

DEMYSTIFYING PYTHON PACKAGE INSTALLATION WITH CONDA-ENV-MOD

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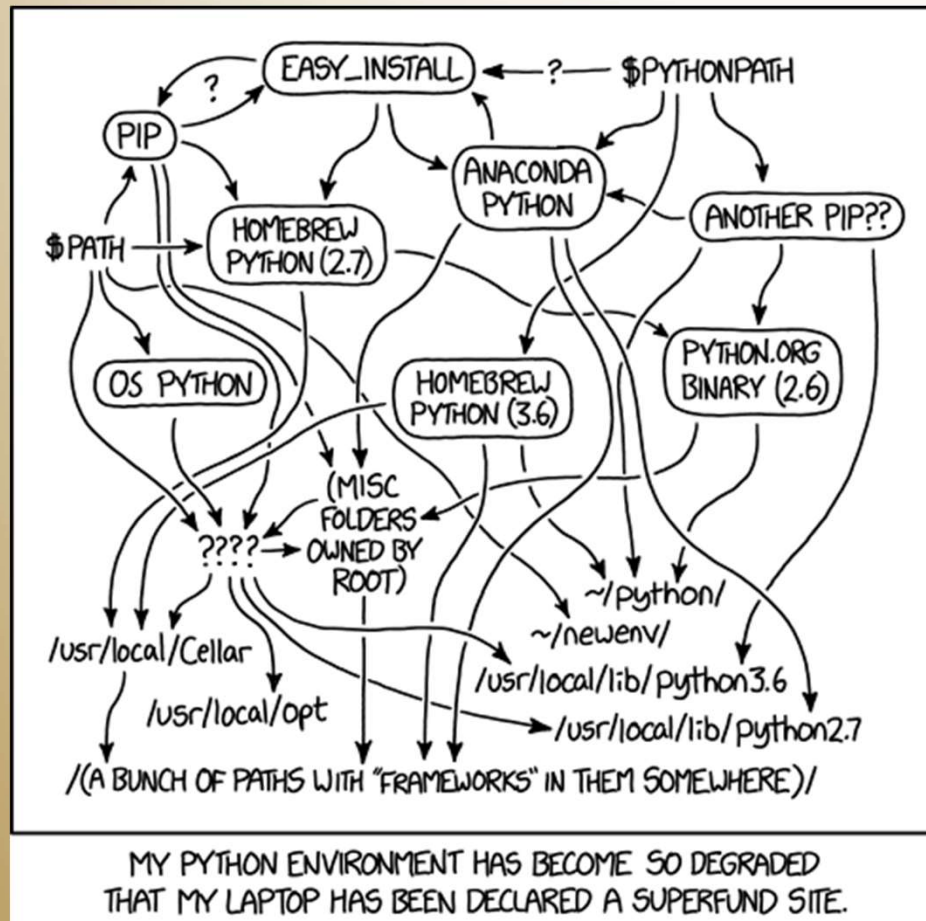
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CONTENTS

- Fun with Python
- Challenges for installing Python packages
- Contributions
- `conda-env-mod`
- Success stories
- Evaluation
- Demo
- Questions

FUN WITH PYTHON



Source: <https://xkcd.com/1987/>

MOTIVATION

- Growing use of Python in HPC
 - Deep Learning, Bioinformatics, Data Science, ...
- Challenges for installing Python packages on HPC clusters
 - Insufficient permission
 - Mismatched dependencies for various packages
 - Refer to Slide 3 for a ~~clear~~ picture.
 - Poor documentation

TYPICAL APPROACHES

- Install in user mode (`pip install --user`)
 - May not work when shared across clusters
 - May break Jupyter kernels
- Use VirtualEnv
- Use Conda environments
- Shortcomings
 - `source activate myenv` does not work in `tcsh`
 - `conda init` inserts code in `~/.bashrc`
 - `conda deactivate` can corrupt your environment
 - Does not allow activating multiple environments (VirtualEnv, Conda)

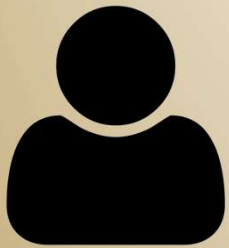
MORE CHALLENGES

- How can I share my Python environment with a colleague
 - How can I use my environment in JupyterHub
 - How can I upgrade a single package without breaking the environment
-
- Managing and using virtual environments become too daunting for novice users

CONTRIBUTIONS

- Simplify and streamline installation of Python packages
 - **Simplify** management of virtual environments
 - **Non-interference** with existing packages
 - **Flexible** activation
- Empower interactive Python users

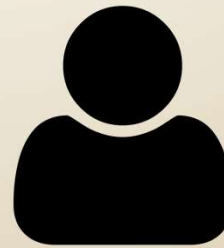
CONDA-ENV-MOD: INSTALL PYTHON PACKAGES



create myenv



- conda create
- create module
- create kernel



module load



- pip install
- conda install

CONTRIBUTIONS

- Jupyter Kernels
 - conda-env-mod installs required packages
 - Generates a Kernel specification file
- Standalone module generation
- Standalone kernel generation

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- Module file location
- Python version
 - Matched with the base Anaconda
- Which Python to use
 - Base vs. environment

SUCCESS STORIES

- Deep Learning package installation

- 9 applications (multiple versions)
- 2 Python versions
- CPU and GPU version



- Shared Python environment for teaching

- Instructor uses conda-env-mod to install packages
- Students load modules and Jupyter Kernels
- 12+ course, 1500+ students (since Fall 2019)
- Data Science, Atmospheric Science, Molecular Chemistry, Library Science

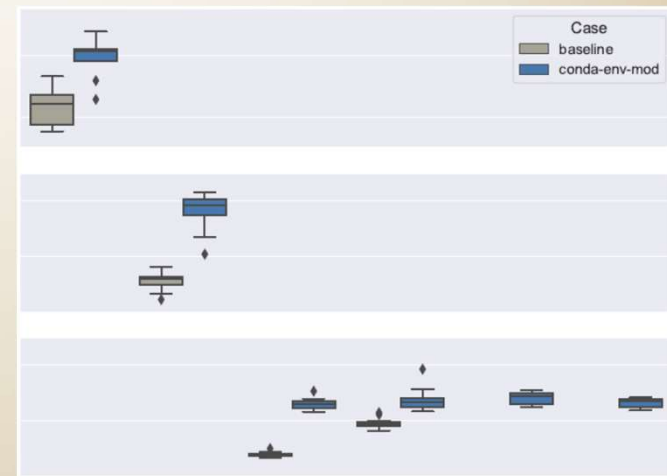


- Shared Python environment for research groups

- New feature requests

EVALUATIONS

- Overhead for `conda-env-mod`
 - One time cost
 - More details in paper
- Usage (June-Aug 2020)
 - 40379 module loads
 - 178 unique modules (environments)
 - **161 unique users**
- Deep Learning modules usage (June-Aug 2020)
 - 34109 module loads
 - 54 unique modules
 - **64 unique users**



CONCLUSION

- `conda-env-mod` simplifies Python package installation and use
 - Offload *management of virtual environments*
- Help interactive Python use
 - JupyterHub
 - Open OnDemand
- Download
 - `https://github.com/amaji/conda-env-mod`

QUESTIONS

INSTALL CARTOPY FOR YOUR RESEARCH GROUP

- **Motivations**
 - Share a single lab-wide installation
 - Installations in `$HOME` consume space
- `conda-env-mod create -p /depot/mylab/apps/cartopy -m /depot/mylab/etc/modules --local-python`
- **Load the modules**
- `conda install cartopy`
- `conda list`
- `which python`
- **Run example codes**