C. To protect the plants. D. To protect the buildings.

38. What does the underlined word “conserve” in paragraph 2 probably mean?

A. Save. B. Boil. C. Clean. D. Produce.

39. How does the writer support the main idea of paragraph 3?

A. By asking questions. B. By giving examples.

C. By listing numbers. D. By explaining reasons.

40. What can be the best title for the text?

A Designing Buildings B. Going Green

C. Recycling Materials D. Using Energy

**第三节 (共5小题: 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)**

根据短文内容，从短文后所给的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

You may be too busy to notice the wonderful world where you live. Taking time to know your own town or city can help you see it in a new light. With the warm weather outside, now is a good time to go exploring (探索) with a trusted adult. \_\_\_41\_\_\_

◆Act like a tourist.

Many times, when you live in a place, you never really explore some of the most exciting parts that a visitor might. Start by asking yourself this question: \_\_\_42\_\_\_ Maybe you can visit a historic building, a nice park, or a new ice cream store.

◆Consider local attractions (景点).

First, do some research online and talk to an adult about where to go. \_\_\_43\_\_\_ A local museum or zoo might have a new exhibit. You might also head to a national park for a hike.

◆ \_\_\_44\_\_\_

With an adult’s guide, look up walking tours for a whole new way to explore your city. Some cities offer walking tours focused on a theme, like food or local parks. You can also search for free self-guided walking tours in your area.

◆Take a photography (摄影) walk

\_\_\_45\_\_\_ Pick a theme for your photos, like special dishes, local waterways, or lovely birds. And at the end of the day, you can look back on all your explorations.

A. Find out a guided tour.

B. Here is how to get started.

C. Go bike riding in a local park.

D. Then try to think about which place is the best to explore.

E. If I have never been to the town before, when is the best time to explore?

F. If my friends came to town for the first time, where would I advise them to go?

G. Another way to see where you live with fresh eyes is to go exploring with your camera.

**第三部分 写作 (共三节, 满分20分)**

**第一节 (共5小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分)**

**根据句意, 用括号中所给词的适当形式填空。**

46. David is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at a car factory. He loves his job. (work)

47. It is sunny and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ today. Let’s go outside and fly kites. (wind)

48. Nie Er is a great musician in China. We all take pride in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (he)

49. I like traveling because I can meet some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people and things along the way. (interest)

50. China’s Beidou system has developed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and it plays an important role in many fields. (quick)

**第二节 (共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)**

**将下列句子中汉语部分译成英语, 注意使用适当的形式。**

51. As a family member, we should share housework \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (在家)

52. The bus was so crowded that they had to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the next one. (等待)

53. I want to be an astronaut and I hope my dream will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the future. (实现)

54. Knowing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the first step to make friends. (互相)

55. Lisa joined an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to improve her speaking skills. (英语俱乐部)

**第三节 书面表达 (满分10分)**

56. 你校校刊英语专栏正在开展以“Getting Close to Nature”为题的征文活动。请你用英语写一篇短文，向专栏投稿，叙述一次你接近自然的经历及感悟（如郊游、研学、劳动实践等），或谈谈接近自然的好处。

要求：

1. 根据所给题目，写一篇短文，词数不少于80；

2. 语言流畅、书写规范、卷面整洁；

3. 文中不得使用真实姓名、校名，否则以零分计。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**机密★考试结束前**

**2024年云南省初中学业水平考试**

**英语 试题卷**

**(全卷三个部分, 共8页; 满分70分, 考试用时120分钟)**

**注意事项:**

**1. 本卷为试题卷。考生必须在答题卡上解题作答。答案应书写在答题卡的相应位置上, 在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。**

**2. 考试结束后, 请将试题卷和答题卡一并交回。**

**第一部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分20分)**

**第一节 单项填空 (共10小题; 每小题1分, 满分10分)**

**从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。**

【1题答案】

【答案】B

【2题答案】

【答案】D

【3题答案】

【答案】A

【4题答案】

【答案】C

【5题答案】

【答案】A

【6题答案】

【答案】B

【7题答案】

【答案】D

【8题答案】

【答案】C

【9题答案】

【答案】D

【10题答案】

【答案】C

**第二节完形填空 (共10小题; 每小题1分, 满分10分)**

【11~20题答案】

【答案】11. C 12. B 13. A 14. D 15. A 16. B 17. C 18. D 19. B 20. A

**第二部分阅读理解 (共三节,满分30分)**

**第一节 (共5小题:每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)**

【21~25题答案】

【答案】21. F 22. T 23. T 24. T 25. F

**第二节 (共15小题:每小题1分,满分15分)**

**根据短文内容, 从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项**

**A**

【26~30题答案】

【答案】26. B 27. C 28. C 29. B 30. D

**B**

【31~35题答案】

【答案】31. C 32. D 33. C 34. A 35. A

**C**

【36~40题答案】

【答案】36. D 37. A 38. A 39. B 40. B

**第三节 (共5小题: 每小题1.5分, 满分7.5分)**

【41~45题答案】

【答案】41. B 42. F 43. D 44. A 45. G

**第三部分 写作 (共三节, 满分20分)**

**第一节 (共5小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分)**

**根据句意, 用括号中所给词的适当形式填空。**

【46题答案】

【答案】worker

【47题答案】

【答案】windy

【48题答案】

【答案】him

【49题答案】

【答案】interesting

【50题答案】

【答案】quickly

**第二节 (共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分)**

**将下列句子中汉语部分译成英语, 注意使用适当的形式。**

【51题答案】

【答案】at home

【52题答案】

【答案】wait for

【53题答案】

【答案】come true

【54题答案】

【答案】each other

【55题答案】

【答案】English club

**第三节 书面表达 (满分10分)**

【56题答案】

【答案】例文

Getting Close to Nature

Nature is the greatest gift of God to human beings. It is the source of our life and the most beautiful scenery in the world. It is very important for us to get close to nature.

First of all, getting close to nature can help us to relax. Second, getting close to nature can help us to build a healthy lifestyle. Finally, getting close to nature can help us to appreciate the beauty of nature.

In conclusion, getting close to nature is very important for us. We should take some time to enjoy the beauty of nature and protect the environment.